Searching for the baryon-tomeson transition region with the MPD at NICA

Rodrigo Guzmán Castro MexNICA Collaboration

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Instituto de Ciencias Nucleares UNAM

NICA Complex



Study a variety of ion collisions, in the range $\sqrt{s_{_{NN}}} = 4$ to 11 GeV

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Time Projection Chamber (TPC)



- 90% Ar + 10% CH₄
 - |η|<1.2
 - P_T>100 MeV/c
- Two-track resolution ~ 1 cm

Time Of Flight system (TOF)



90% C₂H₂F₄ + 5% SF₆ + 5% i-C₄H₁₀

• |η|<2

- $0.1 < P_T < 2 \text{ GeV/c}$
- Time resolution \sim 50 ps

Particle identification



¹M. Allison and H. Cobb, An. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. **30** (1980) 253-296.

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Motivation



In the framework of the statistical model, a rapid change is expected as the hadronic gas undergoes a transition from a baryondominated to a meson-dominance.²

The maximum in the K⁺/ π^+ ratio is predicted in this model which corresponds to this transition region.²

²J. Cleymans *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **615** (2005) 50-54.

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Data sample analyzed

Data sets generated with UrQMD 3.4v:

1) Au+Au collisions at 7.7 GeV Reconstruction: Geant3 & 0.5 Tesla

2) Au+Au collisions at 11.5 GeV Reconstruction: Geant3 & 0.5 Tesla

3) Bi+Bi collisions at 9.2 GeV Reconstruction: Geant4 & 0.5 Tesla

Reconstruction efficiency

Au+Au collisions



³V. Abgaryan et al. [MPD Collaboration], Eur. Phys. J. A 58, 140 (2022).

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Centrality for Au+Au at 11.5 GeV

Reconstructed multiplicity



Transverse momentum distributions Monte Carlo (MC) vs. reconstruction





Integrated yields ratio (rec./MC) (0.4 - 2 GeV/c) $\pi^{+} \sim 0.66$ $K^{+} \sim 0.58$

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Transverse momentum distributions Monte Carlo (MC) vs. reconstruction



Integrated yields ratio (rec./MC)

(0.4 – 2 GeV/c)

- π⁺ ~ 0.66
- K⁺ ~ 0.57

K⁺/π⁺ ~ 0.21
(0.4 - 2 GeV/c)

Transverse momentum per centrality

Au+Au (MC)

• 7.7 GeV





The distributions for the negative pions are similar

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Crossing point between π⁺ and p⁺



Distributions cross ~0.85 GeV/c for 11.5 GeV and ~0.65 GeV/c for 7.7 GeV

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Crossing point at different centralities



• 7.7 GeV





Crossing point at $p_T \sim 0.65$ and $p_T \sim 0.75$ GeV/c for the most central and peripherial (7.7 GeV), at $p_T \sim 0.85$ and $p_T \sim 1.05$ GeV/c for the most central and peripherial (11.5 GeV)

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Transverse momentum distributions Monte Carlo (MC) vs. reconstruction



Integrated yields ratio (rec./MC) (0.4 – 2 GeV/c)

- π⁺ ~ 0.72
- K⁺~ 0.64

K⁺/π⁺ ~ 0.23
(0.4 - 2 GeV/c)

Crossing point at different centralities

Bi+Bi 9.2 GeV (|y|<0.5), MC



Distributions cross at $p_T \sim 0.55$ GeV/c for the most central and $p_T \sim 0.65$ GeV/c for the most peripherial

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Conclusions

For collisions Au+Au at 7.7 and 11.5 GeV & Bi+Bi at 9.2 GeV, generated by UrQMD and reconstructed in the MPD framework:

- a) By measuring the particle integrated yields, we can study the baryon-to-meson dominated transition region.
- b) We showed the evolution of the crossing point for pions and protons as a function of the energy and centrality classes for Au+Au and Bi+Bi.

Studies of flow and production mechanisms, together with the freeze-out parameters, are needed to better characterize the transition region from meson-to-baryon dominance. Work in progress.



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Transverse momentum for π^{-}





Transverse momentum for π^{-}

Au+Au 11.5 GeV



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Transverse momentum for K⁻



Transverse momentum for K⁻



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Transverse momentum for p⁻



Transverse momentum for p⁻



