



# Measurement of the Higgs boson properties using the ATLAS detector

Chiara Arcangeletti

on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

5<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Particle Physics and Astrophysics

6<sup>th</sup> October 2020

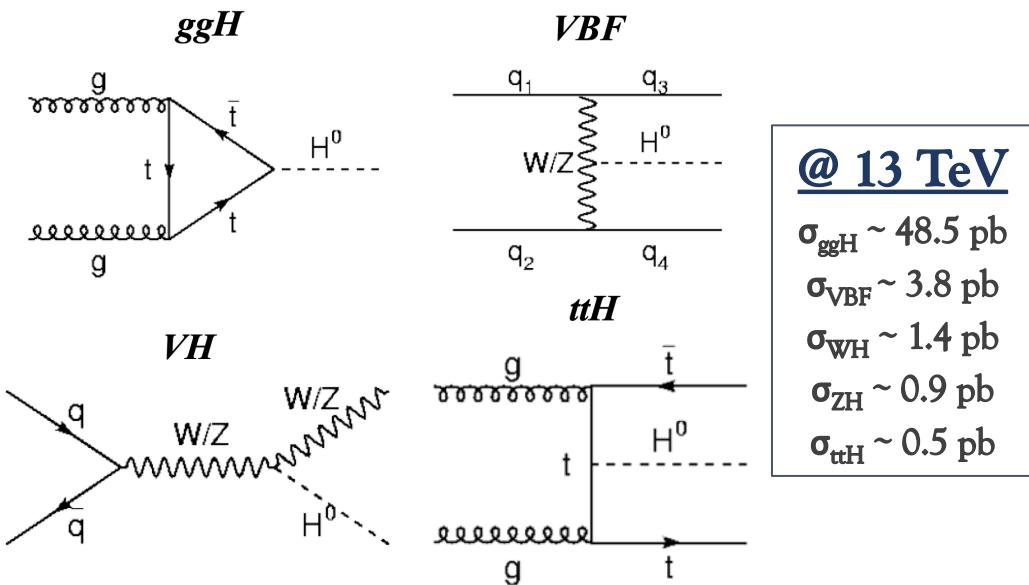
# Outline

- The Higgs Boson at LHC
- Run2: Higgs boson properties
  - Mass, Spin – CP and Width
  - Differential Cross Section
  - Production Cross Section in the most sensitive decay channels  
→ Combined measurements
  - Interpretation of the results in different framework

# The Higgs Boson @ LHC

## Production mechanisms

- Gluon – Gluon Fusion (ggF)
- Vector Boson Fusion (VBF)
- Associated production with a vector boson (VH)
- Associated production with a top quark pair (ttH)



## Decay Channels

- $H \rightarrow ZZ$ : low BR, very good signal – background ratio, high mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow WW$ : high BR, low mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : low BR, large background, high mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow bb$  and  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : high BR, large background, low mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$  and  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ : very low BR

Decay mode	Branching fraction [%]
$H \rightarrow bb$	$57.5 \pm 1.9$
$H \rightarrow WW$	$21.6 \pm 0.9$
$H \rightarrow gg$	$8.56 \pm 0.86$
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$6.30 \pm 0.36$
$H \rightarrow cc$	$2.90 \pm 0.35$
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	$2.67 \pm 0.11$
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$0.228 \pm 0.011$
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$0.155 \pm 0.014$
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	$0.022 \pm 0.001$

# The Higgs Boson: from Run 1 to Run 2

During **Run1** ( $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{--}8 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $25 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) measurements of Higgs properties has been interpreted in terms of

- **Signal Strength**, defined as the ratio of  $\text{XS} \times \text{BR}$  observed with respect to the SM: 
$$\mu = \frac{(\sigma \cdot BR)_{\text{obs}}}{(\sigma \cdot BR)_{\text{SM}}}$$
- **Couplings modifiers  $\kappa$**  introduced as scale factors to the cross sections or partial decay widths

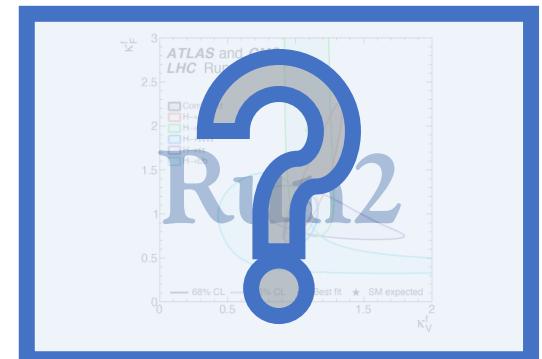
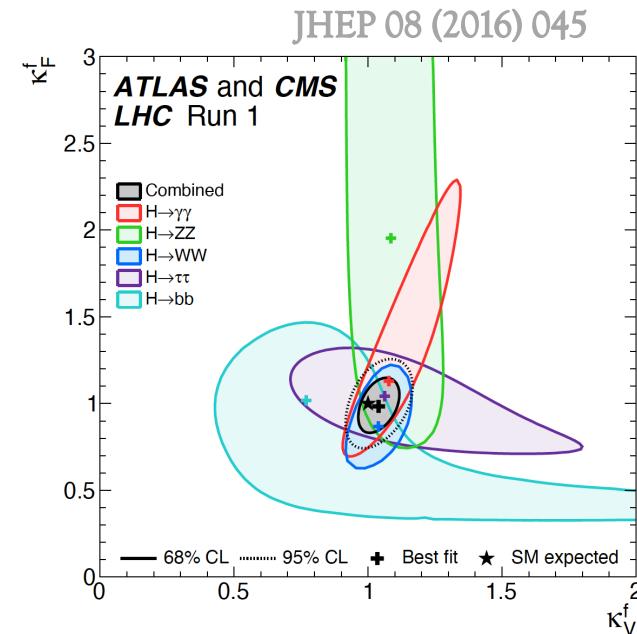
$$\sigma_i \times \text{BR}^f = \frac{\sigma_i(\vec{\kappa}) \Gamma^f(\vec{\kappa})}{\Gamma_H}$$

$$\kappa_j^2 = \frac{\sigma_j}{(\sigma_j)_{\text{SM}}}$$

$$\kappa_j^2 = \frac{\Gamma^j}{(\Gamma^j)_{\text{SM}}}$$

Moving to the *Precision Era* with full **Run2** statistics ( $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

- **Mass, Spin-CP , Width**
- **Cross Section measurements**
  - Fiducial differential cross sections
  - Cross sections per production mode
    - Simplified Template Cross Sections (STXS) framework to define exclusive regions for each production mode
- **Interpretation of the results** via theoretical frameworks on top of the  $\kappa$ -framework to put constraints on anomalous couplings of the Higgs boson with the other SM particles and to probe New Physics phenomena:
  - Effective Field Theory, Pseudo-Observables, ...

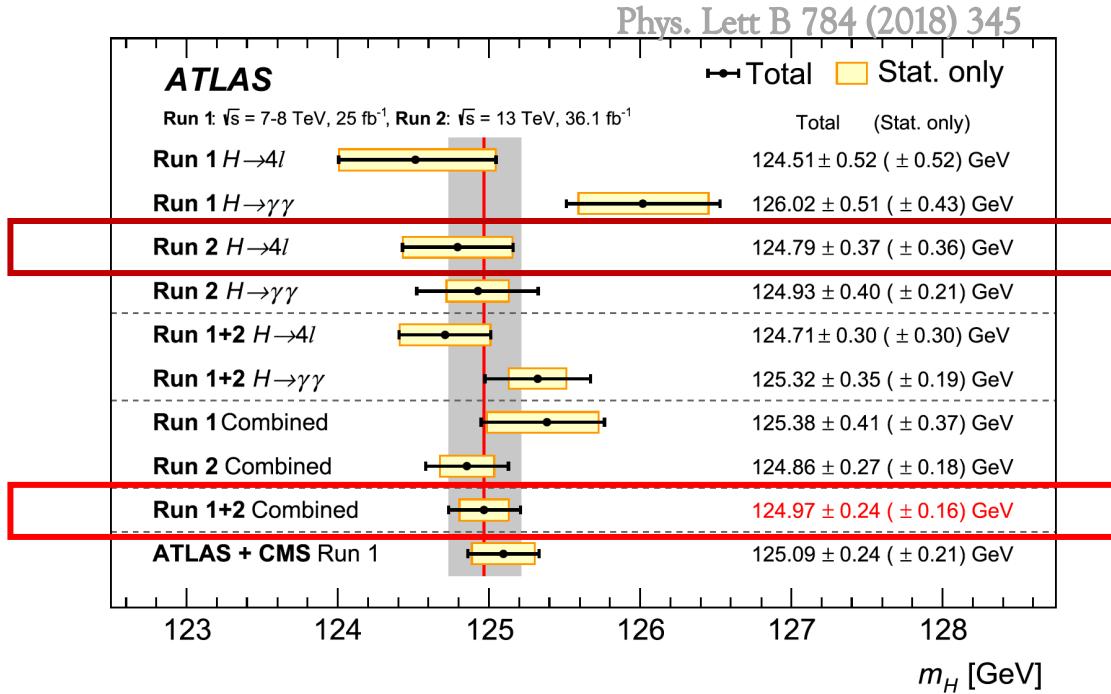


# Higgs Precision Measurements

## Mass

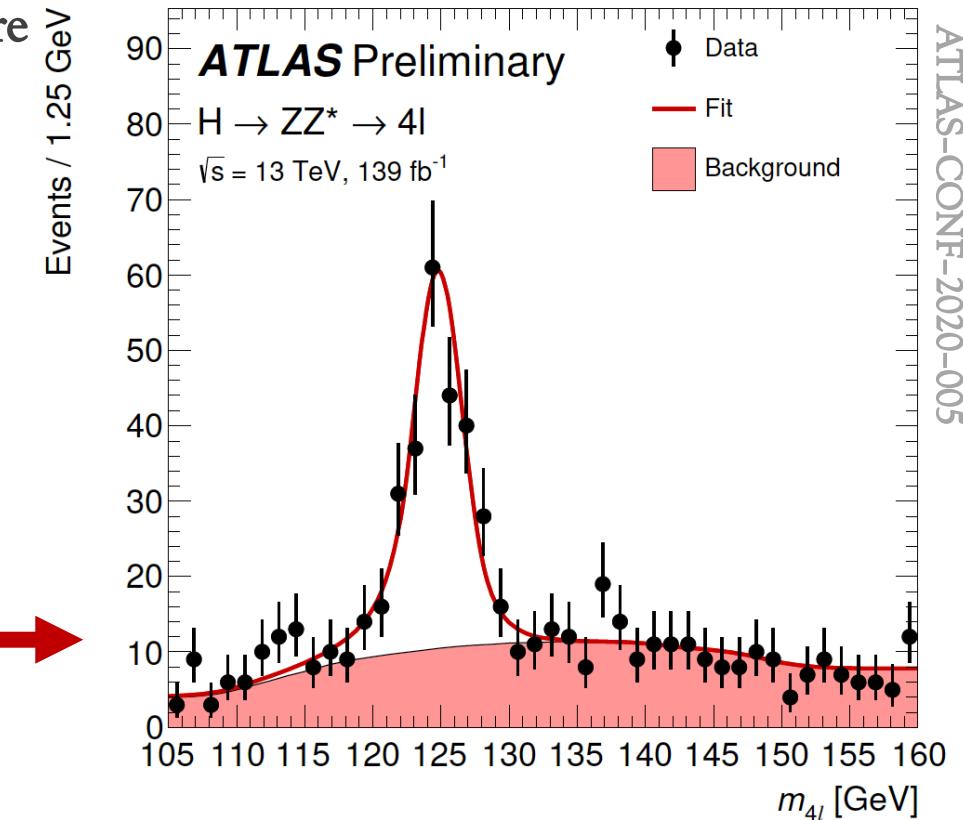
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  are the most sensitive channels → clear signature
- Resolution on mass 1–2%
- Main uncertainties: muon momentum scale ( $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ ) and photon energy scale ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l + H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : Results with  $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  combined with Run1
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ : Preliminary results with  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Chiara Arcangeletti

$139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



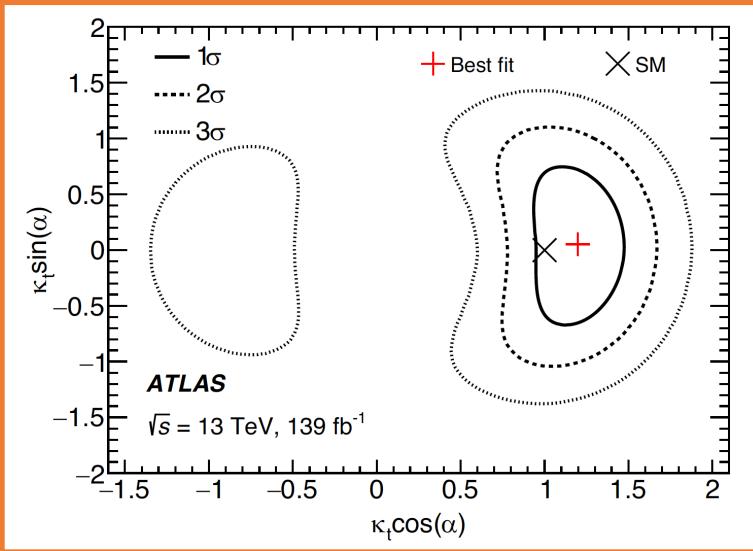
$$m_H = 124.92^{+0.21}_{-0.20} \text{ GeV}$$

# Higgs Precision Measurements

## Spin-CP

- $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  are the dominant channels
- Resolution on mass 1–2%
- Main uncertainties: Muon trigger efficiency and photon energy scale ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l + H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : Results
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ : Preliminary

Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 061802



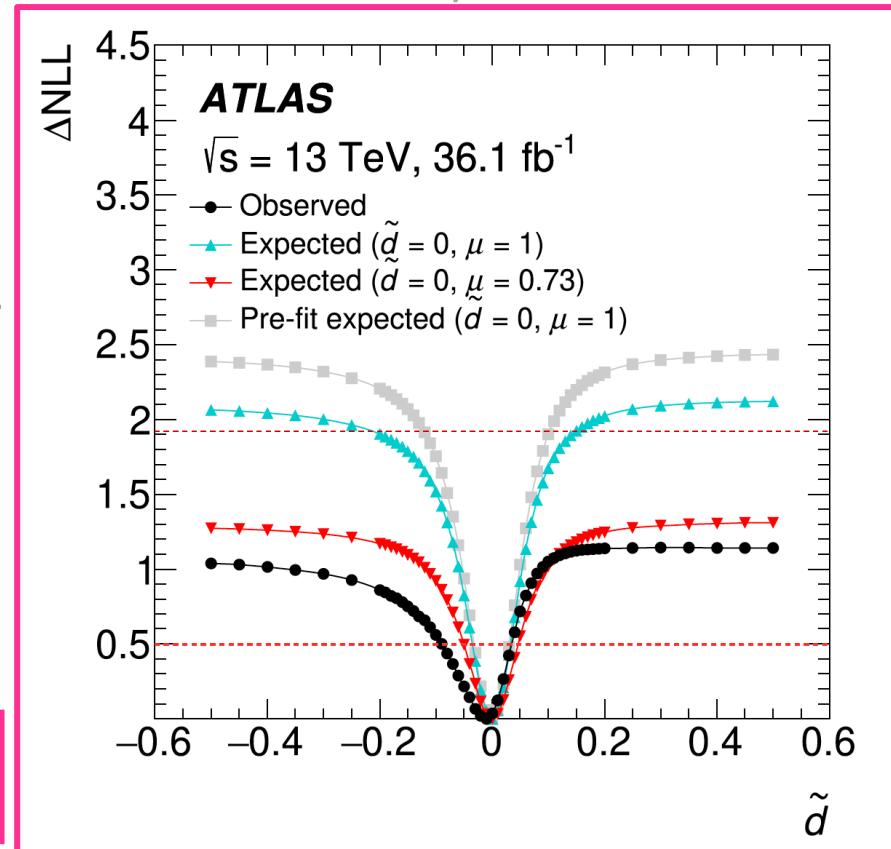
- **$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  (139  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ):** Search of CP-violation signs in the **Yukawa couplings of Higgs boson and top quark in the ttH production**
- **$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  (36  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ):** Test of CP invariance from Optimal Observable distribution in the **VBF production**, limits on **Higgs couplings with electroweak gauge bosons**

EFT parameter in the Hawk basis

$$\tilde{d} = [-0.090, 0.035] @ 68\% \text{ CL (obs.)}$$

SM compatibility : p-value = 35%  
A pure CP-odd coupling is excluded at  $3.9\sigma$ , and  
 $|\text{CP-mixing angle}| > 43^\circ$  is excluded at 95% CL

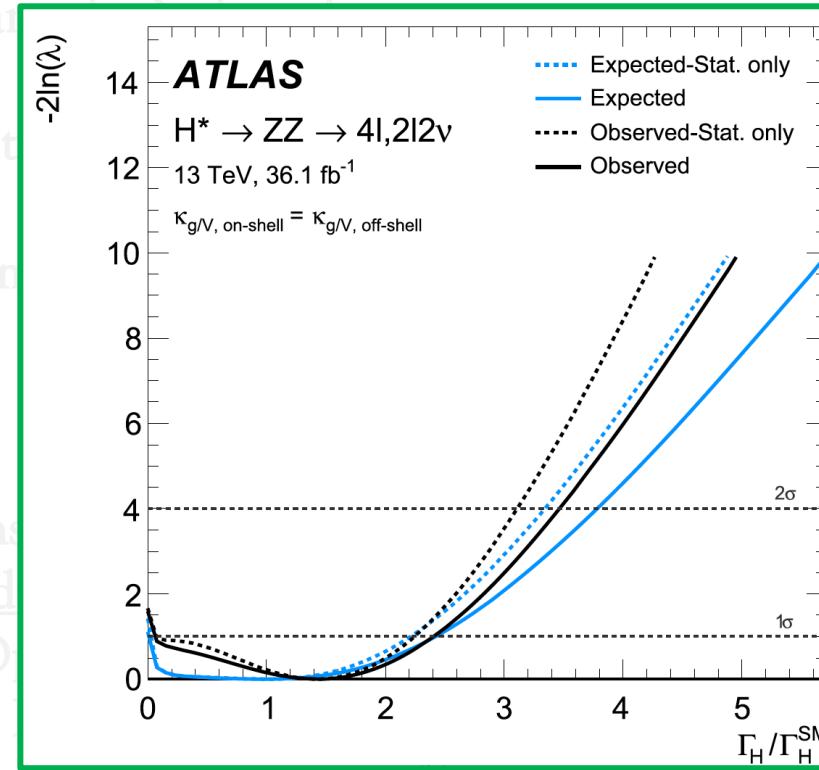
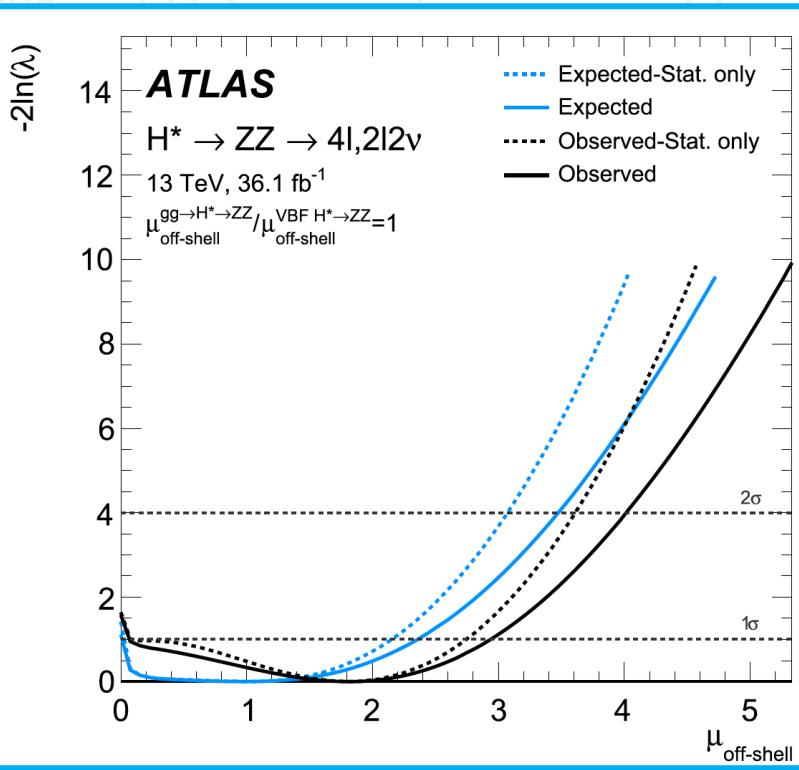
Phys. Lett. B 805 (2020) 135426



# Higgs Precision Measurements Width

$$\mu_{\text{off-shell}} = \kappa_{g,\text{off-shell}}^2 \cdot \kappa_{Z,\text{off-shell}}^2$$

$$\mu_{\text{on-shell}} = \frac{\kappa_{g,\text{on-shell}}^2 \cdot \kappa_{Z,\text{on-shell}}^2}{\Gamma_H / \Gamma_H^{\text{SM}}}$$



- Discriminating observable
- $H \rightarrow 4l$ : Matrix-Element based discriminant  $D_{ME}$
- $H \rightarrow 2l2\nu$ : transverse mass of ZZ system  $m_T^{ZZ}$

- ATLAS**

$H^* \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l, 2l2\nu$

13 TeV,  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\mu_{\text{off-shell}}^{\text{gg} \rightarrow H^* \rightarrow ZZ} / \mu_{\text{off-shell}}^{\text{VBF } H^* \rightarrow ZZ} = 1$

$-2\ln(\lambda)$

$\mu_{\text{off-shell}}$

Legend:

  - Expected-Stat. only (Dotted Blue)
  - Expected (Solid Blue)
  - Observed-Stat. only (Dotted Black)
  - Observed (Solid Black)

2 $\sigma$

1 $\sigma$

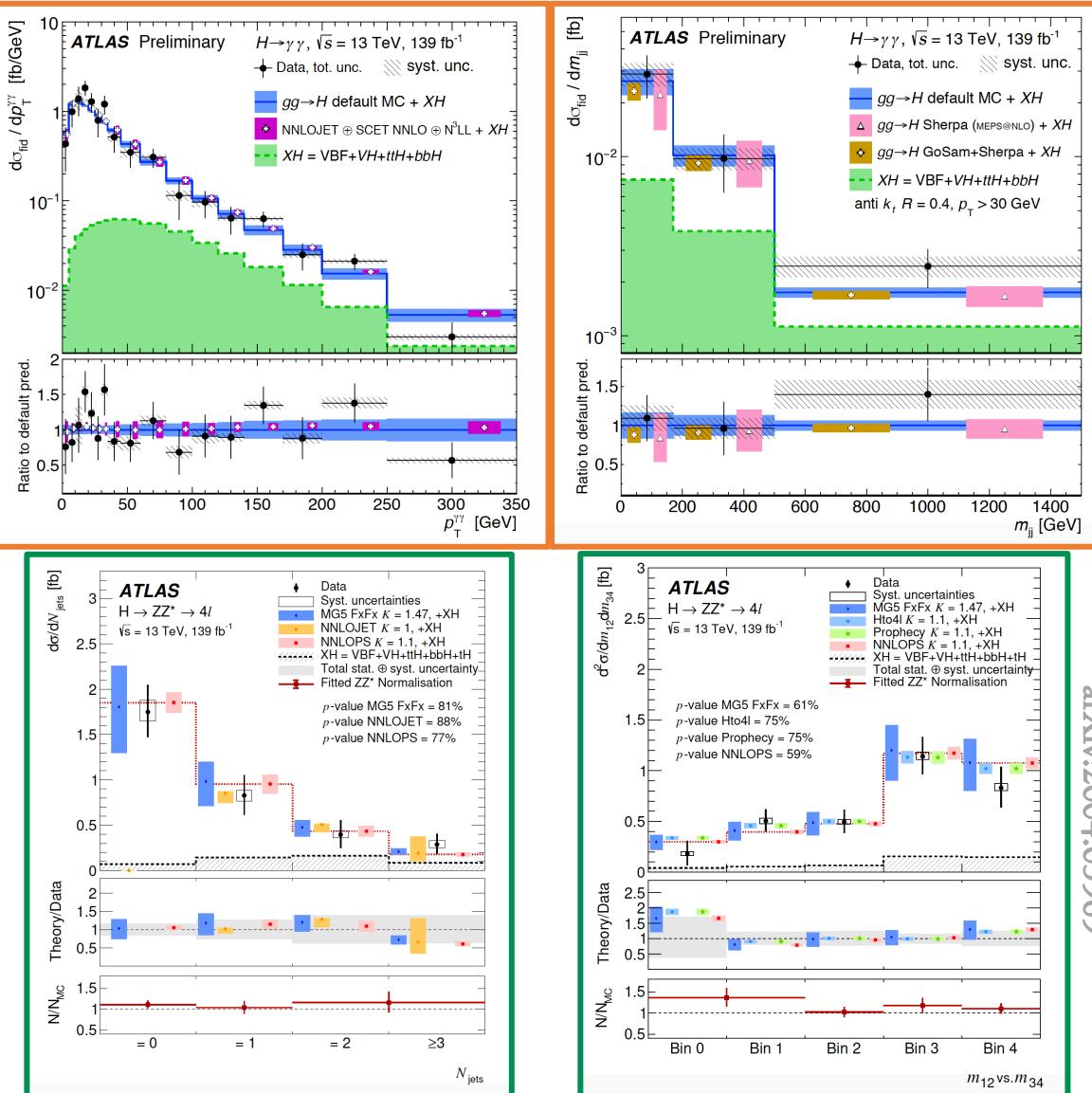
•  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  ( $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
 
  - Constraint the **off-shell** signal strength
  - Upper limit on Higgs **width**

$\mu_{\text{off-shell}} < 3.8$  (3.4) @ 95% CL

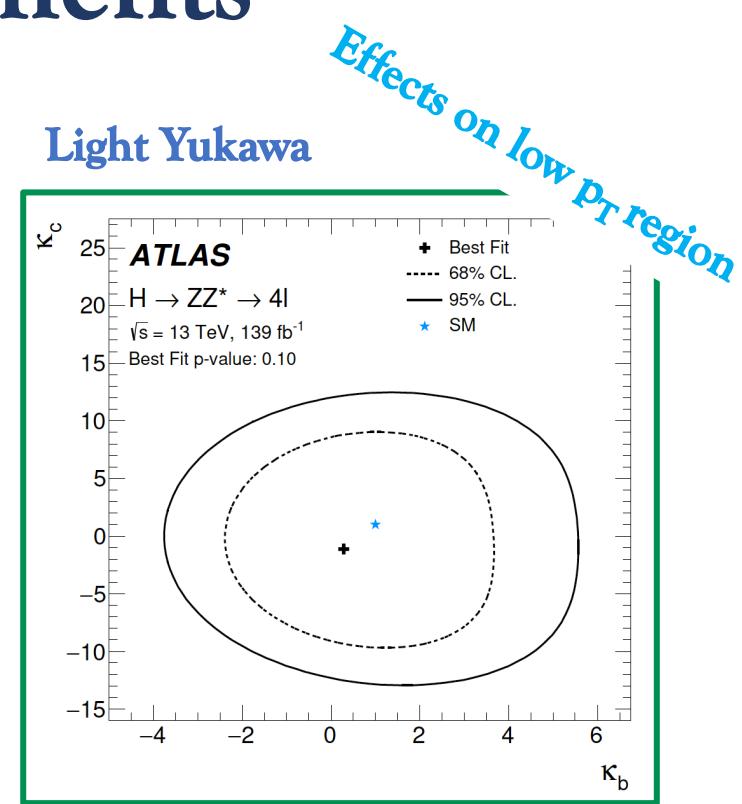
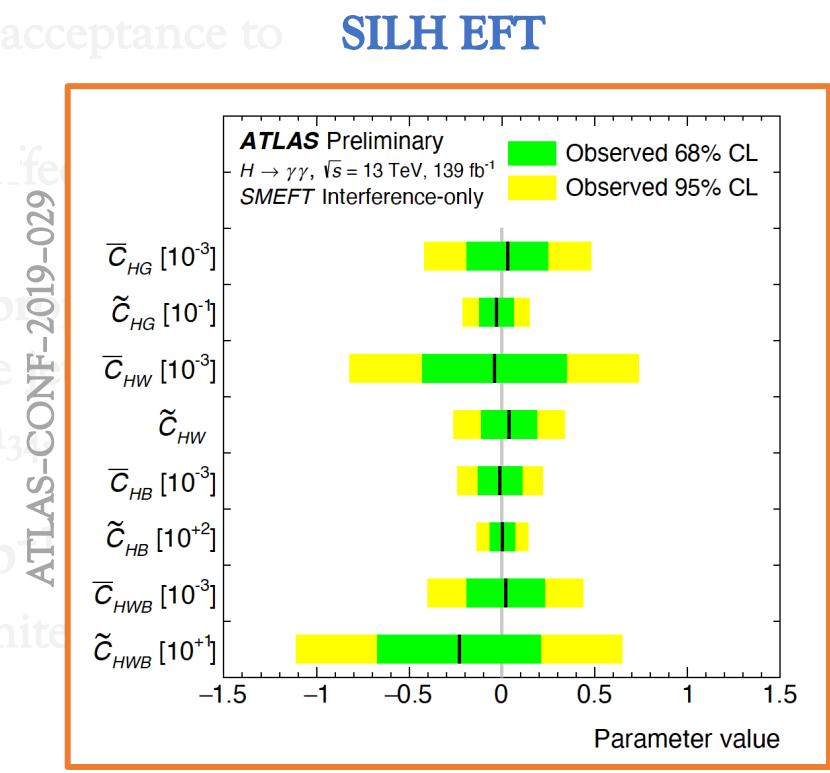
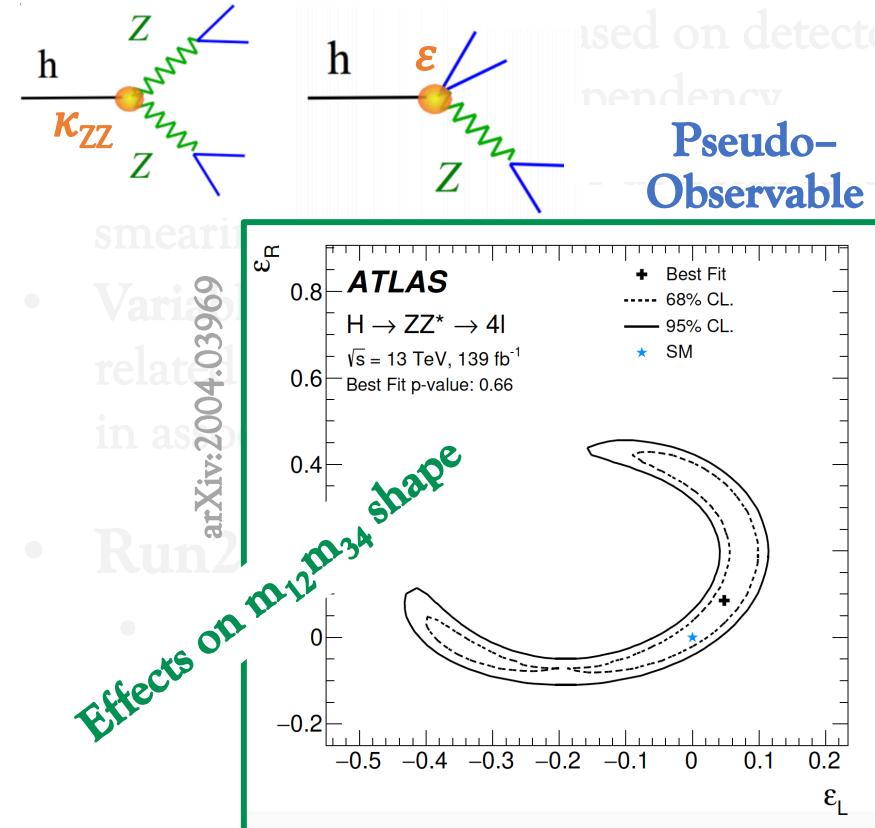
$\Gamma_H/\Gamma_H^{\text{SM}} < 3.5 \text{ (3.7)} @ 95\% \text{ CL}$

# Differential Cross Section Measurements

- **Fiducial phase space** based on detector acceptance to minimize the model dependency
- **Unfolding** to correct for detector level effects, efficiency and resolutions
- **Variables sensitive to the Higgs boson properties** related to the Higgs kinematics or to the jets produced in association with the Higgs:  $p_T$ ,  $m_{12}m_{34}$ ,  $N_{\text{jets}}$ ,  $m_{\text{jj}}$ , ...
  - Several observables related to the Higgs decay into 4 leptons has been unfolded as the leptons decays angles
- **Run2 measurements with  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$** 
  - $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : statistically limited
- **Good agreement with SM!**
- **Interpretation of the results**



# Differential Cross Section Measurements

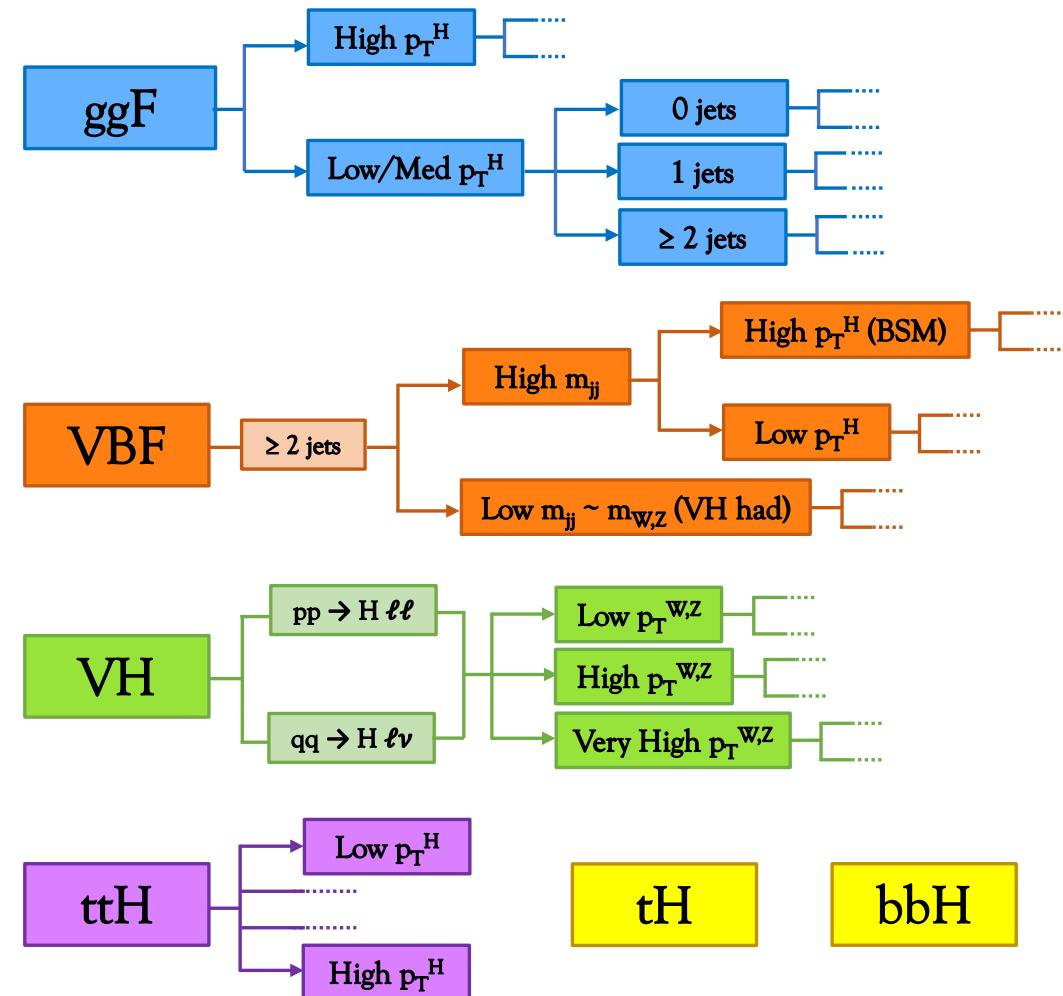


## Interpretation of the results

- $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ : Limits on modified Higgs boson interaction within the Pseudo-Observable framework
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : Constraints on Wilson coefficients in the Warsaw basis for SILH EFT.
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : Constraint on the Yukawa coupling to the charm quark

# Production Cross Section Measurements

- **Production cross sections** are a way to probe the strength of the Higgs boson coupling with SM particles and possible BSM effects
- **STXS** framework define **exclusive regions** in the Higgs phase space of the Higgs production processes, based on the kinematics of the Higgs and of the particles/jets produced in association:  $p_T^{\text{Higgs}}$ ,  $N_{\text{jets}}$ ,  $m_{jj}$ ,  $p_T^{W,Z}$ 
  - Criteria:
    - Minimizing the dependence on theoretical uncertainties
    - Maximizing experimental sensitivity also to possible BSM effects
  - Different STXS Stages definition, corresponding to increasingly fine granularity
  - Not all the analyses are sensitive to all the STXS bins
  - **Reco-level categorization** in each analysis, in which the measurement is performed, as close as possible to the Particle-level categorization → minimize model-dependent extrapolation

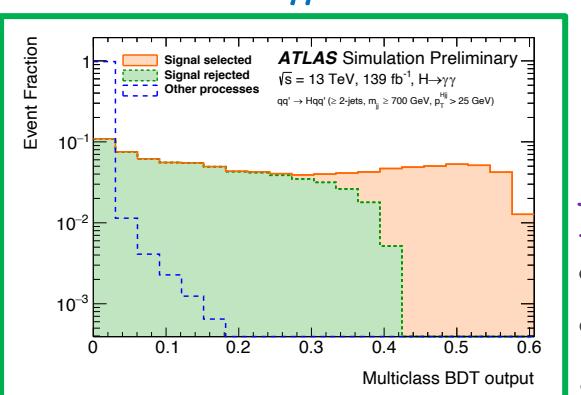


# Production Cross Section Measurements

## $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

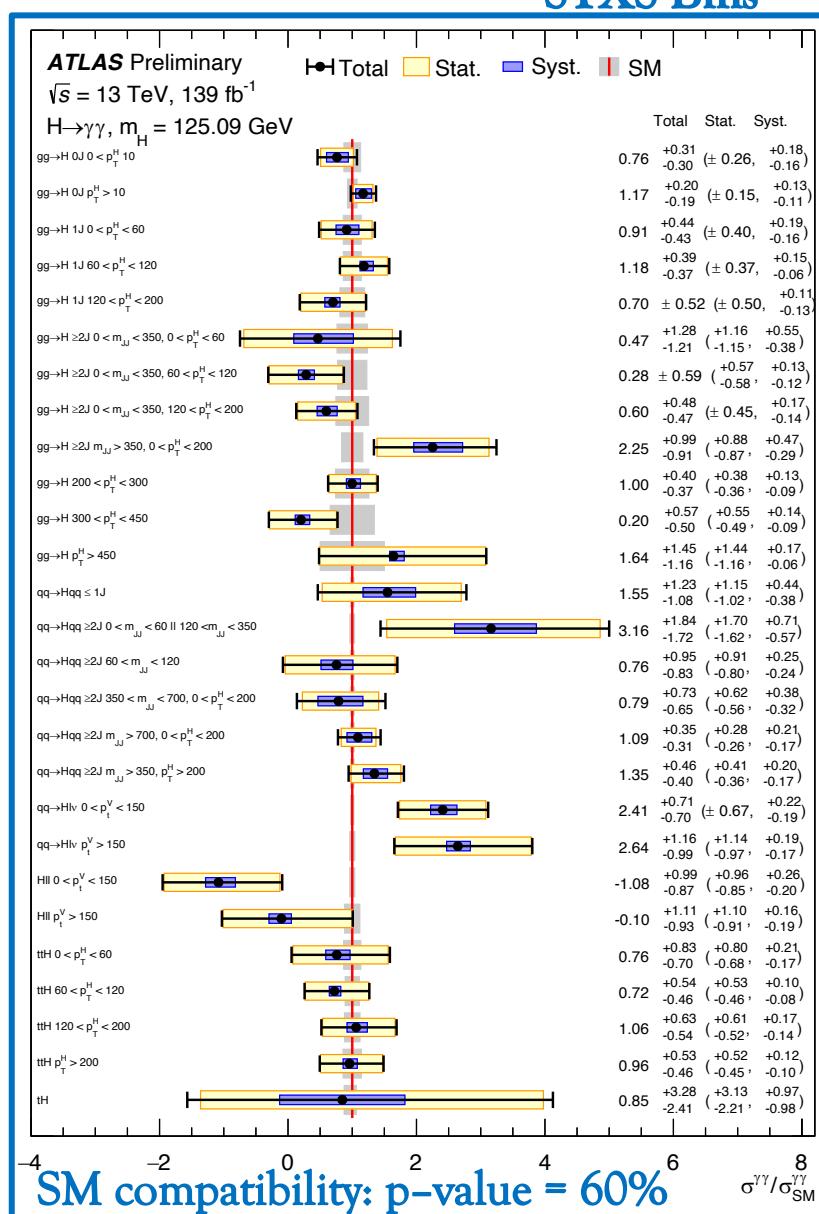
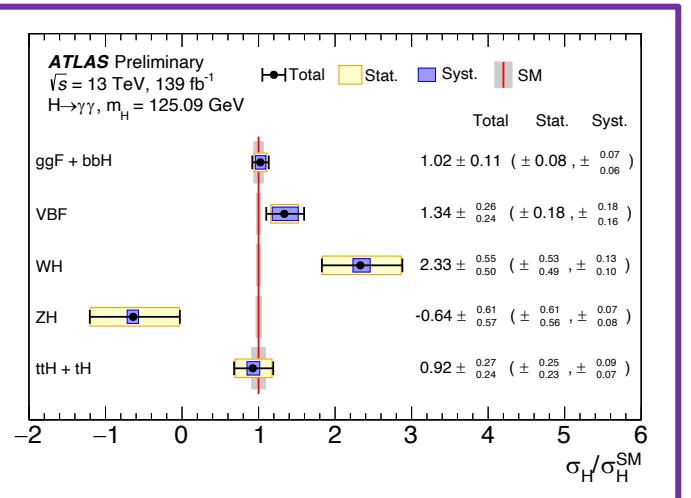
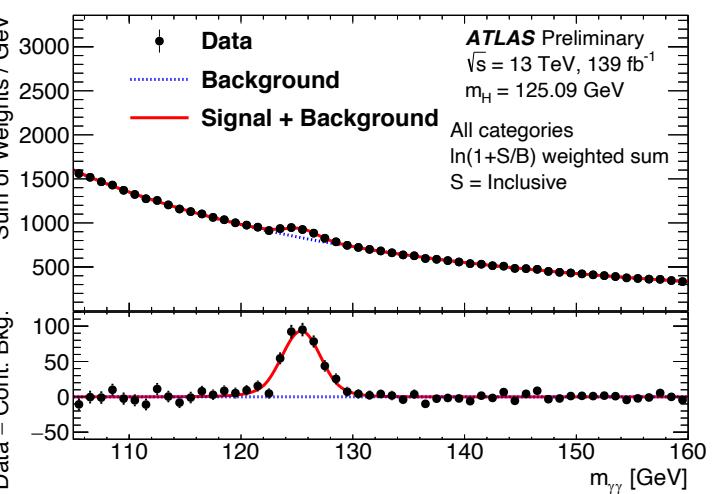
Results

- 27 STXS categories (based on Stage 1.2)
  - Two-step Categorization
    - 1<sup>st</sup> step: 44 reco event categories: Multiclass BDT to discriminate different production mode
    - 2<sup>nd</sup> step: split each category in 2–3 subcategories to separate signal from continuum background using a BDT
- 88 Reco categories
- Fit on  $m_{\gamma\gamma}$  to extract signal in each category



### Production XS

- SM compatibility of 5-POI fit: p-value = 3% ( $1.9\sigma$  deviation)
  - Large anti-correlation (42%) between WH and ZH
- Total VH measurement:  $\sigma_{\text{VH}} = 5.9 \pm 1.4 \text{ fb}$   
 $(\sigma_{\text{VH,exp}} = 4.53 \pm 0.12 \text{ fb})$

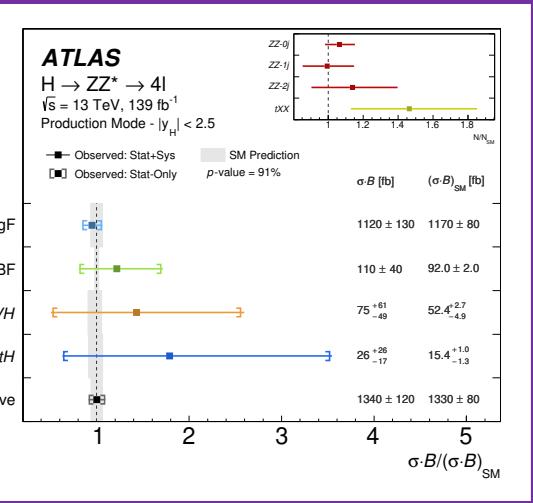


# Production Cross Section Measurements

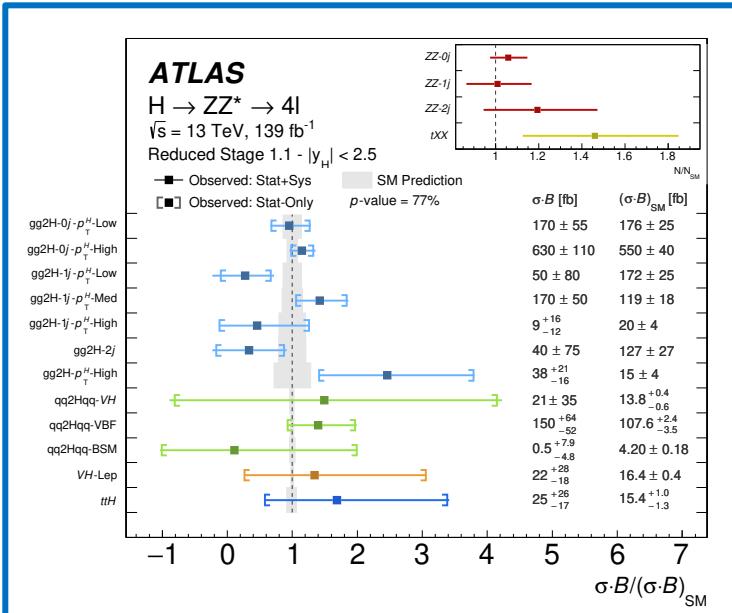
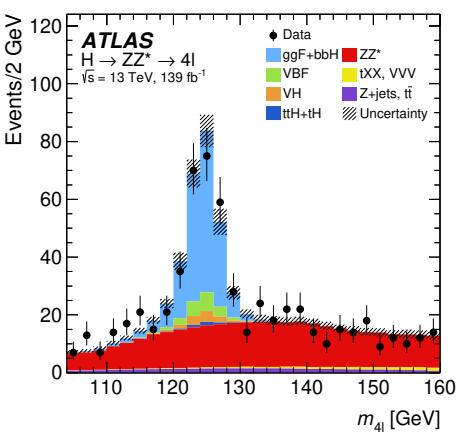
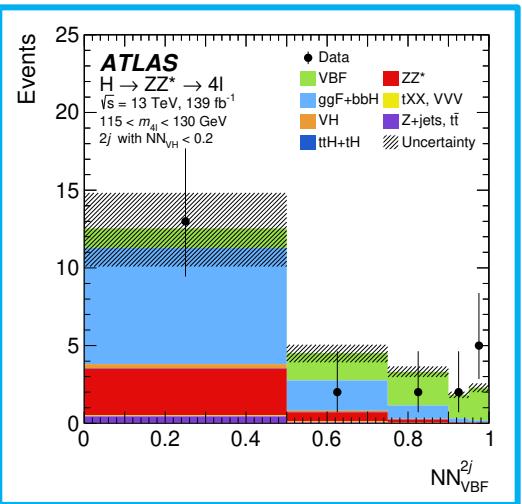
## $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

- 12 STXS categories (based on Stage 1.1)
- 12 Signal Reco categories: based on number of additional jets and leptons in the final state
- + 5 ZZ Sideband categories:  
 $m_{4l} \in [105, 115] \cup [130, 160] \text{ GeV}$  to constrain the non-resonant  $ZZ^*$  background
- Neural Network as multivariate discriminant in each category, used as observable in the fit

Results

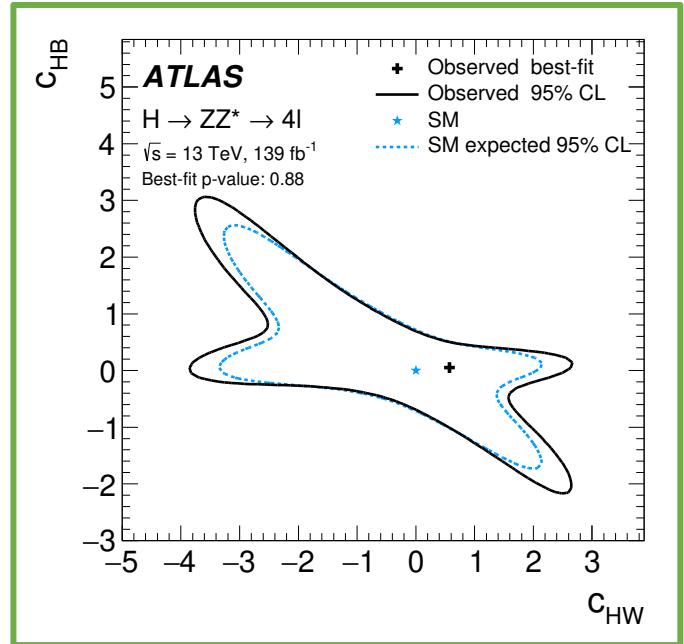


Production XS SM compatibility: p-value = 91%



STXS SM compatibility: p-value = 77%

EFT Interpretation



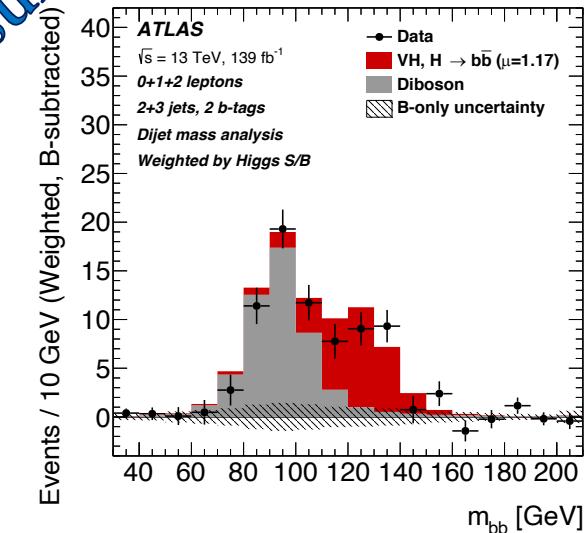
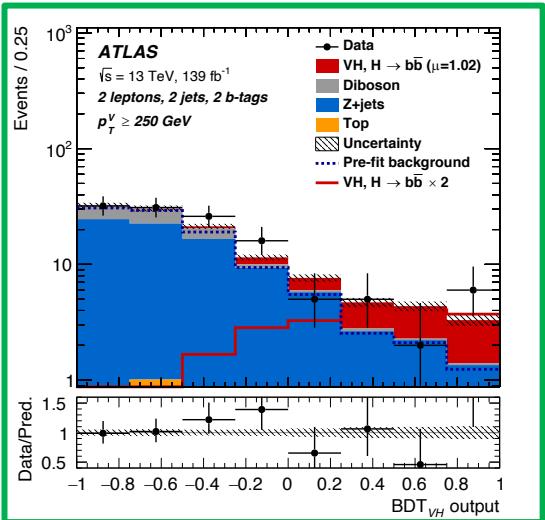
EFT CP-even and CP-odd couplings

EFT coupling parameter	Expected		Observed		Best-fit value	Best-fit p-value
	68% CL	95% CL	68% CL	95% CL		
$c_{HG}$	[-0.004, 0.004]	[-0.007, 0.008]	[-0.005, 0.003]	[-0.008, 0.007]	-0.001	0.79
$c_{uH}$	[-8, 20]	[-14, 26]	[-12, 6]	[-18, 30]	-6, 18	0.50
$c_{HW}$	[-1.6, 0.9]	[-2.9, 1.6]	[-1.5, 1.3]	[-3.4, 2.1]	0.5	0.66
$c_{HB}$	[-0.43, 0.38]	[-0.62, 0.60]	[-0.42, 0.37]	[-0.62, 0.59]	-0.03	0.98
$c_{HWB}$	[-0.75, 0.63]	[-1.09, 0.99]	[-0.71, 0.63]	[-1.06, 0.99]	0.1	0.93
$c_{H\bar{G}}$	[-0.022, 0.022]	[-0.031, 0.031]	[-0.019, 0.019]	[-0.029, 0.029]	0.000	1.00
$c_{\bar{u}H}$	[-26, 26]	[-40, 40]	[-37, 37]	[-50, 50]	±21	0.48
$c_{H\bar{W}}$	[-1.3, 1.3]	[-2.1, 2.1]	[-1.5, 1.5]	[-2.4, 2.4]	±0.6	0.84
$c_{H\bar{B}}$	[-0.39, 0.39]	[-0.57, 0.57]	[-0.37, 0.37]	[-0.56, 0.56]	0.00	1.00
$c_{H\bar{W}B}$	[-0.71, 0.71]	[-1.05, 1.05]	[-0.69, 0.69]	[-1.03, 1.03]	0.0	1.00

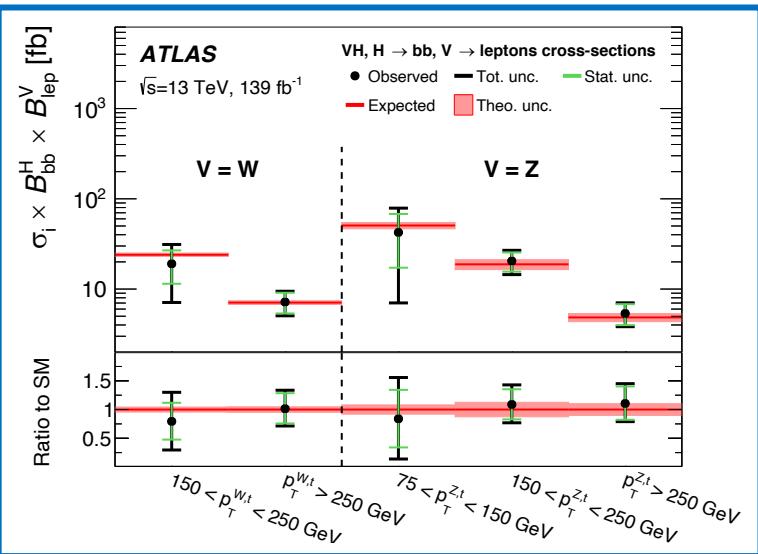
# Production Cross Section Measurements VH, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Results

- 5 STXS categories (based on Stage 1.2)
- Categorization: based on charged lepton multiplicity,  $p_T^V$  and jet multiplicity
  - 14 analysis regions split in three categories: 1 Signal Region and 2 Control Regions enriched in V+jets and  $t\bar{t}$
- 42 Reco categories
- BDT<sub>VH</sub> designed to discriminate the VH signal from the background processes and used as fit observable



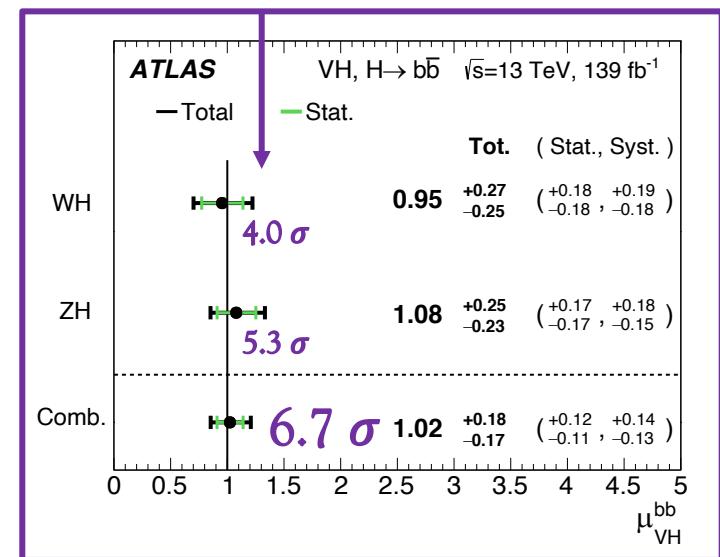
STXS in good agreement with SM



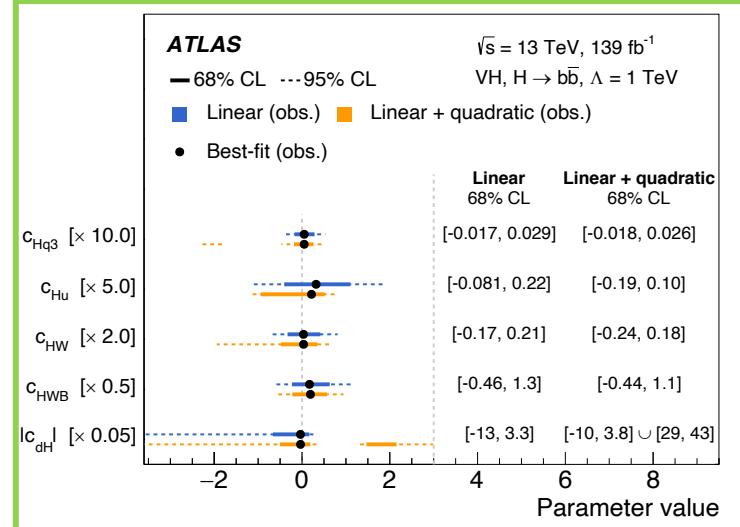
Chiara Arcangeletti

Signal Strength

Observed signal significance



Constraints on EFT couplings



# Production Cross Section Measurements

## $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow e\nu \mu\nu$ and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

### $H \rightarrow WW^*$

- **36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>** Analysis targets ggF and VBF production  
Categorization based on  $N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 1$  (ggF);  $\geq 2$  (VBF). CRs used to estimate backgrounds. Use of BDT in the VBF category.

$$\sigma_{\text{ggF}} \cdot \mathcal{B}_{H \rightarrow WW^*} = 11.4^{+2.2}_{-2.1} \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{VBF}} \cdot \mathcal{B}_{H \rightarrow WW^*} = 0.50^{+0.29}_{-0.28} \text{ pb}$$

Expected:  $10.4 \pm 0.6$  pb (ggF);  $0.81 \pm 0.02$  pb (VBF)

Observed ggF and VBF signals have significances of  $6.0 \sigma$  and  $1.8 \sigma \rightarrow$  low significance for VBF

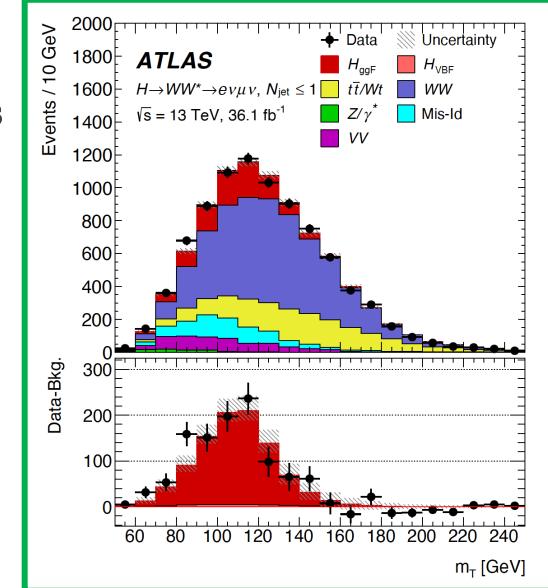
- **139 fb<sup>-1</sup>** Preliminary analysis targets VBF  
Improve the VBF signal sensitivity with DNN.

$$\sigma_{\text{VBF}} \cdot \mathcal{B}_{H \rightarrow WW^*} = 0.85^{+0.20}_{-0.17} \text{ pb}$$

Observed VBF signals  
significance of  $7.0 \sigma$

First Observation of VBF in  $H \rightarrow WW^*$

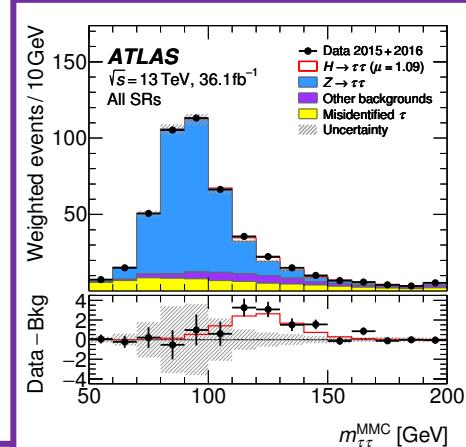
### 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> ggF categories



Phys. Lett. B 789 (2019) 508

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  Phys. Lett. D 99 (2019) 072001

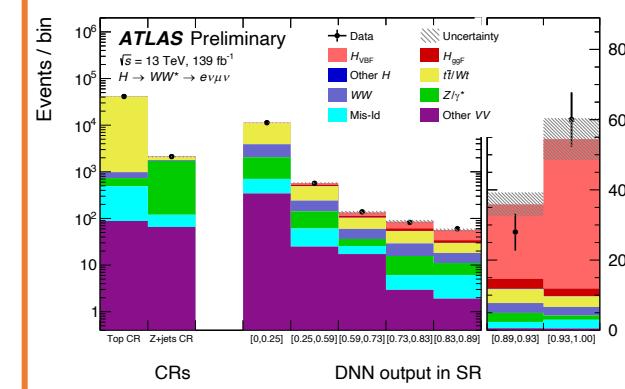
- **36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>** Analysis targets ggF and VBF production Categorization with  $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$  for VBF and  $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100$  GeV for high- $p_T^H$  (mainly ggF). CRs to constraint normalization for main backgrounds.
- Fit performed on  $m_{\tau\tau}$ .



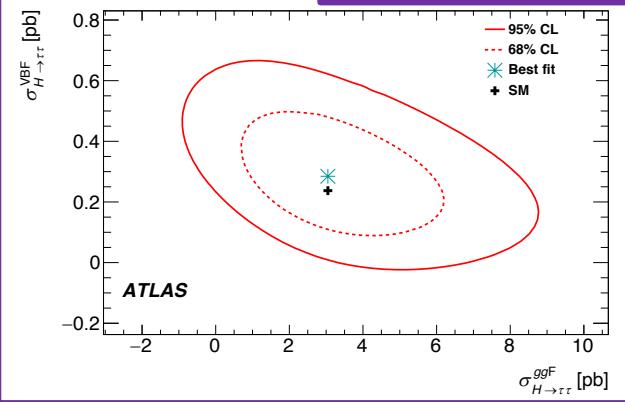
Measurements consistent with SM

ATLAS-CONF-2020-045

### 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> VBF SR + CR



Chiara Arcangeletti



# Production Cross Section Measurements

## Searches $H \rightarrow inv$ , $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

VBF,  $H \rightarrow inv$  @  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ATLAS-CONF-2020-008

- Probe possible Higgs decay in WIMPs (Dark Matter candidates)
- Categorization based on  $N_{\text{jets}}$ ,  $m_{jj}$  and  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$ ; adding CRs to constraint V+jets and multi-jet background processes.
- Results
  - Assuming a SM cross section with  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$

$$\mathcal{B}_{inv} < 0.13 @ 95\% \text{ CL}$$

$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$  @  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  arXiv:2005.05382

- Search Higgs decay in  $Z\gamma$
- Categorization based on jets and  $Z\gamma$  system kinematics.  
Use of BDT for VBF category.

Observed significance of  $2.2\sigma$

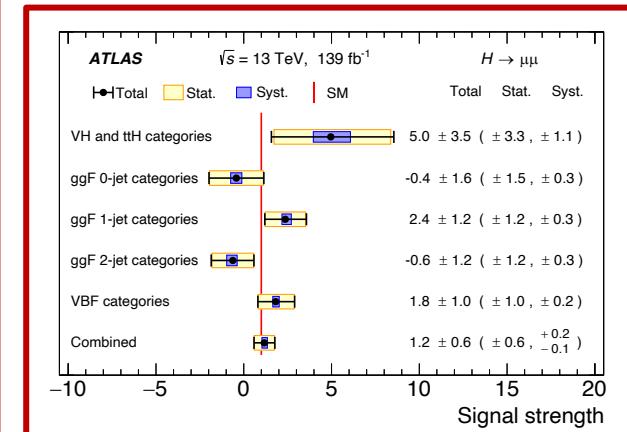
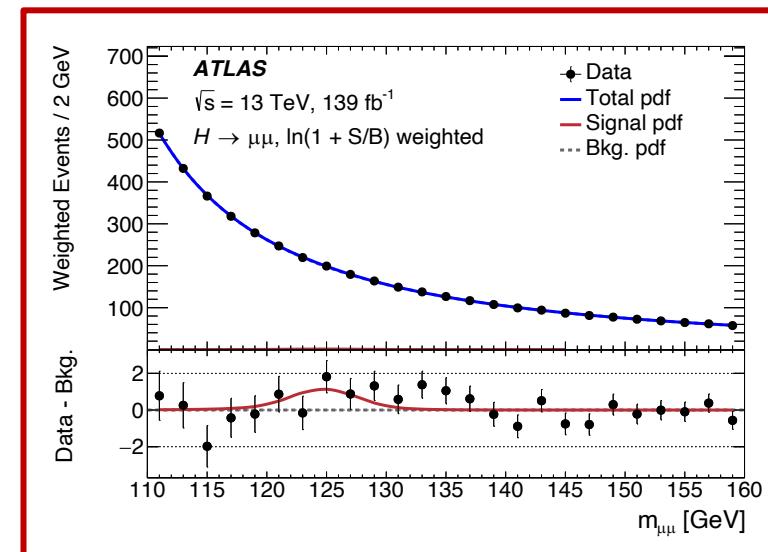
$$\mu_{H \rightarrow Z\gamma} = 3.6 \times \mu_{H \rightarrow Z\gamma}^{\text{SM}}$$

$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$  @  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  arXiv:2007.07830

- Search a resonance at  $125 \text{ GeV}$  in the invariant mass spectrum  $m_{\mu\mu}$  for pairs of opposite-charge muons, dominated by Drell-Yan contribution.
- Categorization based on number of additional jets and leptons in the final state. Further split for ggF and VBF using BDTs: 20 categories.

Observed significance of  $2\sigma$

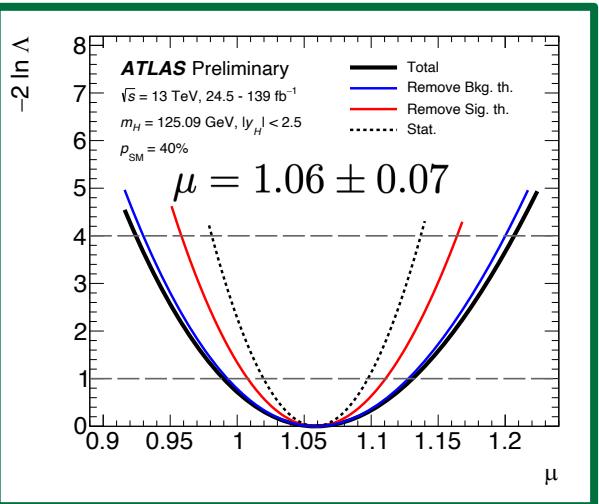
$$\mu_{H \rightarrow \mu\mu} < 2.2 @ 95\% \text{ CL}$$



# Production Cross Section Measurements

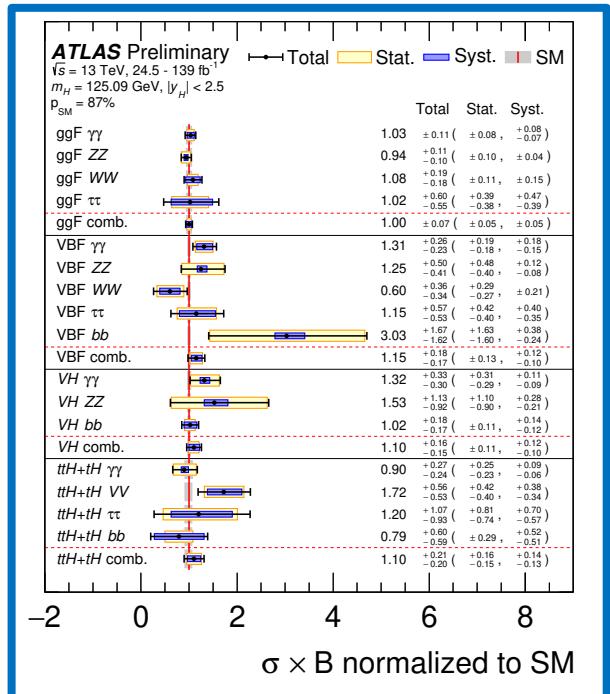
## Combined Results @ 139 fb<sup>-1</sup>

### Global Signal Strength



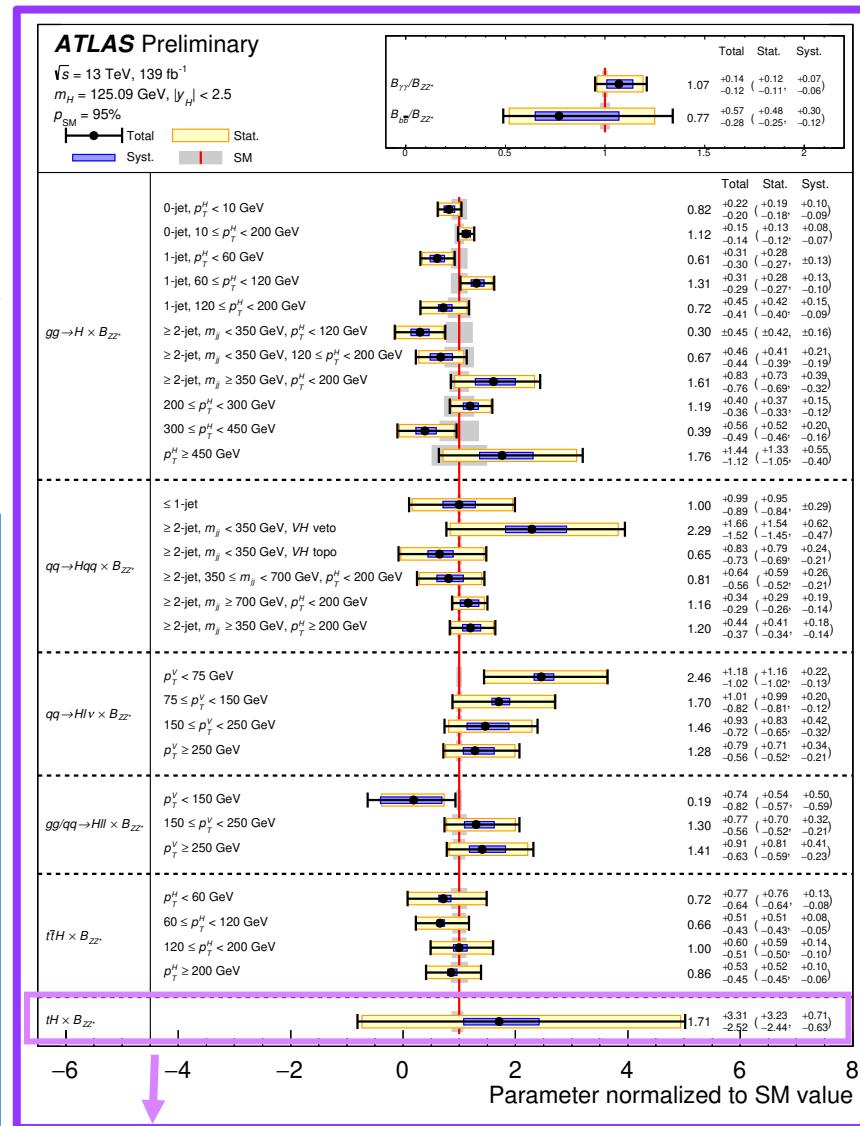
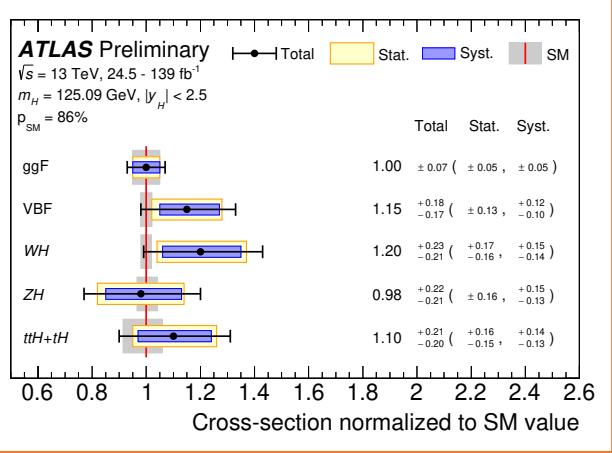
- Prod XS significance  $> 5 \sigma$  for all production mode. SM compatibility: p-value 86%
- $\sigma \times \text{BR}$  assumes SM values for (ggF)H $\rightarrow$ bb; (VH) H $\rightarrow$ WW and (VH)H $\rightarrow$  $\tau\tau$ . SM compatibility: p-value 87%
- STXS results normalized wrt:  $(\sigma \times B)_{if} = (\sigma \times B)_{i,ZZ} \cdot \left( \frac{B_f}{B_{ZZ}} \right)$   
SM compatibility: p-value 95%

Good agreement with SM expectation



Production  
and Decay

### Production Cross Sections



$$\sigma_{tH, \text{obs}} < 8.4 \times \sigma_{tH, \text{SM}} \text{ @ 95\% CL}$$

# Production Cross Section Measurements

## Combined Results @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

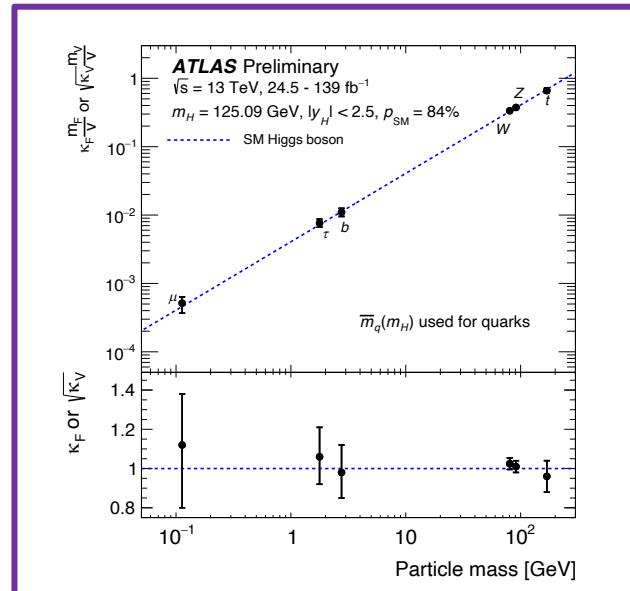
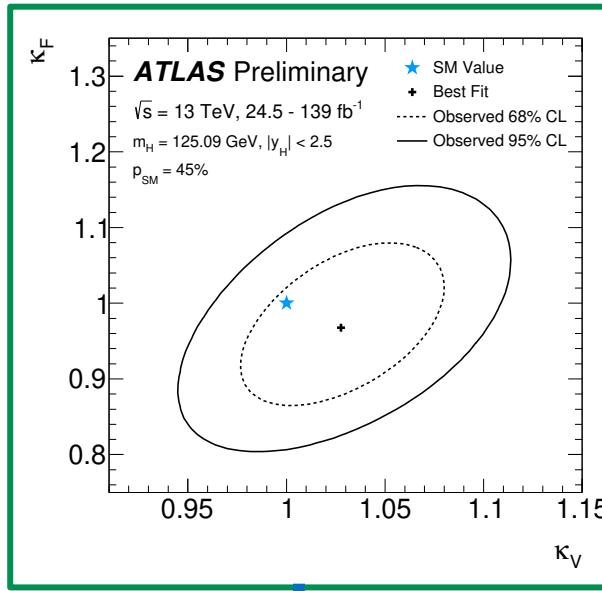
### Interpretation of Results in the $\kappa$ framework

Coupling modifiers to the SM particles: scale factor to XS and BR

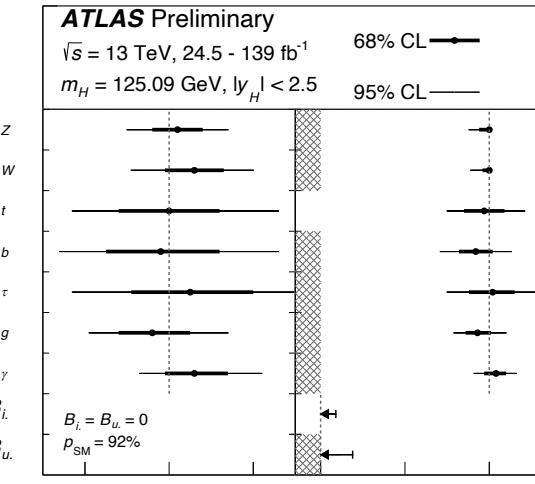
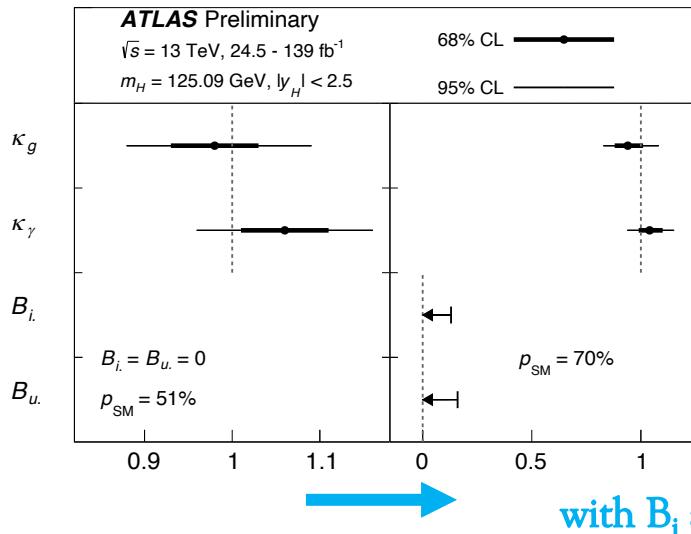
Different level of assumptions:

- Universal coupling-strength scale factors  $\kappa_V$  (vector bosons) and  $\kappa_F$  (fermions)  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Generic parametrization with coupling-strength to W, Z, t, b,  $\tau$  and  $\mu$  independent  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Including BSM contributions in loops: effective couplings  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_\gamma$ 
  - May contribute to the total Higgs width, sensitive to possible invisible decay ( $B_i$ ) and undetected decay ( $B_u$ )

$$\kappa_H^2(\kappa, B_i, B_u) = \frac{\sum_j B_j^{\text{SM}} \kappa_j^2}{(1 - B_i - B_u)}$$



Including BSM in loops



with  $B_i$  and  $B_u \neq 0$

# Production Cross Section Measurements

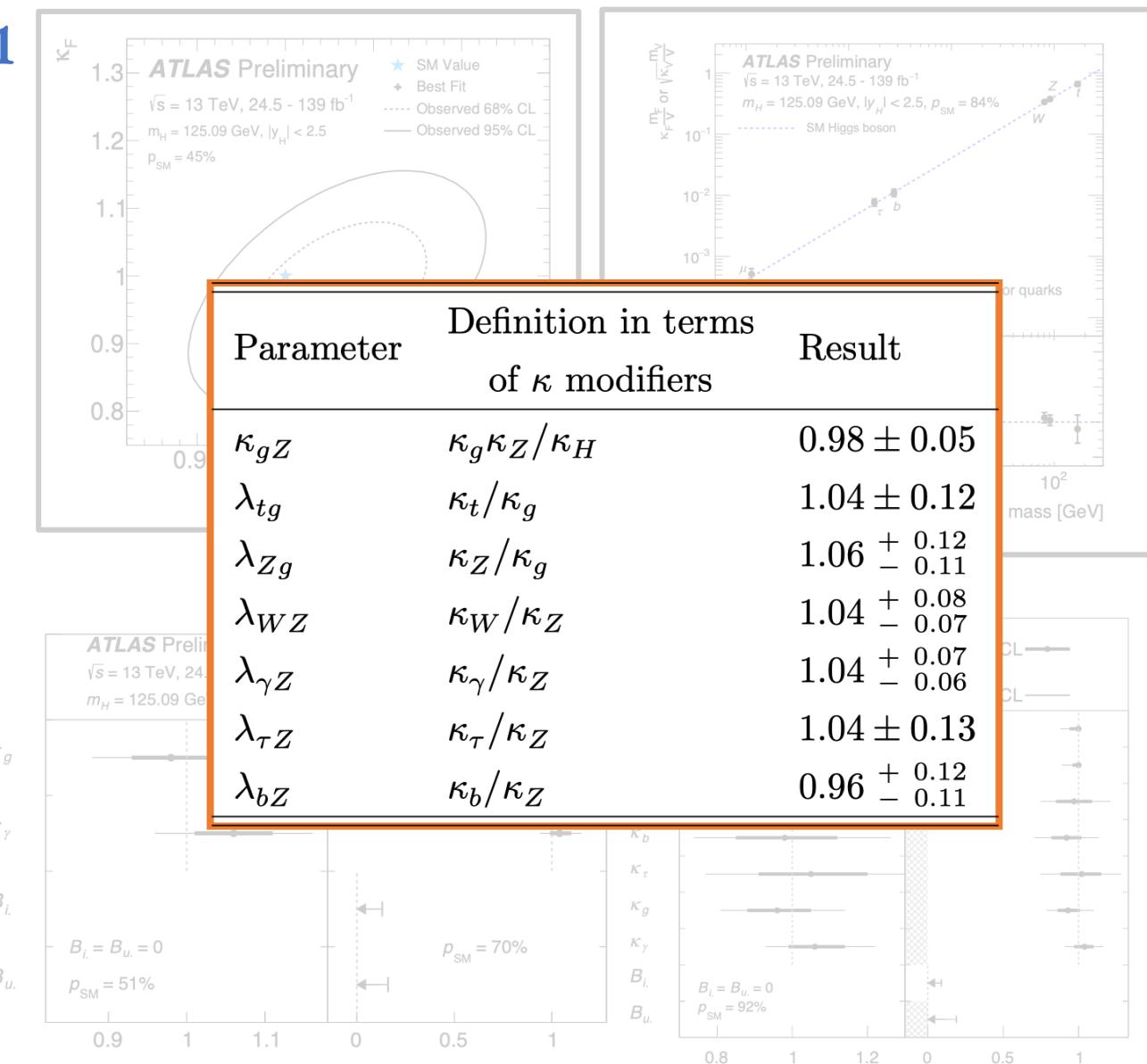
## Combined Results @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

### Interpretation of Results in the $\kappa$ framework

Coupling modifiers to the SM particles: scale factor to XS and BR

Different level of assumptions:

- Universal coupling-strength scale factors  $\kappa_V$  (vector bosons) and  $\kappa_F$  (fermions)  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Generic parametrization with coupling-strength to W, Z, t, b,  $\tau$  and  $\mu$  independent  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Including BSM contributions in loops: effective couplings  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_\gamma$ 
  - May contribute to the total Higgs width, sensitive to possible invisible decay ( $B_i$ ) and undetected decay ( $B_u$ )
- Generic parametrization using ratio of coupling modifiers: most model-independent coupling strength determination



# Production Cross Section Measurements

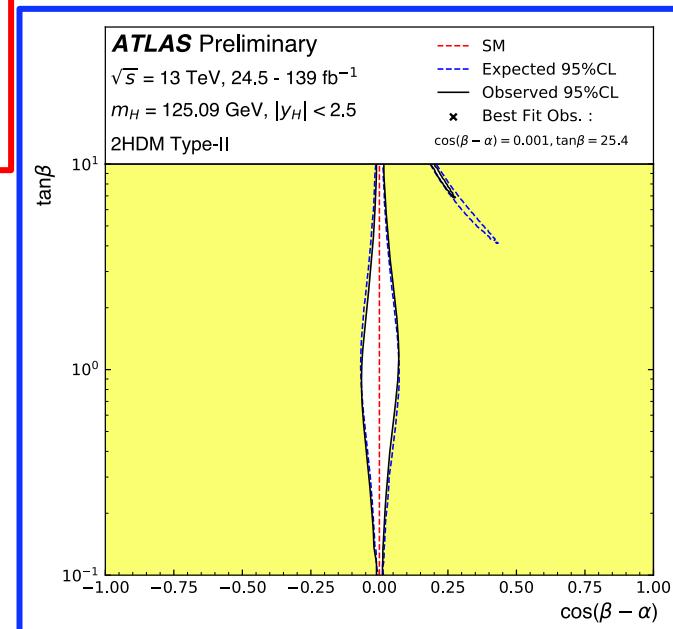
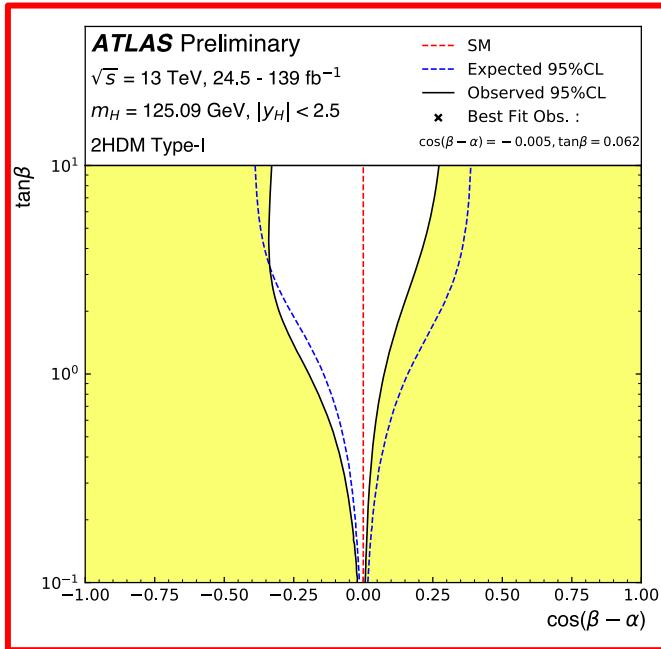
## Combined Results @ $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

### Interpretation of Results in the $\kappa$ framework

Coupling modifiers to the SM particles: scale factor to XS and BR

Different level of assumptions:

- Universal coupling-strength scale factors  $\kappa_V$  (vector bosons) and  $\kappa_F$  (fermions)  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Generic parametrization with coupling-strength to W, Z, t, b,  $\tau$  and  $\mu$  independent  $\rightarrow$  SM particle in loops
- Including BSM contributions in loops: effective couplings  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_\gamma$ .
  - May contribute to the total Higgs width, sensitive to possible invisible decay ( $B_i$ ) and undetected decay ( $B_u$ )
  - Generic parametrization using ratio of coupling modifiers: most model-independent coupling strength determination



### Interpretation in Two-Higgs-doublet models (2HDMs)

Additional complex isodoublet scalar field. Different models based on coupling type:

- Type I: One Higgs doublet couples to vector bosons and the other to fermions
- Type II: One Higgs doublet couples to up-type quarks and the other to down-type quarks and charged leptons

# Conclusions

- In LHC Run2 the enhancement of statistics allow to investigate Higgs boson properties, performing precision measurements and probing its couplings with SM particles and possible BSM effects
  - All measurements in good agreement with SM expectations!
- Mass, Spin – CP and Width: preliminary results with partial ( $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) or full Run 2 statistics ( $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) in some decay channels
- Differential Cross Section measurements @  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  performed by  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ , including new interpretations to put constraint on anomalous Higgs couplings
- Production Cross Section in almost all the decay channels:
  - Improvement of the sensitivity in the STXS framework
  - First observation of VBF,  $H \rightarrow WW^*$  ( $\rightarrow$ Ekaterina Ramakoti's Poster)
  - Combined Results: main Higgs production modes observed with significance  $> 5\sigma$
- Search in  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ : observed significance of  $2\sigma$  ( $\rightarrow$ Yuya Kano's Talk)
- Search in  $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ : observed significance of  $2.2\sigma$

Waiting for new results with full Run 2 dataset!

A blurred aerial photograph of a large, well-manicured park with green lawns, paths, and a lake. In the background, a dense urban area with numerous buildings is visible under a hazy sky.

Thanks for the attention!