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## Recent results on kaon physics from the OKA experiment

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The talk is devoted to the latest results from the OKA collaboration. The OKA setup is using the RF-separated 17.7 GeV/c momentum kaon beam of the U-70 accelerator. The data corresponds to the flux of  $2.62 \cdot 10^{10}$ «live» kaons entering the decay volume. A missing mass analysis is performed to search for an invisible pseudoscalar axion-like particle(ALP) in the decay  $K^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 a$ . No signal is observed, the 90% CL upper limit is changing from  $2.5\cdot 10^{-6}$  to  $2\cdot 10^{-7}$  for the ALP mass from 0 to 200 MeV. Several rare EM decays are investigated: A new precise measurement of the vector and axial-vector form factor difference  $F_V - F_A$  in the  $K^+ \to \mu^+ \nu \gamma$  decay is reported. About 144K events are selected. The preliminary result is  $F_V - F_A = 0.135 \pm$  $0.017(stat) \pm 0.024(syst)$  which differs by  $\sim 3\sigma$  from  $PT(O(p^4))$  and by 1.5  $\sigma$  from the Lattice calculations. The  $K^+ \to \mu^+ \nu \pi^0 \gamma (K \mu 3 \gamma)$  decay is studied with the high statistics of more than 1000 signal events with the energy of the emitted photon in the rest frame of the decaying kaon  $E_{\gamma} > 30$  MeV. Using  $4.48 \cdot 10^6$ events of the decay the ratio  $Br(K\mu3\gamma)/Br(K\mu3)$  is found to be  $(4.45 \pm 0.25(stat)) \cdot 10^{-4}$ . From this value, using Br(K $\mu$ 3) = 3.352% we get Br( $K\mu$ 3 $\gamma$ ) =  $(1.492\pm0.085(stat))\cdot 10^{-5}$ . Our result is preliminary, with systematic errors being estimated. A rare EM decay  $K^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$  is observed for the first time on the statistics of  $\tilde{}$  50 events with  $E_{\gamma} > 10$  MeV. The branching is measured to be Br =  $(3.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-6} E_{\gamma} >$ 10 MəB A super-rare EM decay  $K^+ \to e^+ \nu \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$  is searched for, no events were observed, the upper limit set is: Br $< 5 \cdot 10^{-8}$  , ~60 times better than in the previous searches.

Primary author(s): Prof. OBRAZTSOV, Vladimir (Institute for High Energy Physics - "NRC KI")

**Presenter(s):** Prof. OBRAZTSOV, Vladimir (Institute for High Energy Physics - "NRC KI")

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