

The upper limin on the $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$ decay

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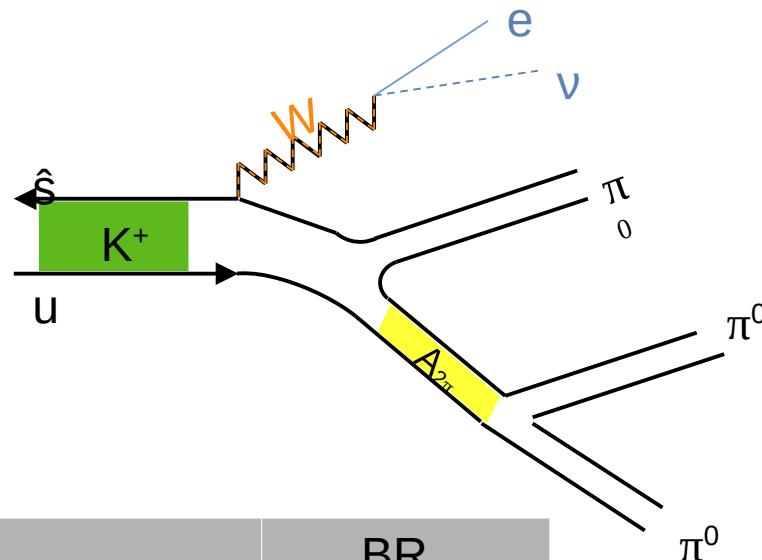
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Upper limit $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$
 We improve it considerably
 Expected $\sim 10^{-11}$

$BR < 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$ (PDG 2023)

Limited phase space enhance $\pi\pi$ -scattering in final state



	BR
$\pi^0 e^+ \nu$	5.07×10^{-2}
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	8.5×10^{-12}
$A_{2\pi} \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	8.8×10^{-8}

We can not
 We can

$\pi^+ \pi^-$ - atom $\pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow A_{2\pi} \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$

$BR(A_{2\pi} \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) \approx 100\%$

$\tau = 3 \times 10^{-15}$ sec

$m \approx 2m_\pi$

4-body rather than 5-body decay

$\Phi_4 \approx 10^6 \Phi_5$

Blaser S 1995 Phys Lett B 345, 287-290

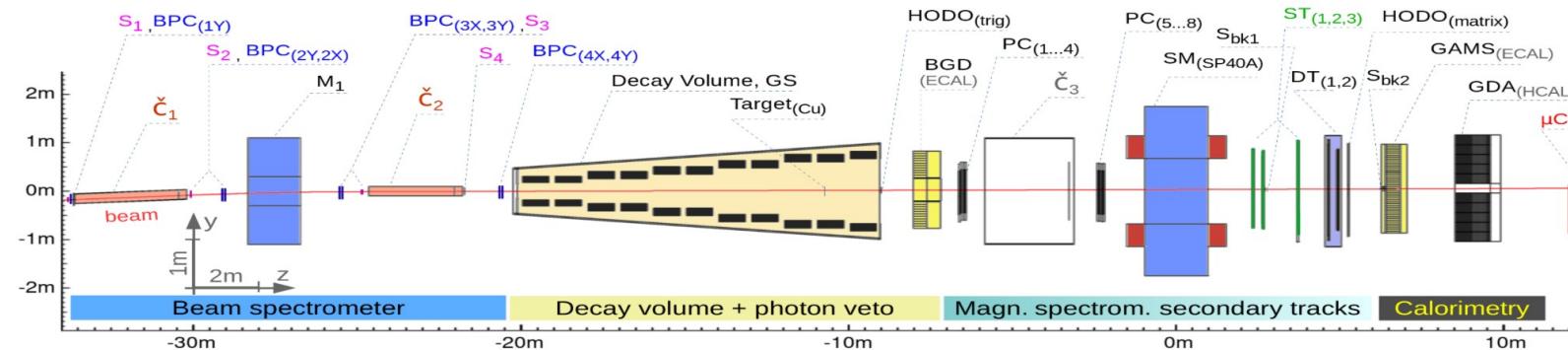
All available data analysed (2012, 2013 and 2018 runs)

No signal

Also identified

- $\pi^0 e^+ \nu$ normalization
- $2\pi^0 e^+ \nu$ cross check, 13th bang principle

OKA detector



1. Beam spectrometer: 1mm pitch BPC ~1500 channels; Sc and C counters
2. Decay volume with Veto system:
L=11m; Veto: 670 Lead-Scintillator sandwiches 20* (5mm Sc+1.5 mmPb), WLS readout
3. PC's, ST's and DT's for magnetic spectrometer:
~5000 ch. PC (2 mm pitch) + 1300 DT (1 and 3 cm)
4. Pad(Matrix) Hodoscope ~300 ch. WLS+SiPM readout
5. Magnet: aperture 200*140 cm²
6. Gamma detectors: GAMS2000, BGD EM cal. ~ 4000 LG.
7. Muon identification: GDA-100 HCAL + 4 muon counters (μC) behind
8. For some runs Cu target inside decay volume was used: $\varnothing=8$ cm, $t=2$ mm and C3 big Čerenkov counter

The main triggers

$$S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot S_3 \cdot \overline{C}_1 \cdot C_2 \cdot \overline{S}_{bk} \cdot (\Sigma_{GAMS} > 2.5 \text{ GeV}) \cup (2 \leq MH \leq 4)$$

Prescaled triggers

$$S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot S_3 \cdot C_1 \cdot C_2 \cdot S_{bk}/10 \quad S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot S_3 \cdot C_1 \cdot C_2 \cdot S_{bk} \cdot \mu C /4$$

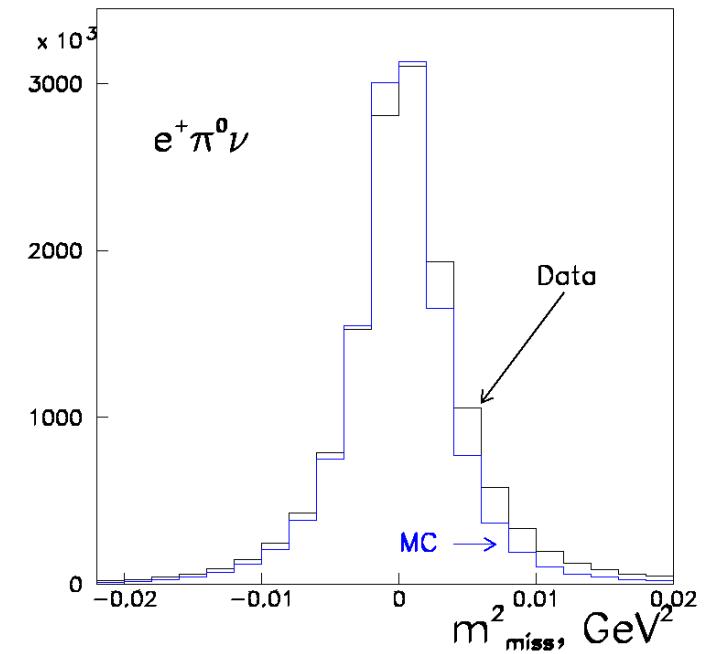
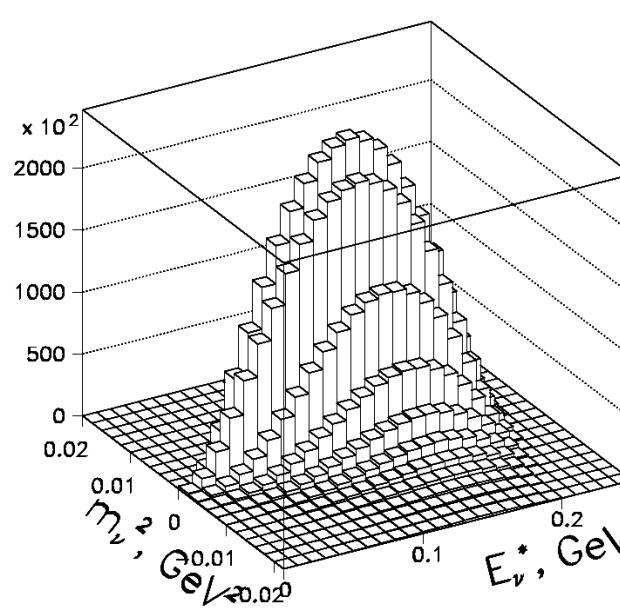
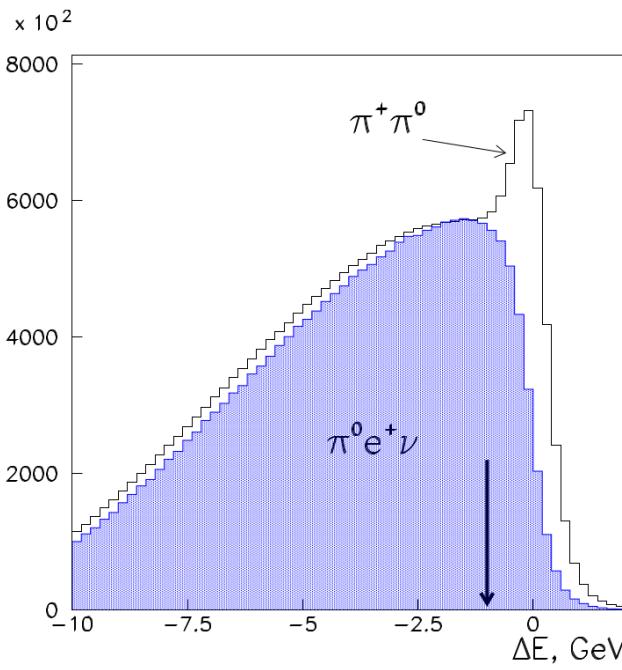
3.65×10^9 decays, 8×10^8 with 1 track

- Single track identified as e^+ .
- π^0 -mesons found in search through $\gamma_i\gamma_j$ combinations: $N_{\pi^0} = 1, 2, 3$.

	$\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$	$\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$
e^+ ID	E/p	E/p OR C_3
E_γ	>0.5 GeV	>0.3 GeV
N_γ	2,4	≥ 6
GDA showers	0	
e^+ track segments	2	

Energy balance $\Delta E < -1\text{GeV}$

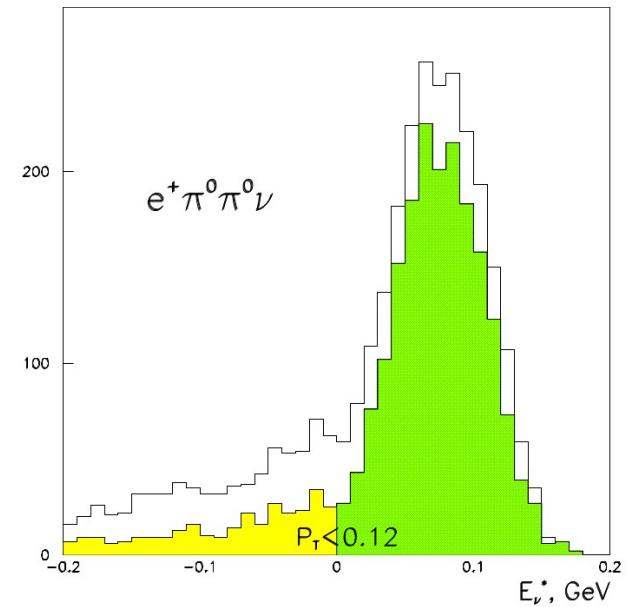
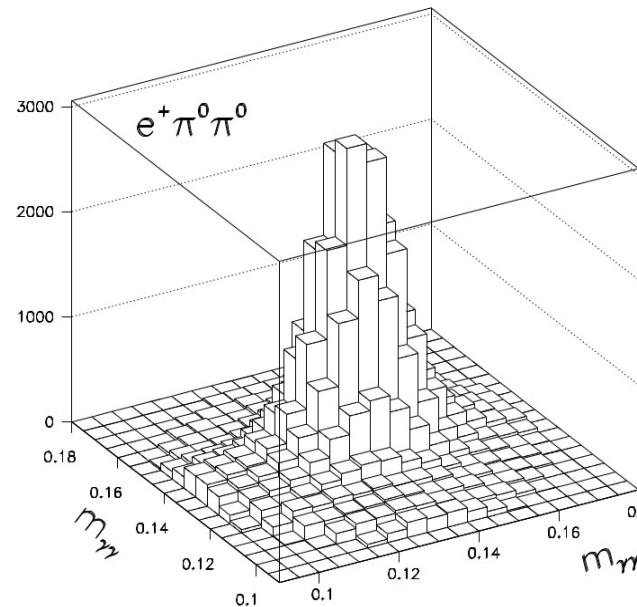
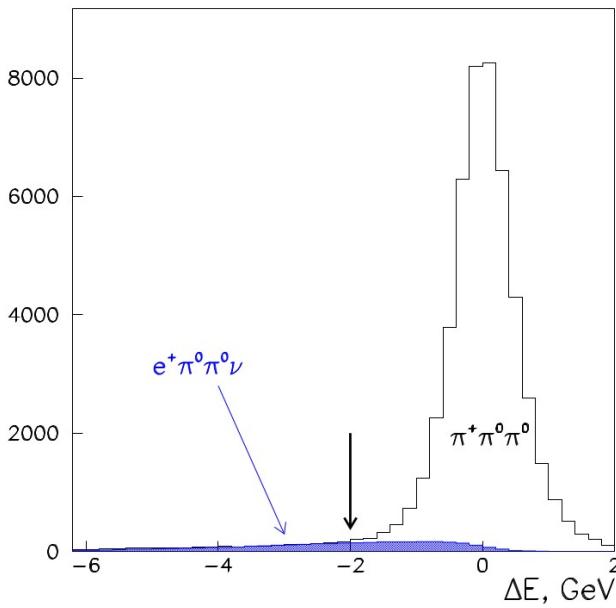
MC ~1% background



$\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$

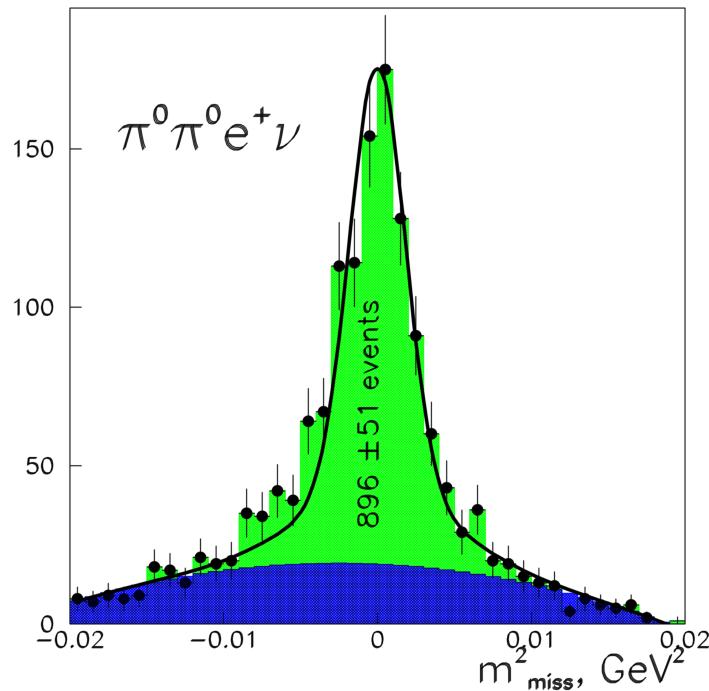
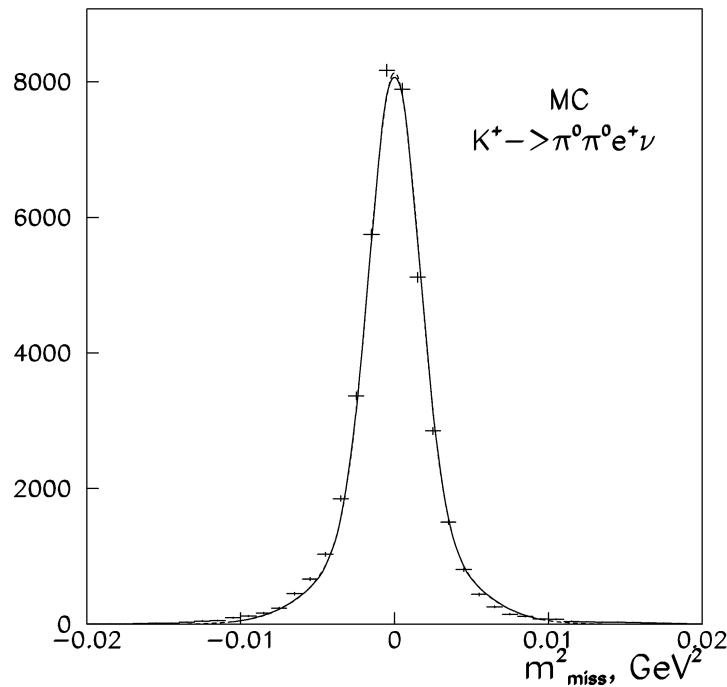
Major background: $\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0$

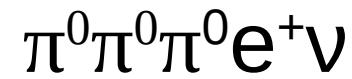
- $\Delta E < -2\text{GeV}$
 - $P_T < 0.12\text{GeV}$
 - $E_{\text{miss}}^* > 0$
- $p_{v,\text{max}}=0.173\text{GeV}$
energy in K^+ rest frame



$\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu$

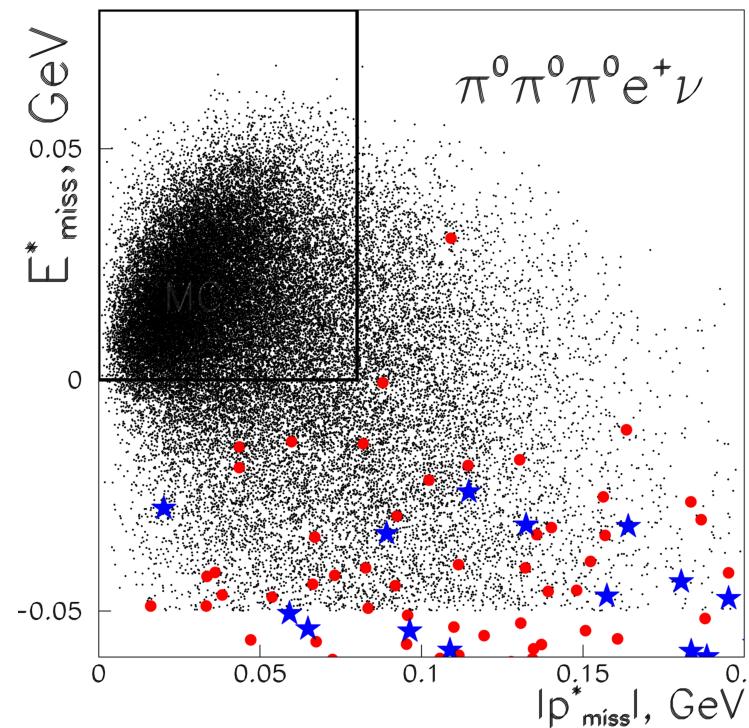
Fit MC to G+G
Fit data to MC shape + P2





- $P_{\text{miss}}^* < 0.08 \text{ GeV}$ $p_{\nu, \text{max}}^* = 0.08 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_{\text{miss}}^* > 0$ energy in K^+ rest frame

Background-free



Matrix elements

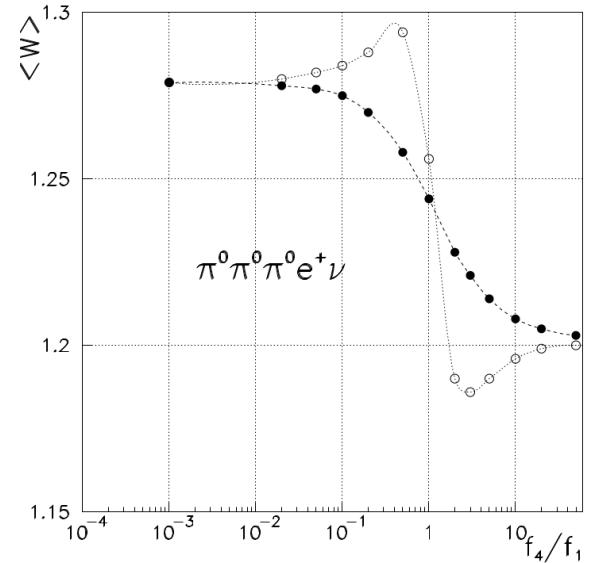
$$M \sim (\bar{e}\gamma_\alpha(1 + \gamma_5)\nu)H_\alpha$$

Lorentz invariance + Bose-statistics limit hadron current to

$$\begin{aligned} H_\alpha &= f_1 p_\alpha + f_3 (k_e + k_\nu)_\alpha \\ &= f_1 (p_1 + p_2)_\alpha \\ &= f_1 (p_1 + p_2 + p_3)_\alpha + f_4 q_\alpha, \\ q &= \frac{\{(p_1 \cdot p_2)p_3\}_{123}}{m_\pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\pi^0 e^+ \nu \\ &\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu \\ &\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu \end{aligned}$$

$$f_3 \sim \left(\frac{m_e}{m_K}\right)^2 \approx 0$$



$$p_1 \cdot p_2 \approx m_\pi^2 \rightarrow q \approx p_1 + p_2 + p_3, \quad H_\alpha \approx (f_1 + f_4)(p_1 + p_2 + p_3)$$

Branching ratios

Decay	Events	ϵ	BR	PDG
$\pi^0 e^+ \nu$	8.4×10^6	1.08×10^{-2}	Normalization	$(5.07 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-2}$
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	896 ± 51	2.3×10^{-3}	$(2.54 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-5}$	$(2.55 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-5}$
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$ $f_4/f_1 = -3$	0	1.89×10^{-3}	$< 5.4 \times 10^{-8}$ 90% CL	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$ 90% CL

Systematic errors

- f_4/f_1 unknown, BR can be 10% **less**
- $\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ v) = (5.07 \pm 0.04)\%$, <1%

$\text{BR}(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ v)$ agrees $\rightarrow \epsilon$'s are correct to $\pm 6\%$
 σ_ϵ is only 2nd order correction to upper limit
 $n = (\epsilon \pm \sigma_\epsilon)B$, $n = 0$, $B < ?$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_0 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_\epsilon} \int \exp \left[-(\epsilon + x)B - \frac{x^2}{2\sigma_\epsilon^2} \right] dx = \\
 &= e^{-A}, \quad A = \epsilon B \left[1 - \left(\frac{\sigma_\epsilon}{\epsilon} \right)^2 \times \frac{\epsilon B}{2} \right] \approx \epsilon B \left[1 - 1.15 \left(\frac{\sigma_\epsilon}{\epsilon} \right)^2 \right], \\
 \epsilon B &\approx 2.3 \left[1 + 1.15 \left(\frac{\sigma_\epsilon}{\epsilon} \right)^2 \right], \quad \frac{\sigma_\epsilon}{\epsilon} \ll 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

Roger Barlow, "Systematic Errors: Facts and Fictions", arXiv:hep-ex/0207026v1 6Jul 2002

Conclusion

$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0 e^+ v) < 5.4 \times 10^{-8}$ 90% CL

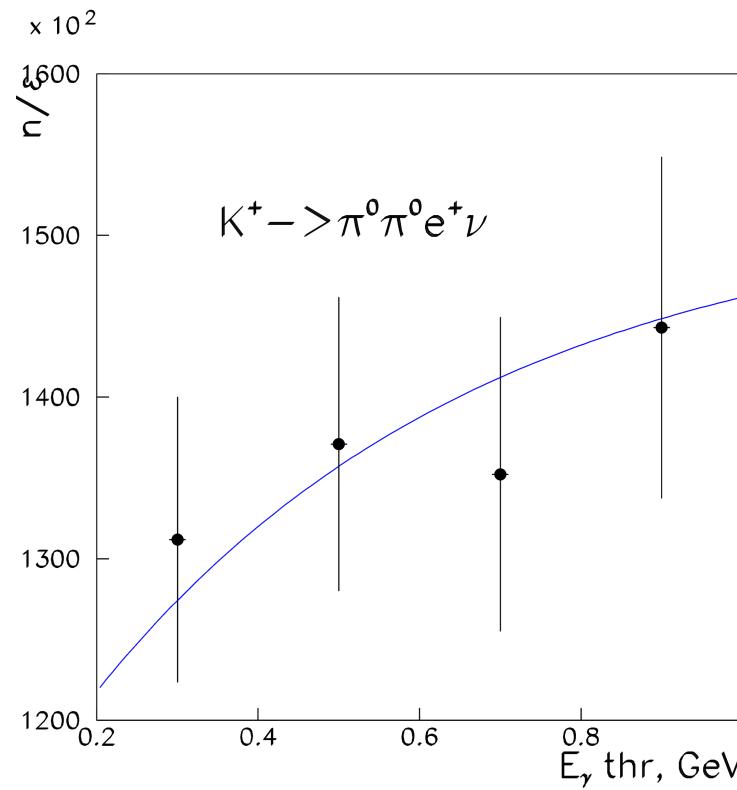
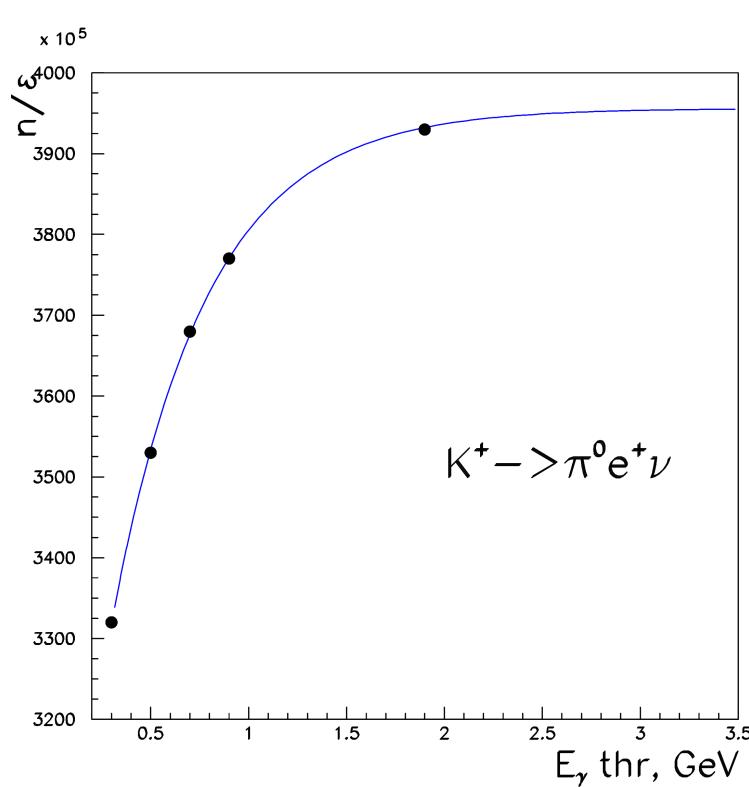
65 times better than current PDG

Background-free experiment

$\text{BR} \sim 1/M$ rather than $1/\sqrt{M}$

Paves the road for future high-statistics experiments

E γ threshold



Формфакторы

Параметризация f_1 мало влияет
на эффективность

$$f_1(q^2, z^2) = f_1(0,0)(1+az^2+bz^4+c(m_{ev}/m_\pi)^2)$$

$$z = m_{\pi\pi}/m_\pi$$

$$a = 0.092 \pm 0.021$$

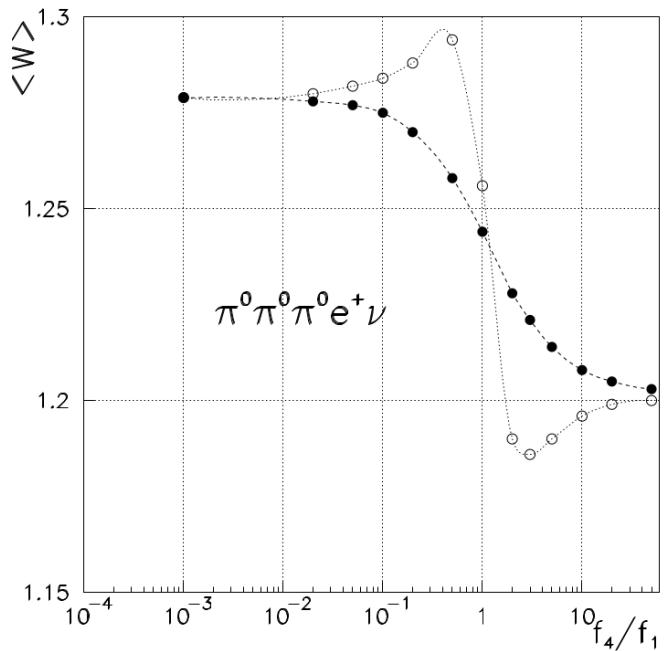
$$b = (-5.6 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$c = 0.036 \pm 0.007$$

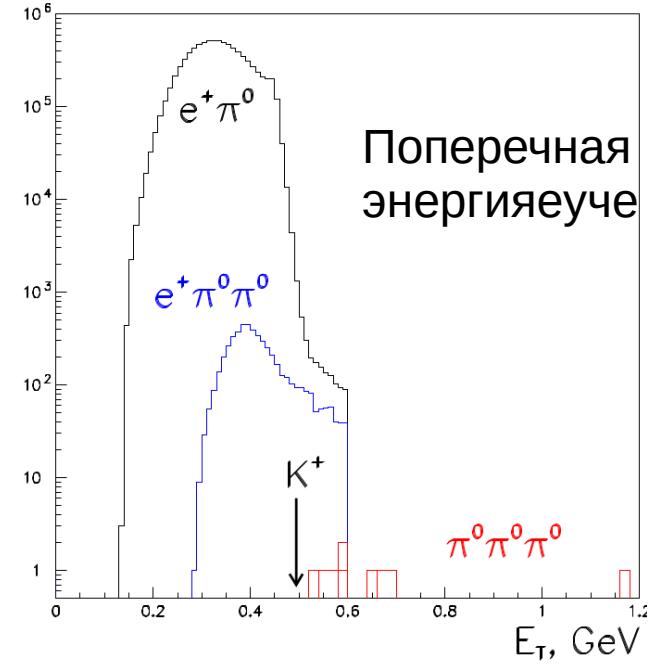
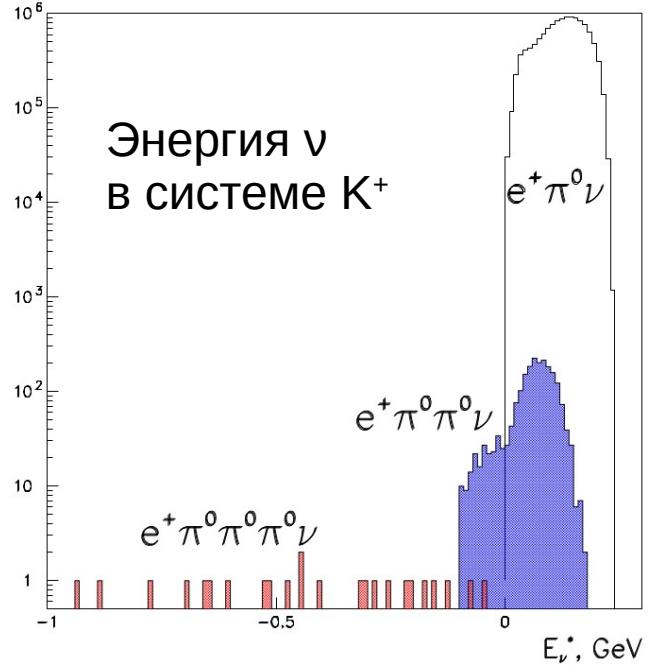
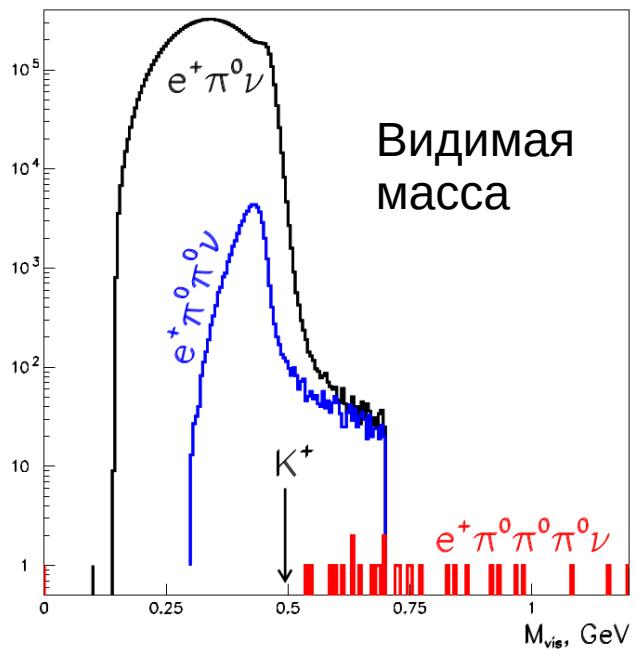
NA48/2 JHEP08 (2014) 159

ArXiv ePrint: 1406.4749

$\max/\min \approx 1.09$



События $\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0e^+$



Мотивация

