

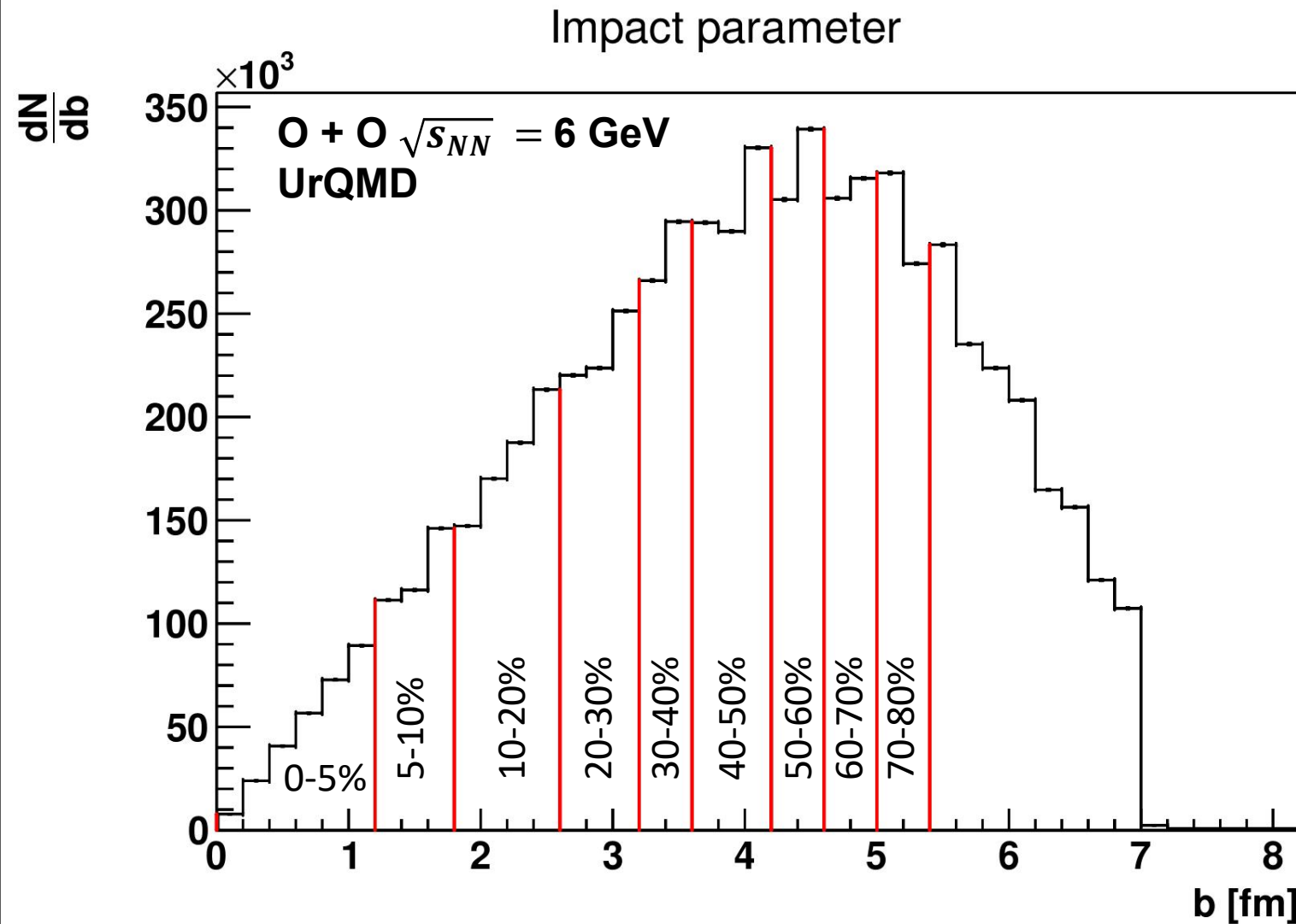
Charged and identified ($\pi^\pm$, $K^\pm$) hadron spectra in O + O collisions
at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV using UrQMD model

Anastasiia Vasilieva

2025-09-01

Collision centrality determination using impact parameter

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV



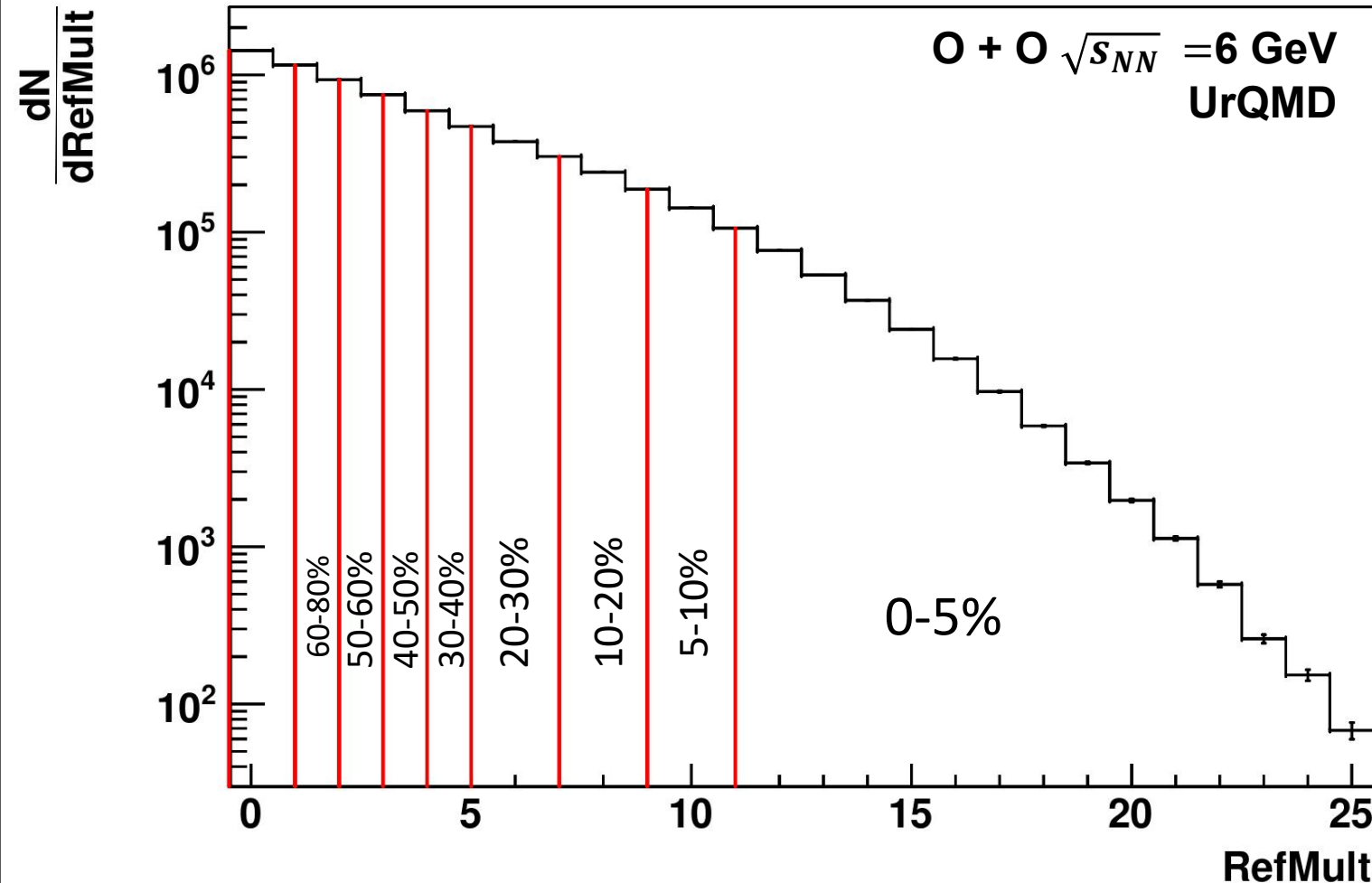
Centrality	Impact parameter b, fm	Fraction
0 - 5%	0 - 1.2	0.04213
5 - 10%	1.2 - 1.8	0.09619
10 - 20%	1.8 - 2.6	0.20008
20 - 30%	2.6 - 3.2	0.30063
30 - 40%	3.2 - 3.6	0.38171
40 - 50%	3.6 - 4.2	0.51394
50 - 60%	4.2 - 4.6	0.60717
60 - 70%	4.6 - 5.0	0.69705
70 - 80%	5.0 - 5.4	0.78271

Collision centrality determination using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 0.5$)

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

Reference multiplicity (RefMult) is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 0.5$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

Reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 0.5$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)

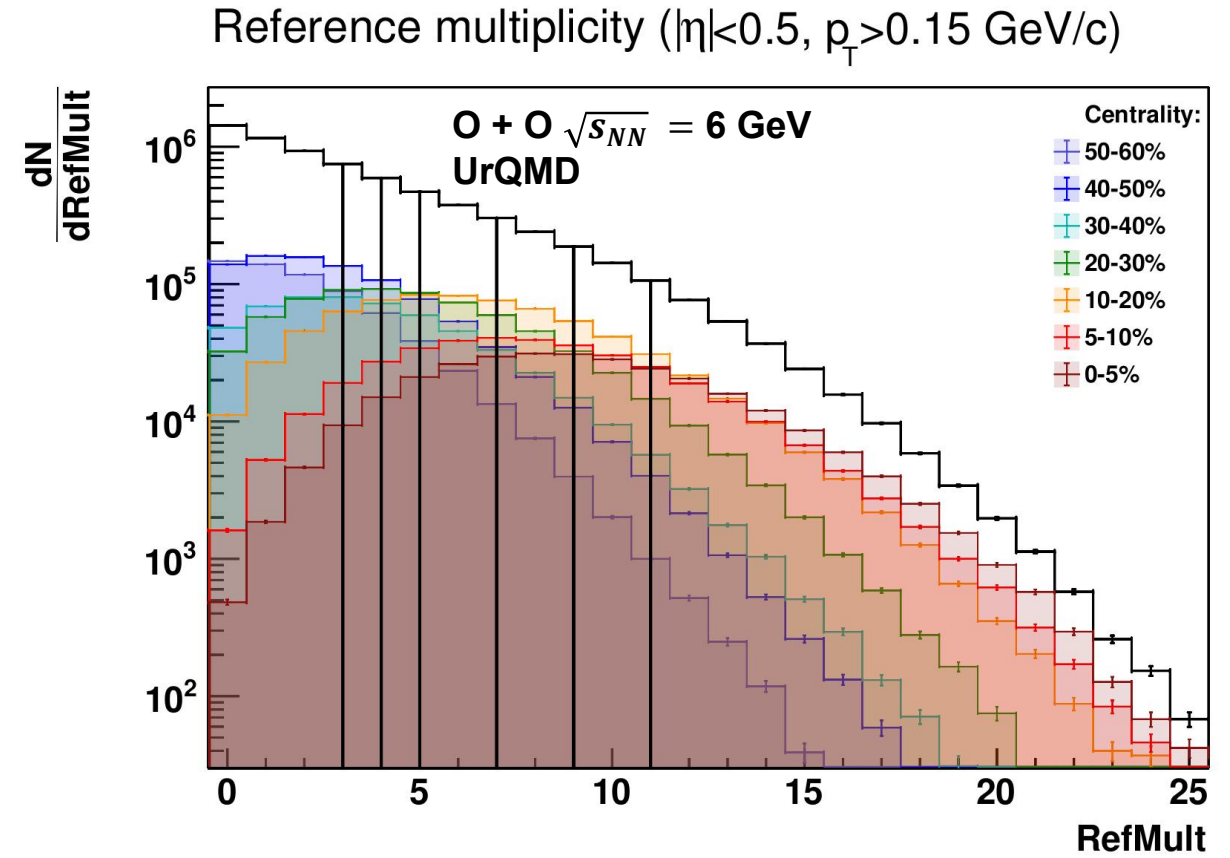
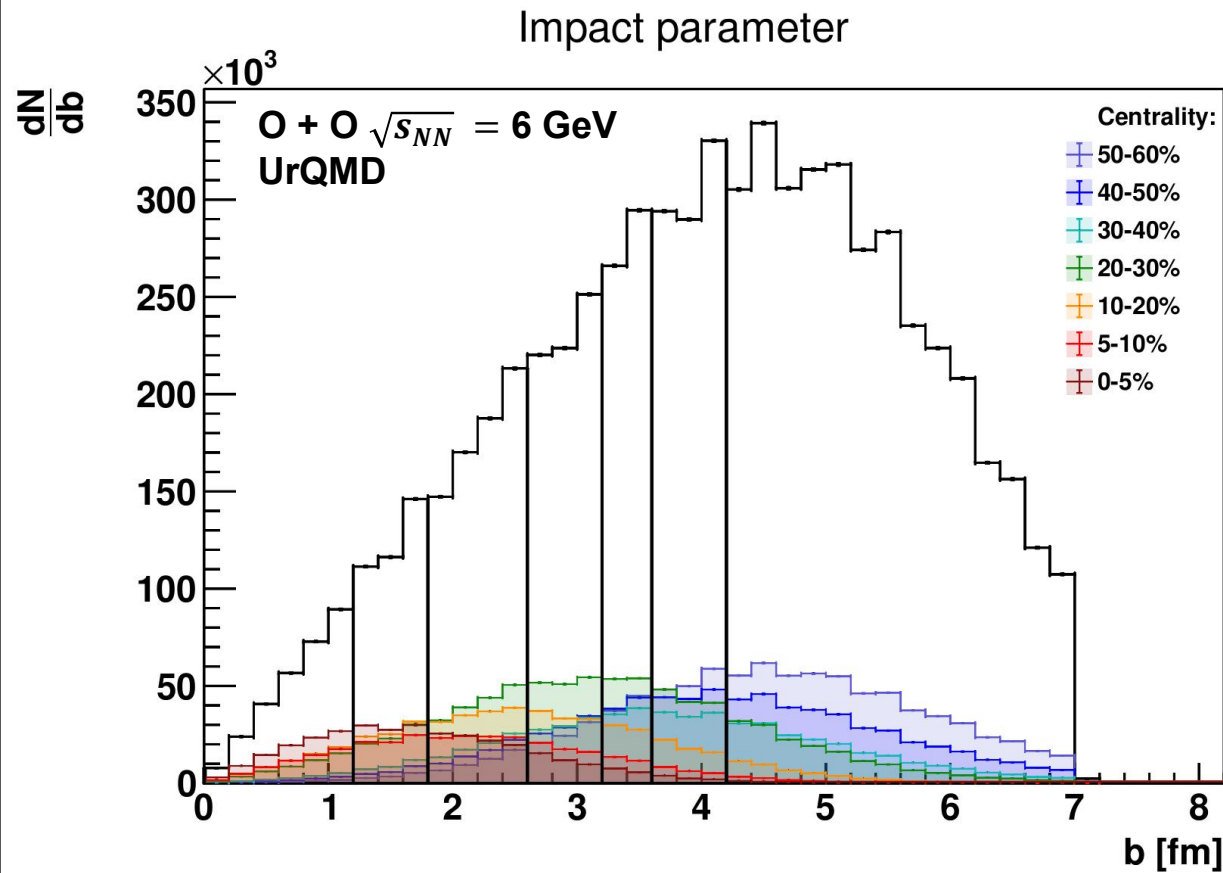


Centrality	RefMult	Fraction
0 - 5%	11 - 30	0.04862
5 - 10%	9 - 11	0.09640
10 - 20%	7 - 9	0.17501
20 - 30%	5 - 7	0.29746
30 - 40%	4 - 5	0.38304
40 - 50%	3 - 4	0.49131
50 - 60%	2 - 3	0.62619
60 - 80%	1 - 2	0.79341

Collision centrality determination using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 0.5$)

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

Reference multiplicity (RefMult) is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 0.5$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

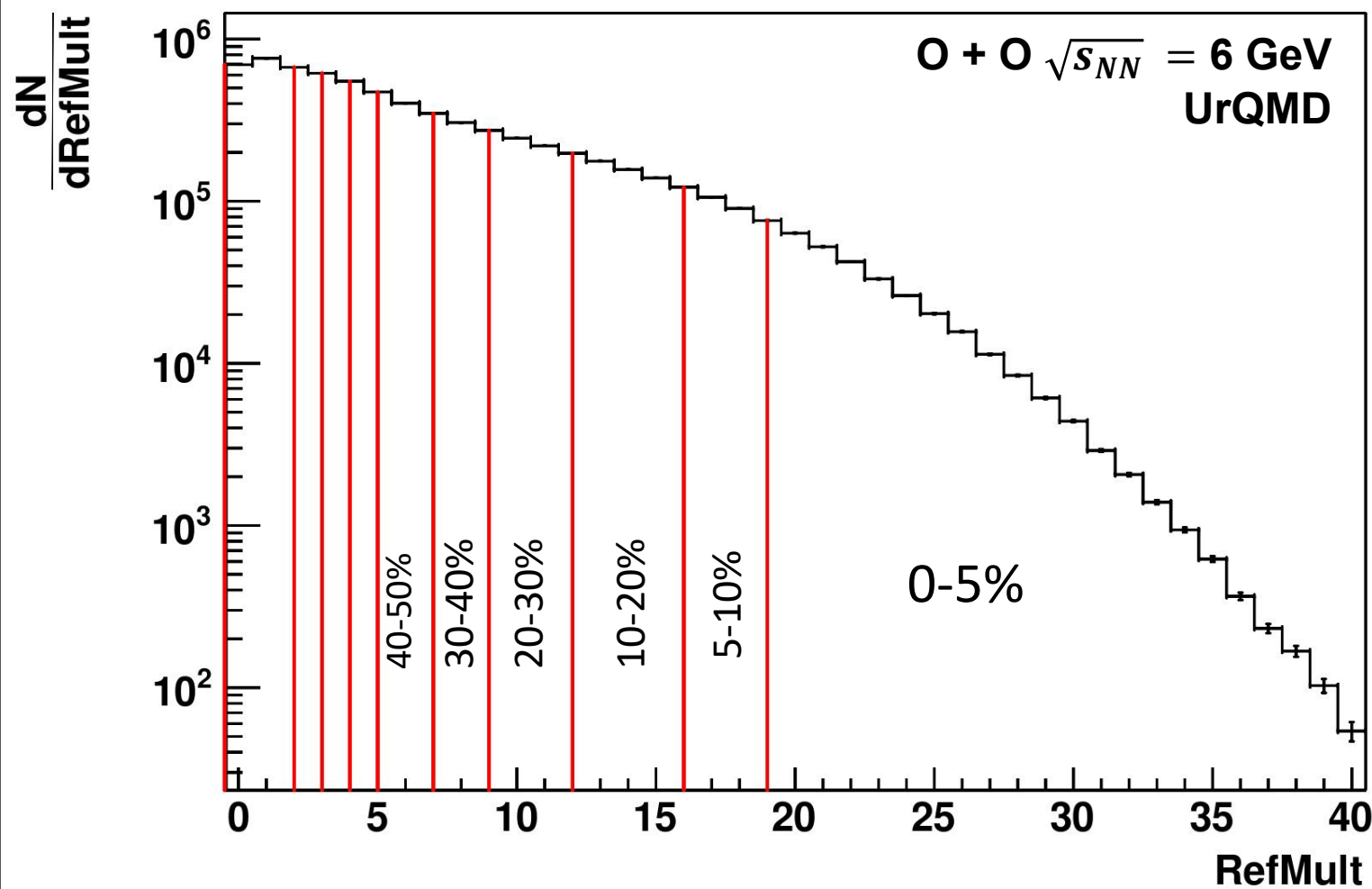


Collision centrality determination using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 1.0$)

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

Reference multiplicity (**RefMult**) is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 1.0$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

Reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 1, p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)

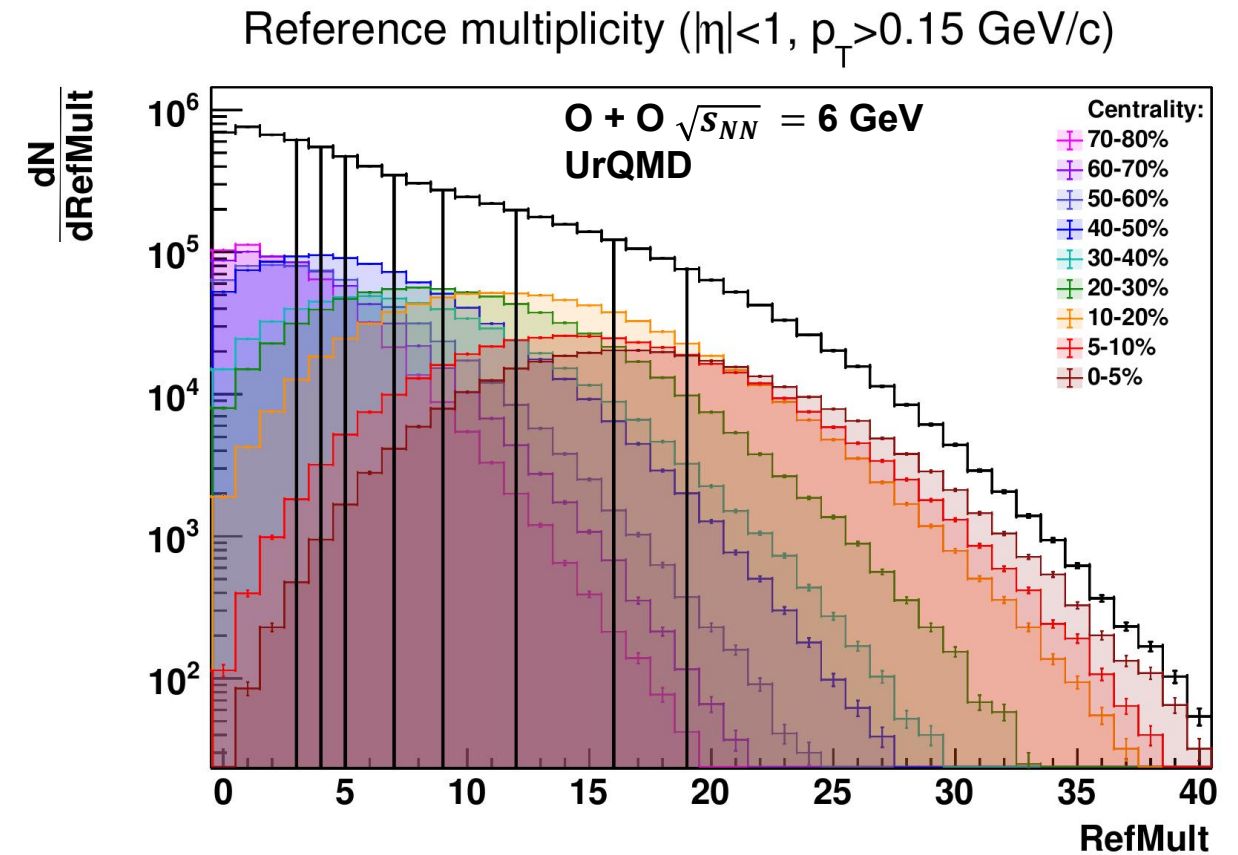
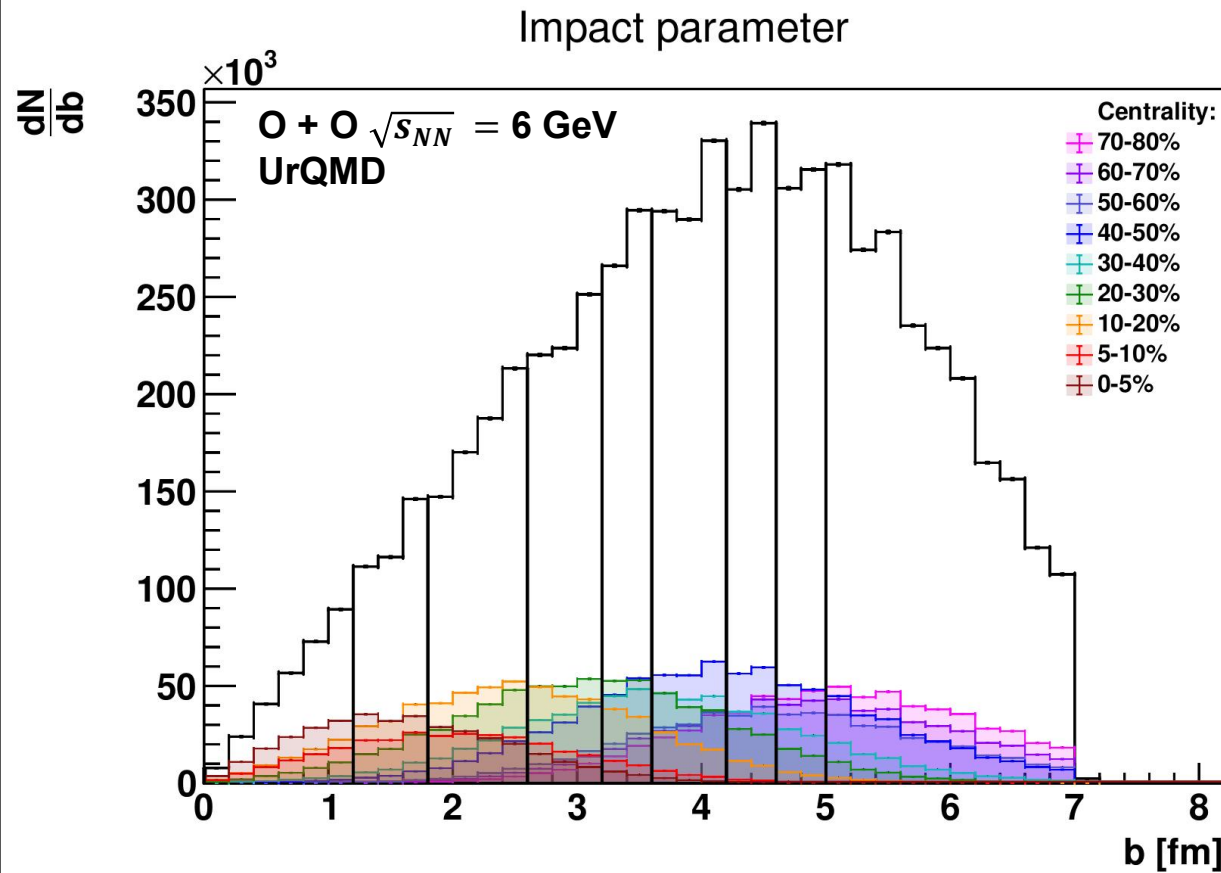


Centrality	RefMult	Fraction
0 - 5%	19 - 48	0.05333
5 - 10%	16 - 19	0.09935
10 - 20%	12 - 16	0.19625
20 - 30%	9 - 12	0.30292
30 - 40%	7 - 9	0.39747
40 - 50%	5 - 7	0.52390
50 - 60%	4 - 5	0.60342
60 - 70%	3 - 4	0.69244
70 - 80%	2 - 3	0.78930

Collision centrality determination using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 1.0$)

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

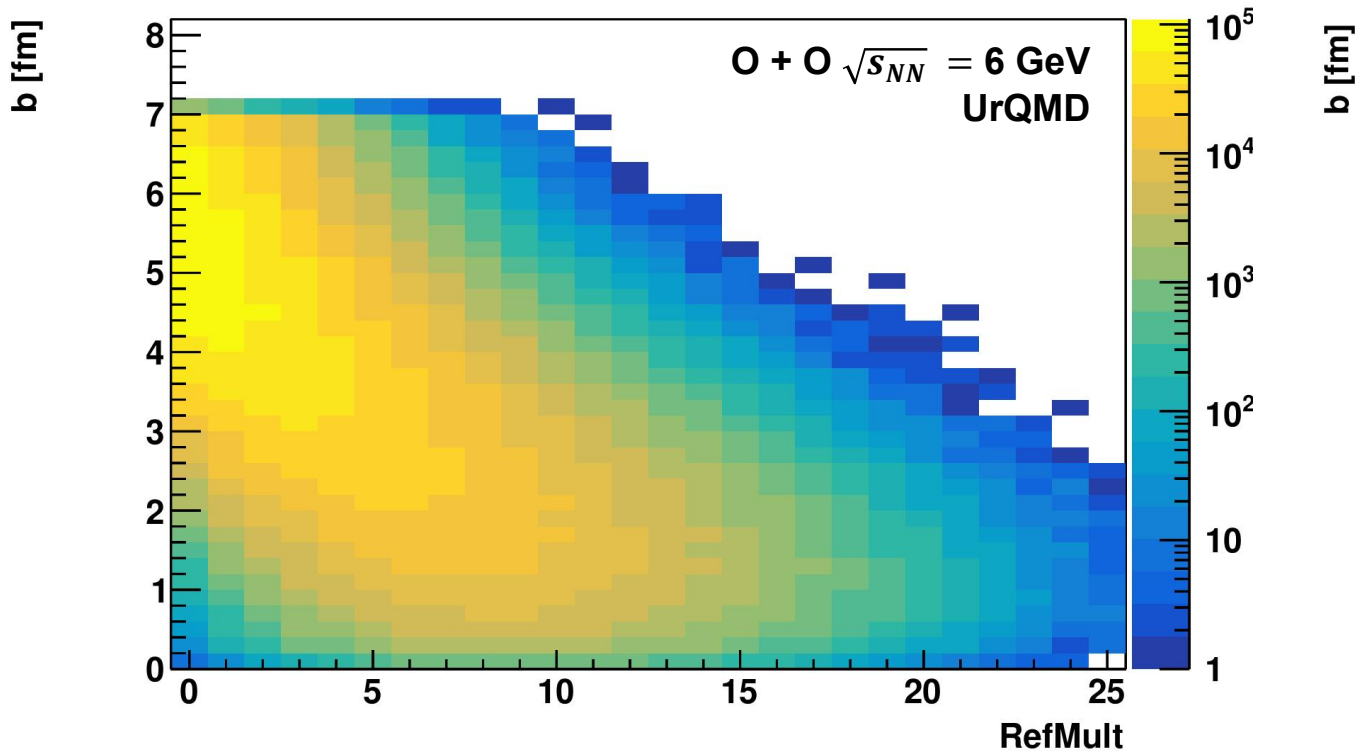
Reference multiplicity (RefMult) is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 1.0$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c



Impact parameter vs RefMult

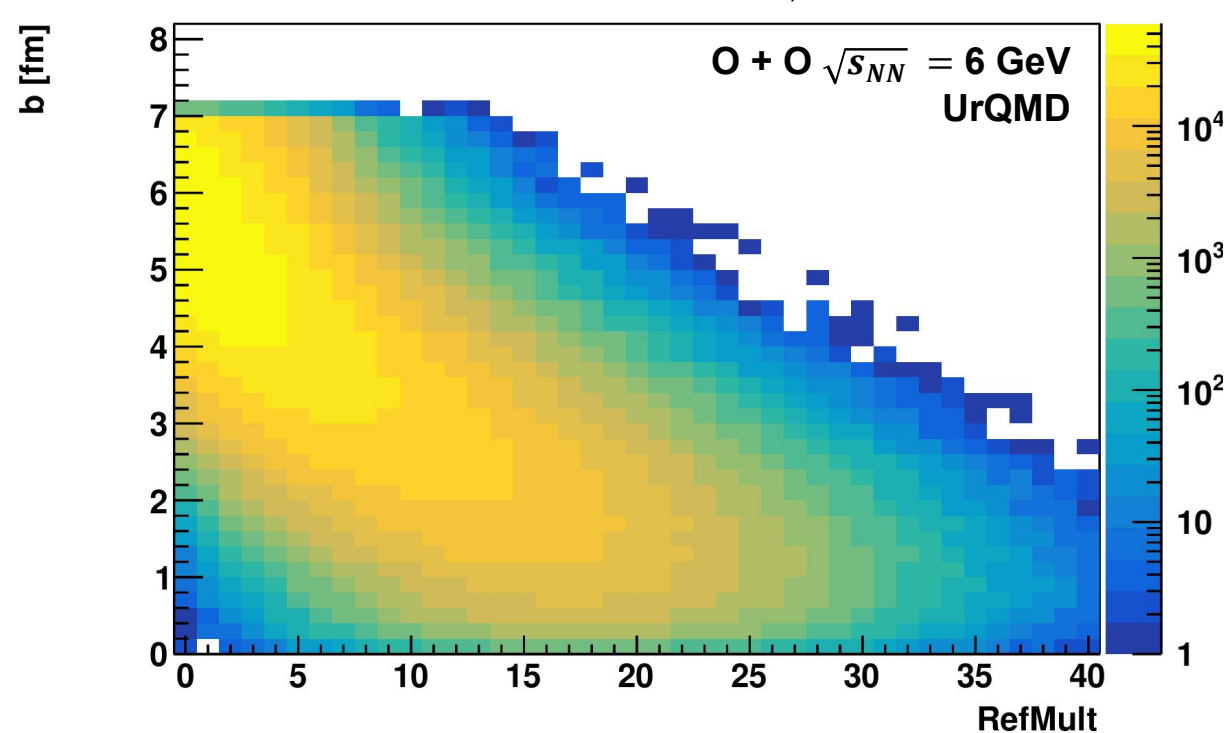
System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

Impact parameter vs. refMult ($|\eta| < 0.5$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)



Reference multiplicity is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 0.5$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

Impact parameter vs. refMult ($|\eta| < 1$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)



Reference multiplicity is calculated as a number of charged particles with $|\eta| < 1.0$ and $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

Data & Cuts

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

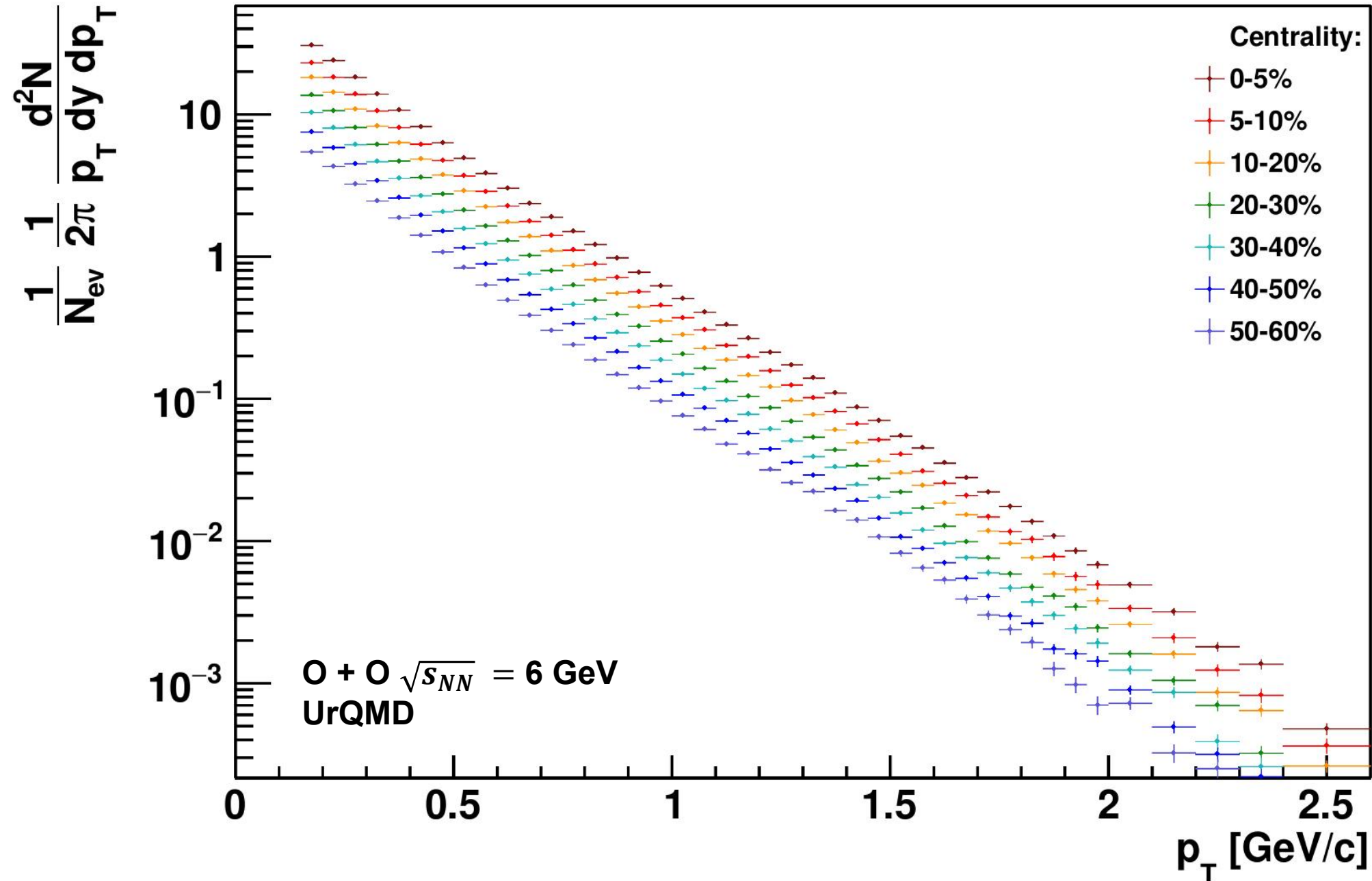
UrQMD, statistics: $\sim 7 \times 10^6$ events

Track cuts:

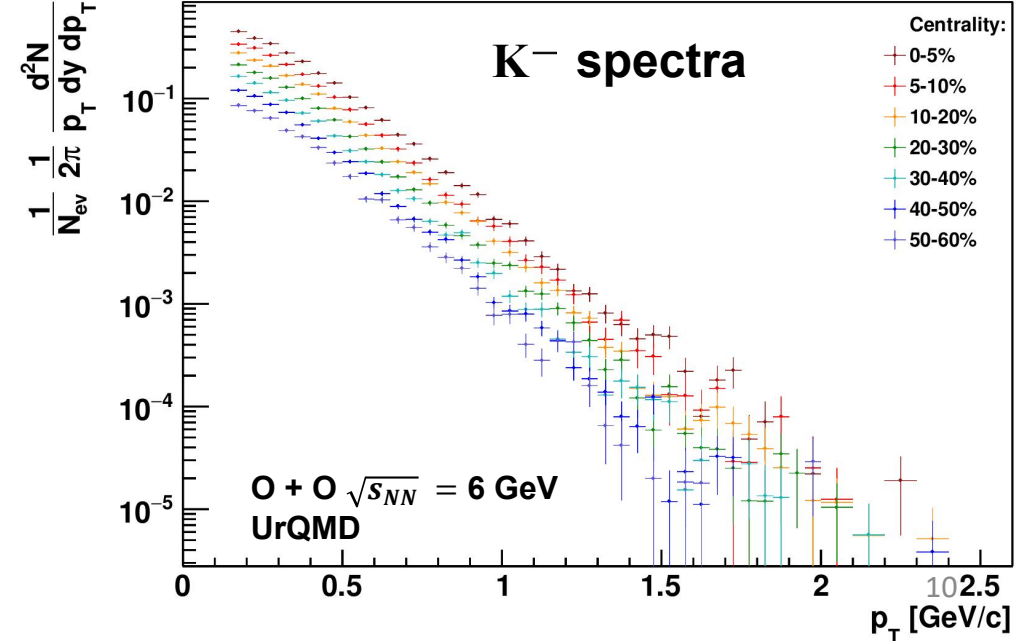
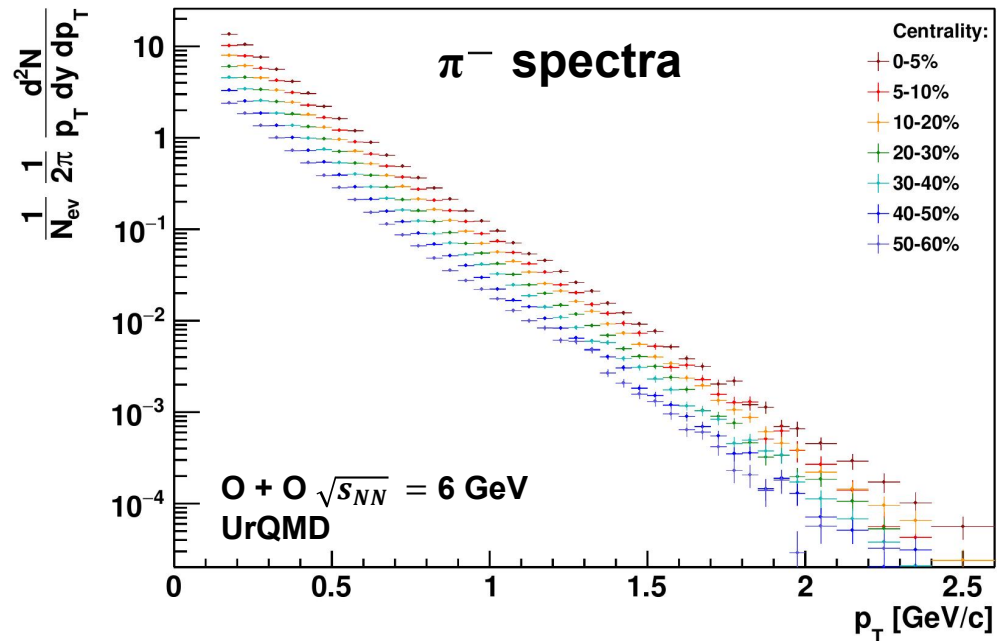
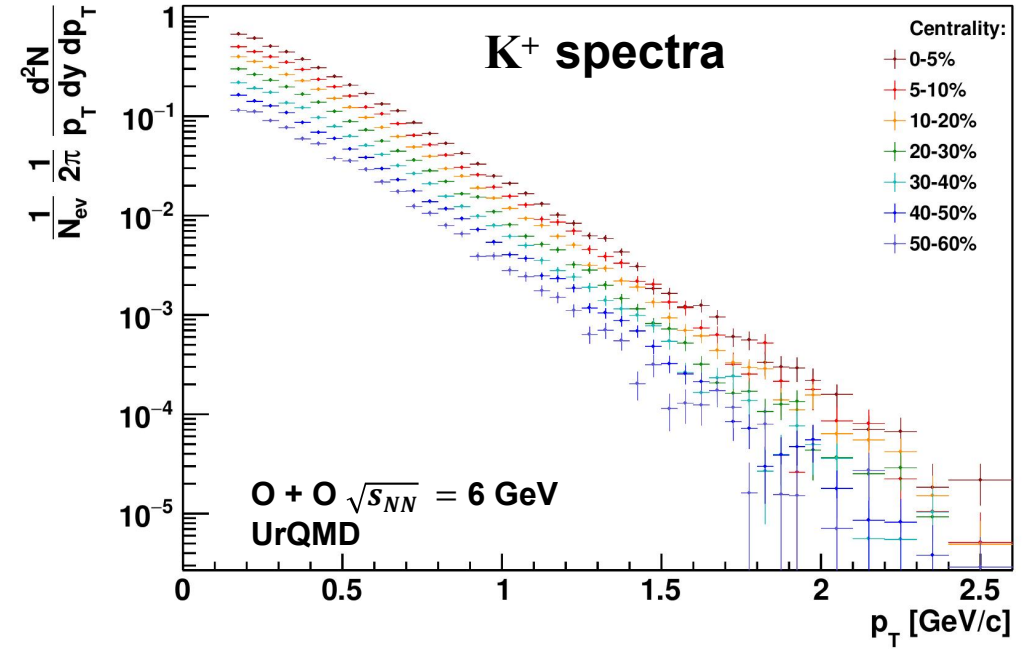
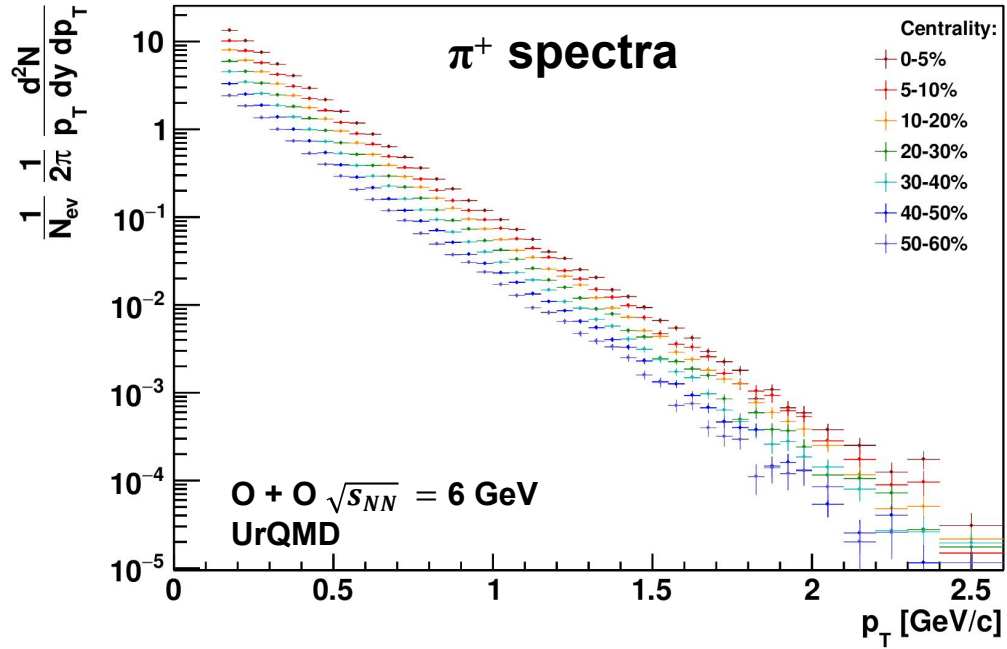
- $|y| < 0.1$
- $|\eta| < 1.0$
- $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

Centrality is calculated using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 1.0$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)

Charged hadron spectra for different centrality classes (RefMult10)

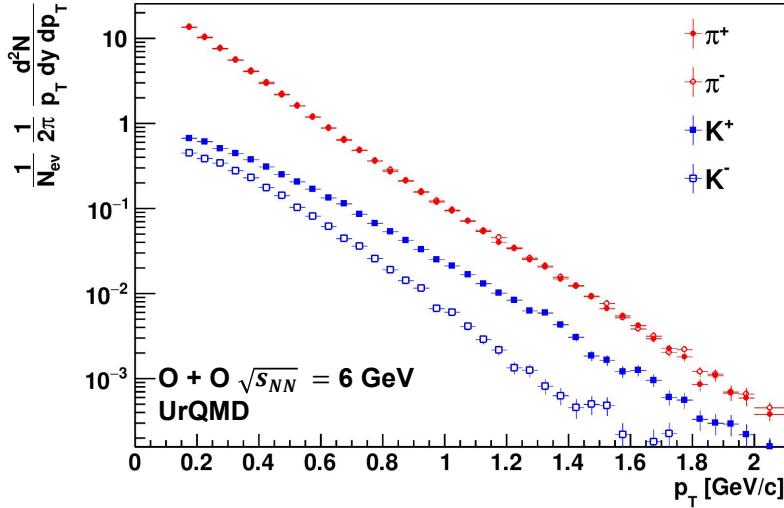


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes (RefMult10)

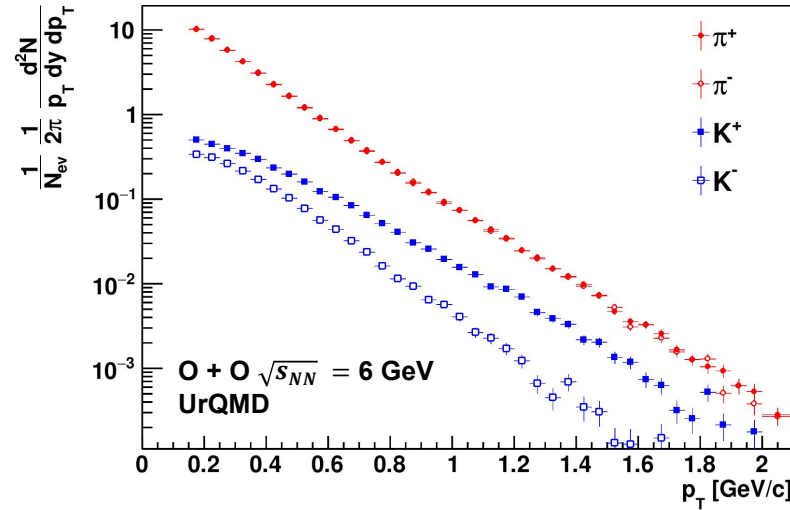


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes (RefMult10)

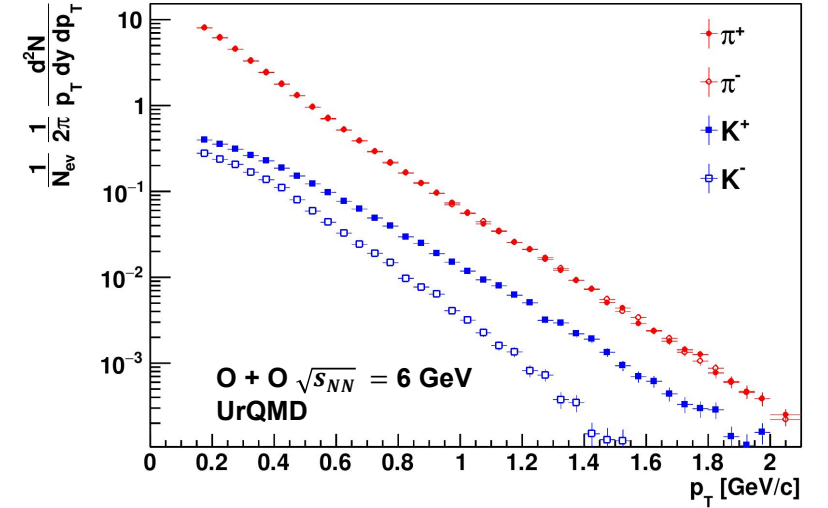
p_T spectra for centrality 0-5%



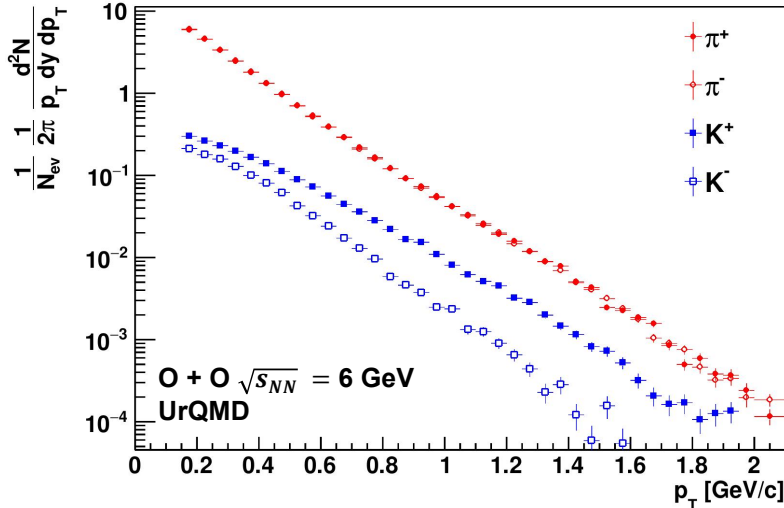
p_T spectra for centrality 5-10%



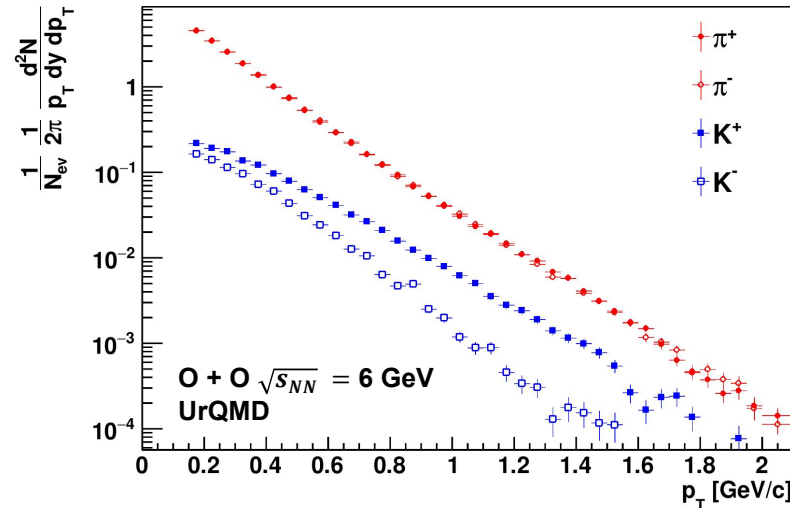
p_T spectra for centrality 10-20%



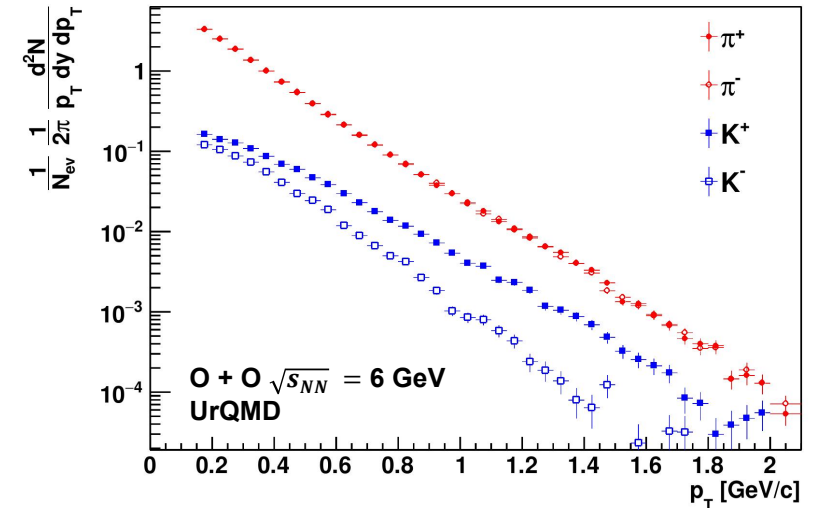
p_T spectra for centrality 20-30%



p_T spectra for centrality 30-40%



p_T spectra for centrality 40-50%



Data & Cuts

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

UrQMD, statistics: $\sim 7 \times 10^6$ events

Track cuts:

- $|y| < 0.1$
- $|\eta| < 0.5$
- $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

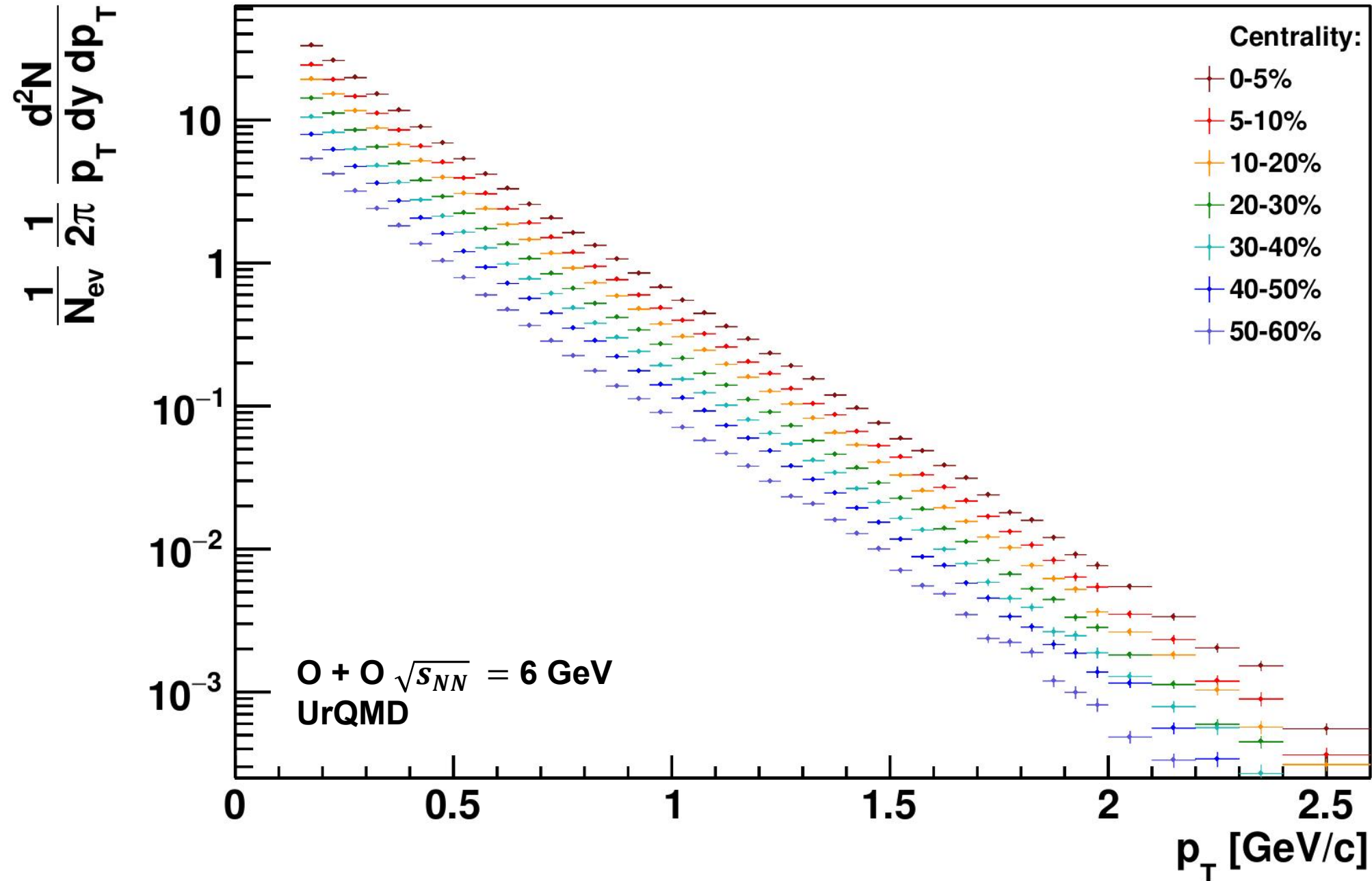
Centrality is calculated using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 0.5$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)

Сейчас пойдут спектры, полученные при определении центральности столкновений другими способами:

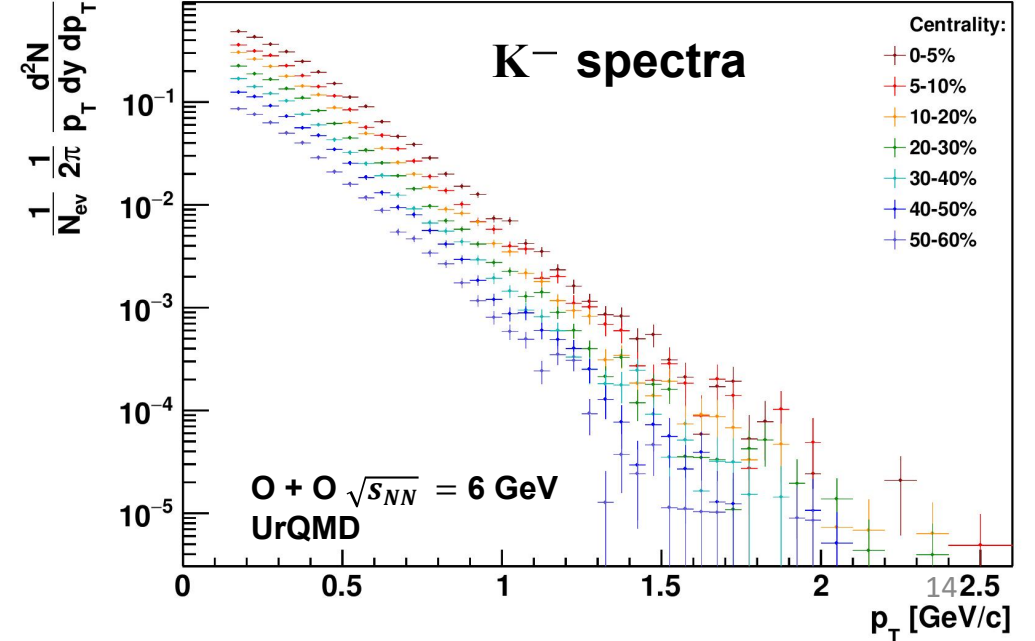
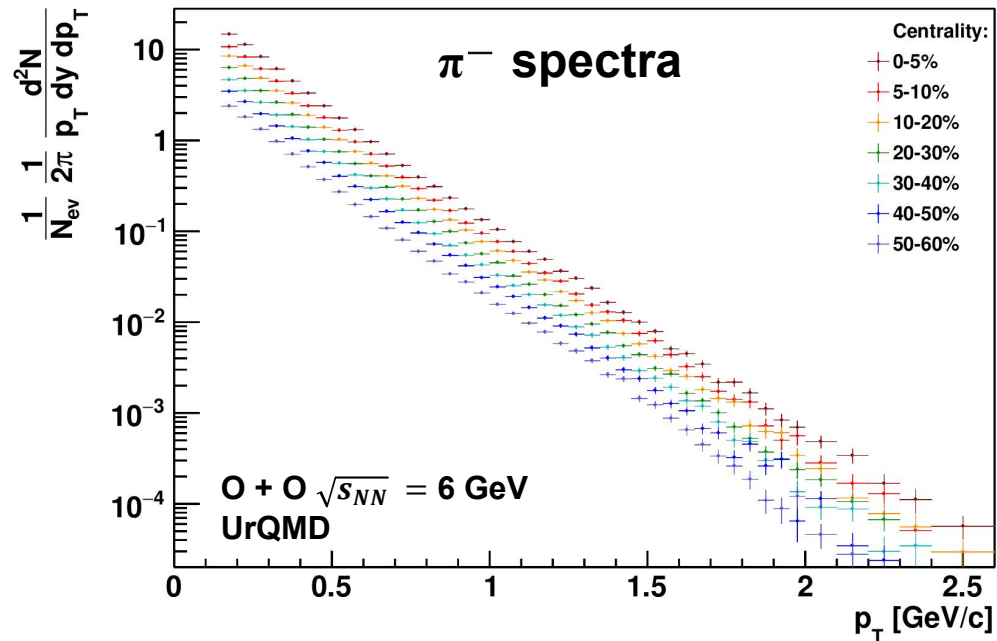
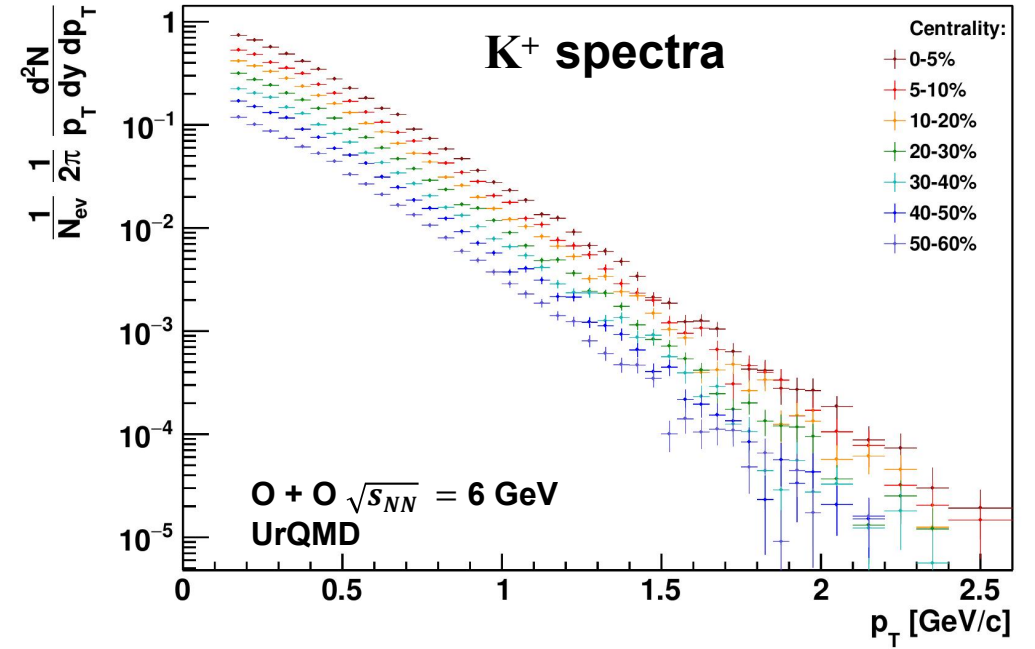
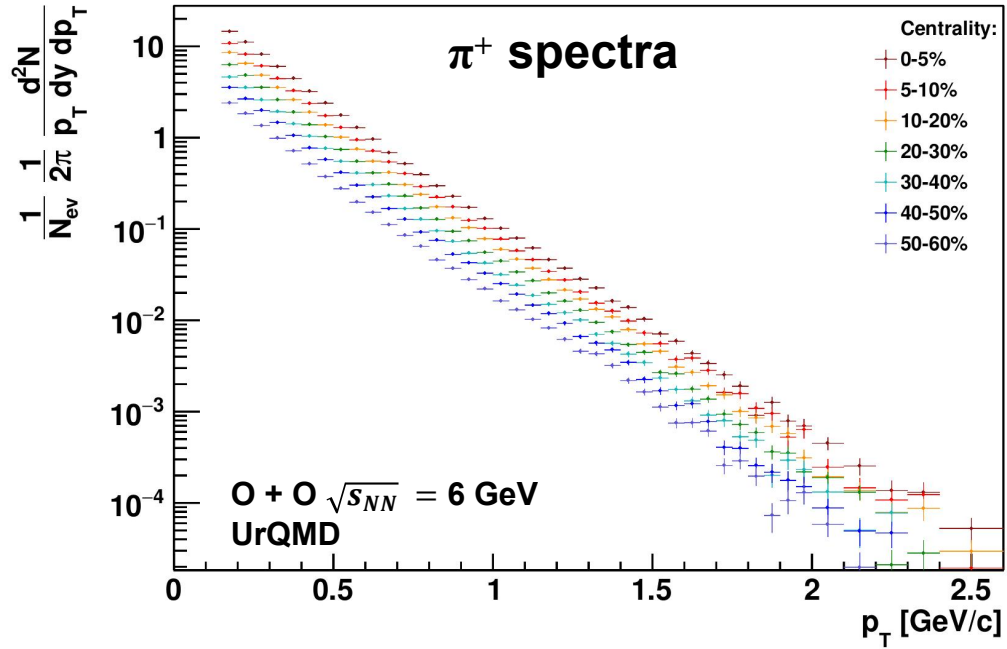
1) **относительная множественность, но для $|\eta| < 0.5$**

2) прицельный параметр

Charged hadron spectra for different centrality classes (RefMult05)

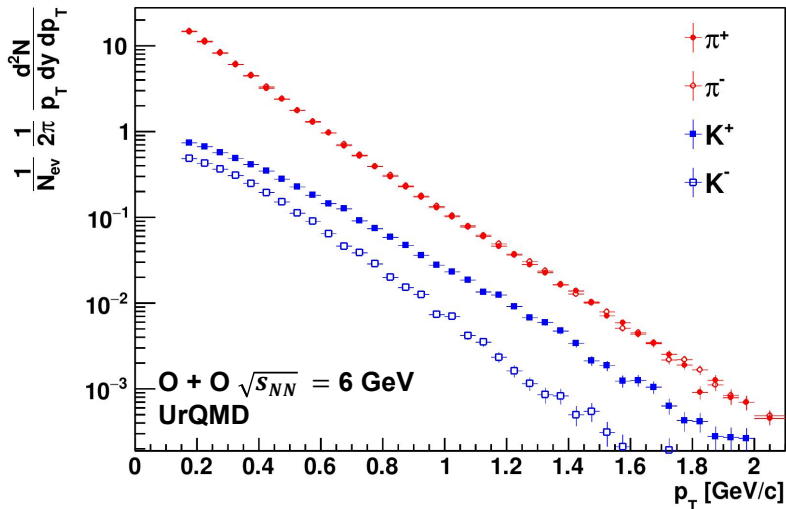


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes (RefMult05)

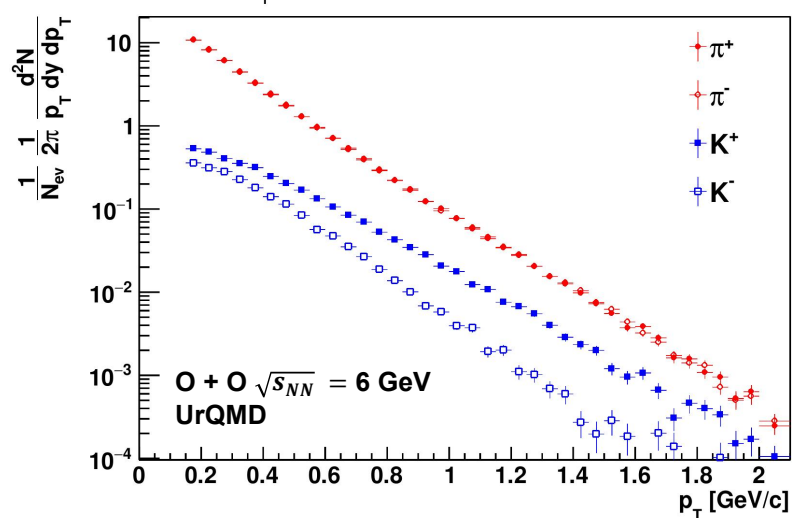


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes

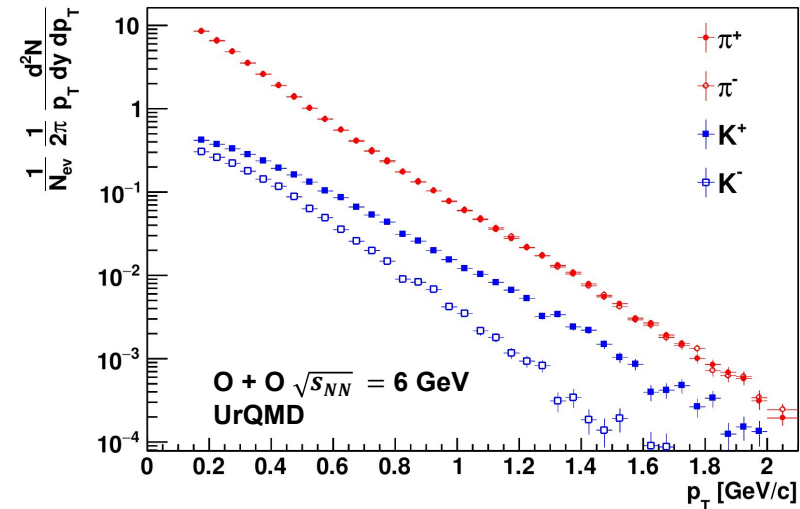
p_T spectra for centrality 0-5%



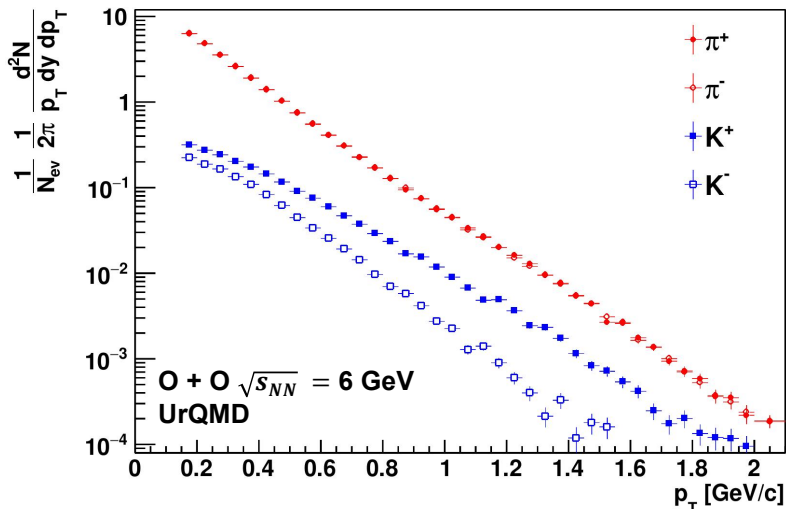
p_T spectra for centrality 5-10%



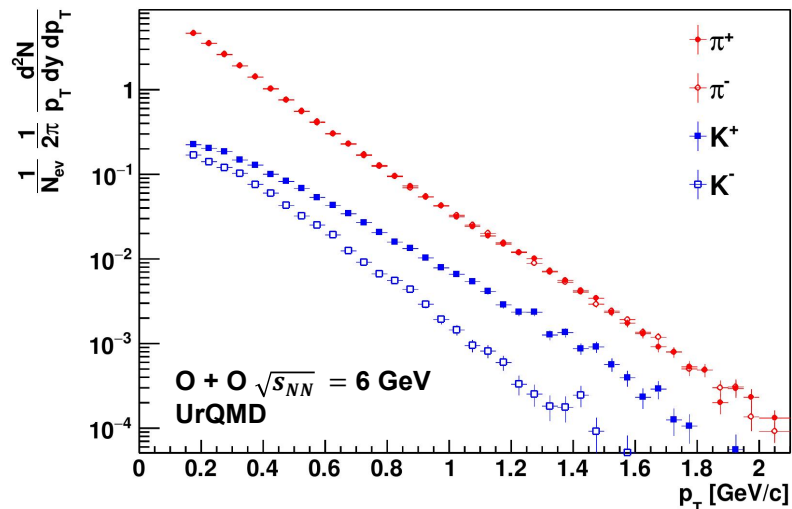
p_T spectra for centrality 10-20%



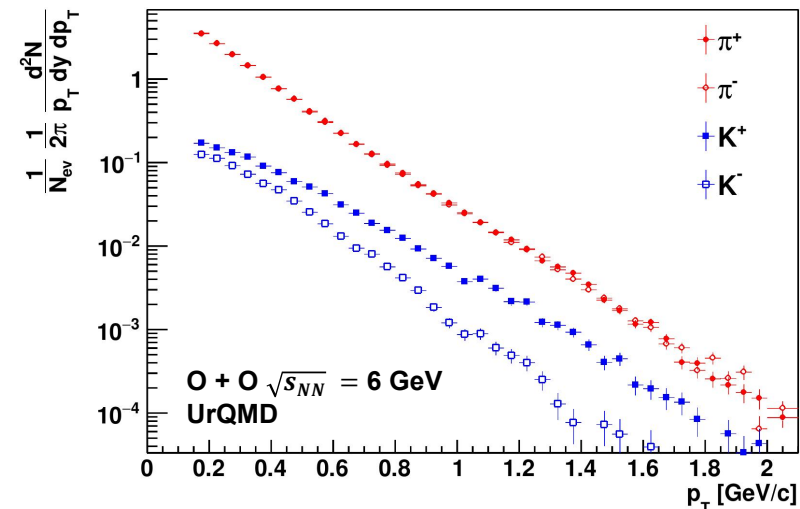
p_T spectra for centrality 20-30%



p_T spectra for centrality 30-40%



p_T spectra for centrality 40-50%



Data & Cuts

System: O + O $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6$ GeV

UrQMD, statistics: $\sim 7 \times 10^6$ events

Track cuts:

- $|y| < 0.1$
- $|\eta| < 0.5$
- $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c

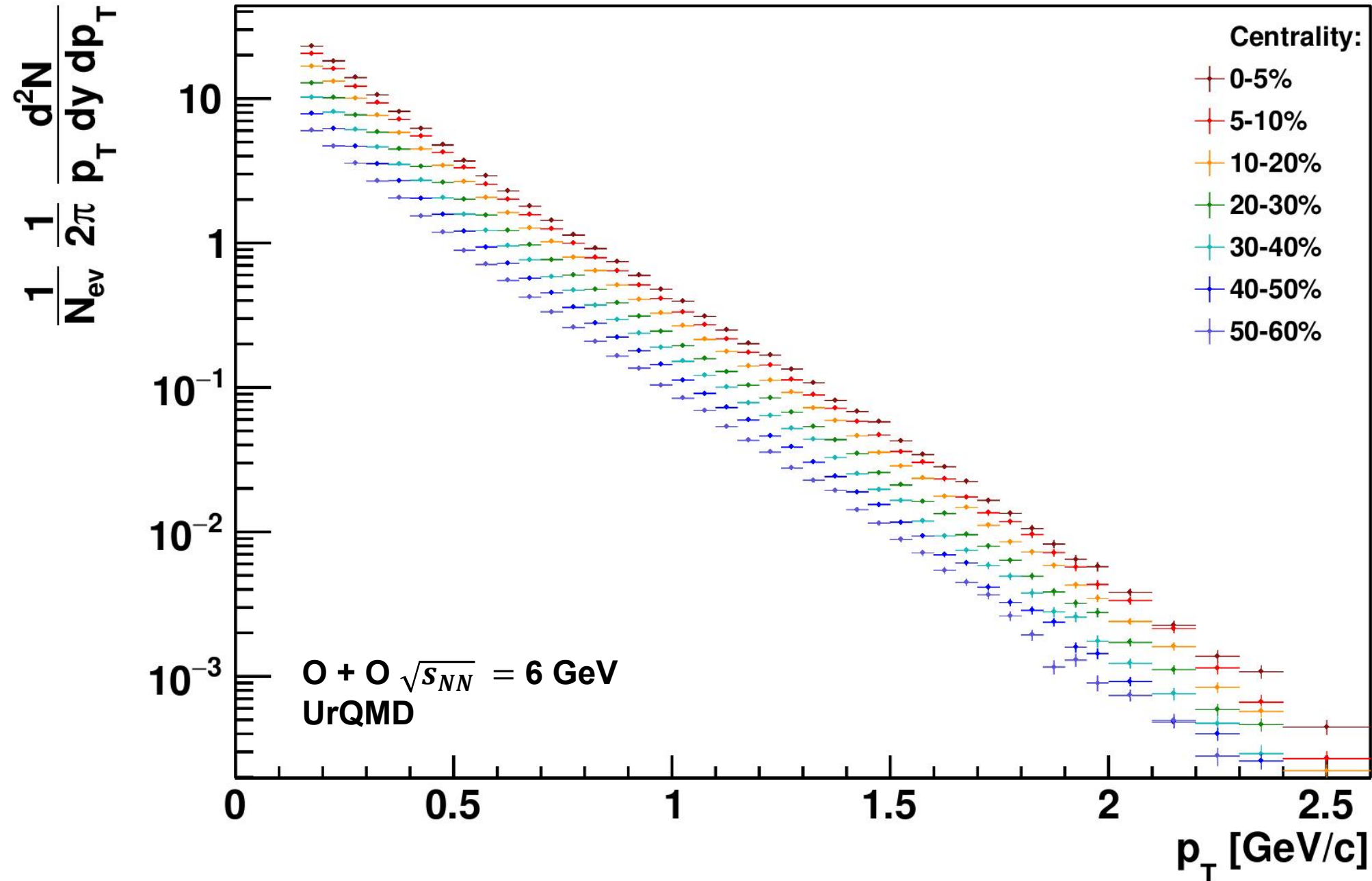
Centrality is calculated using reference multiplicity ($|\eta| < 0.5$, $p_T > 0.15$ GeV/c)

Сейчас пойдут спектры, полученные при определении центральности столкновений другими способами:

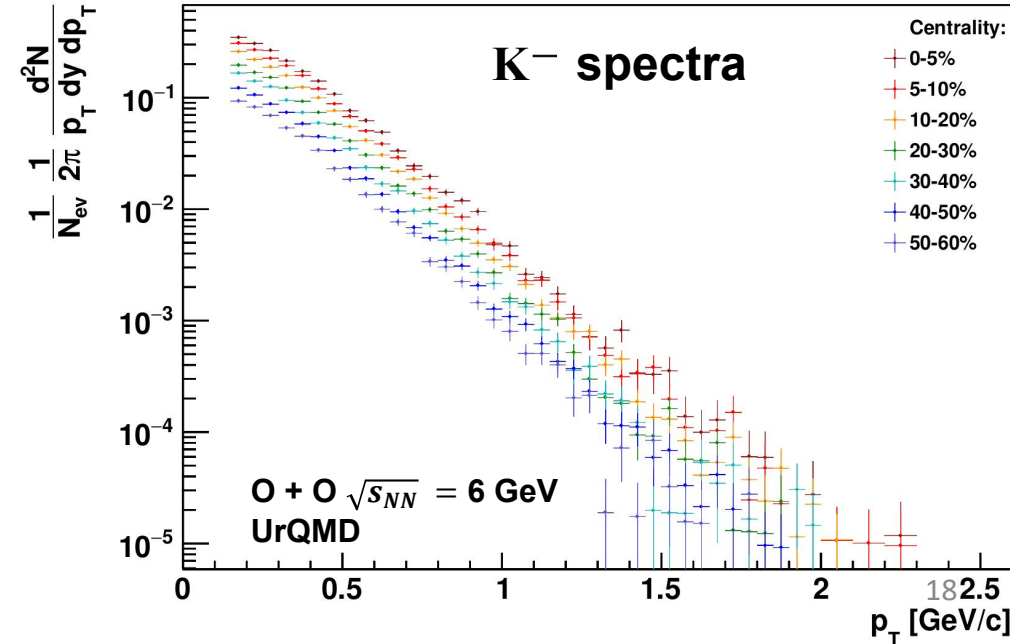
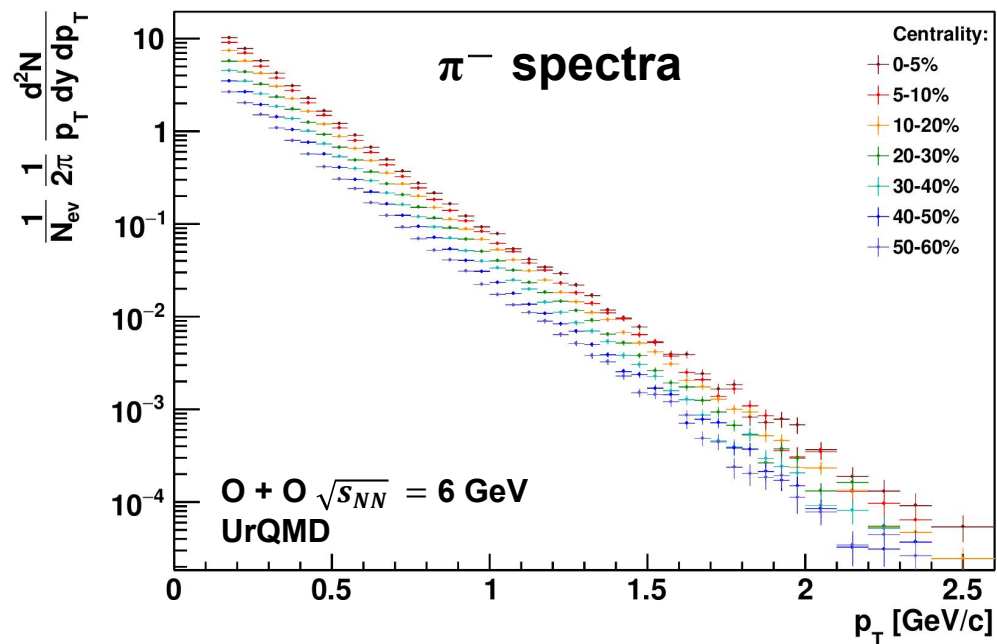
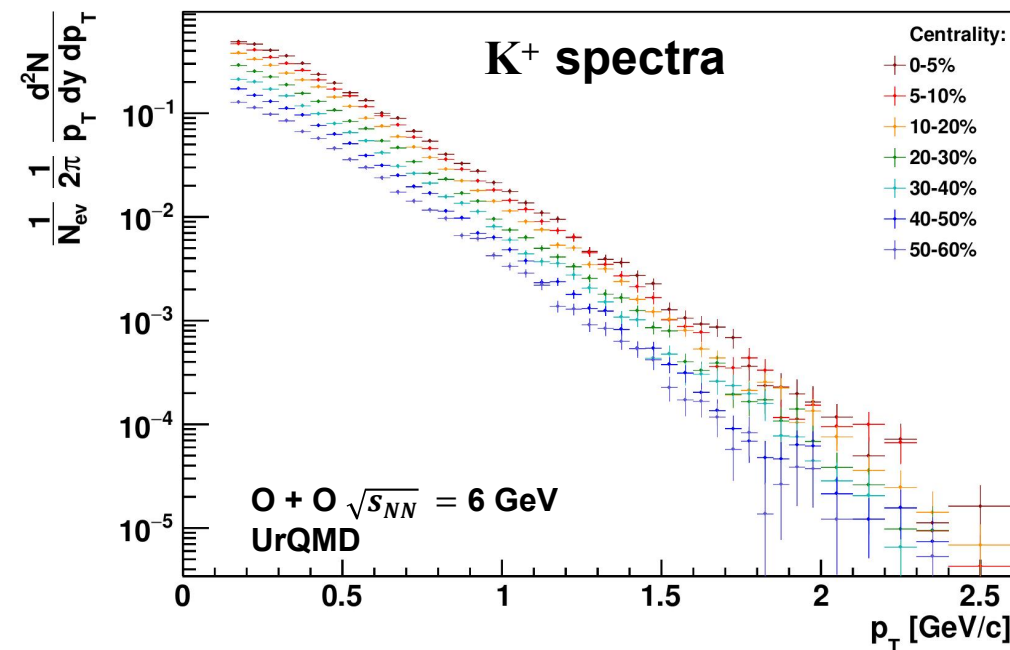
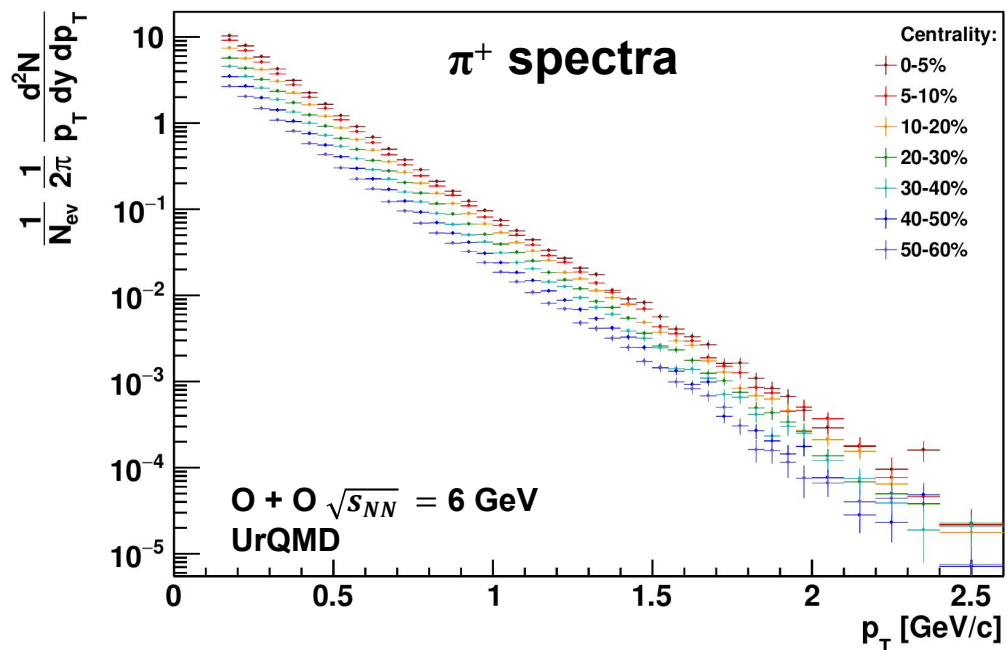
1) относительная множественность, но для $|\eta| < 0.5$

2) прицельный параметр

Charged hadron spectra for different centrality classes (ImpactPar)

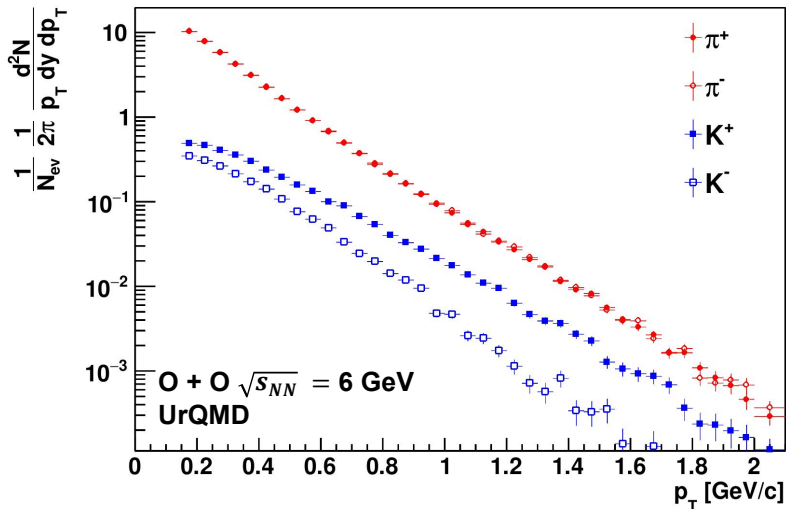


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes (ImpactPar)

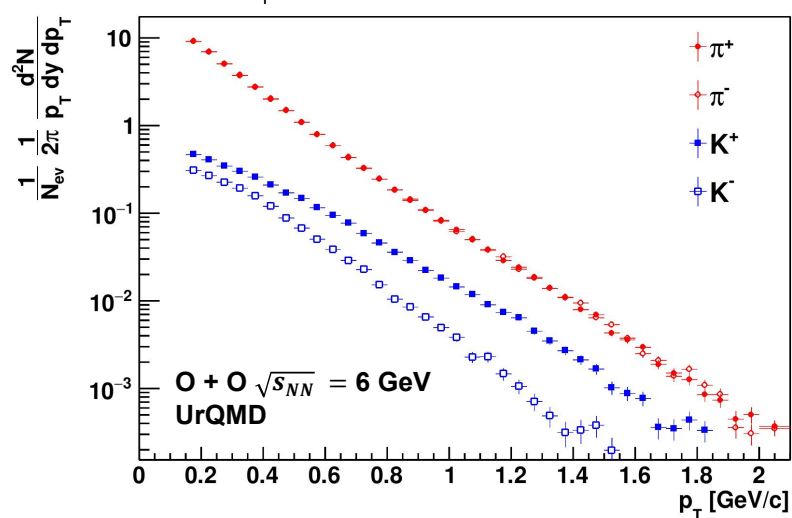


Identified hadron spectra for different centrality classes

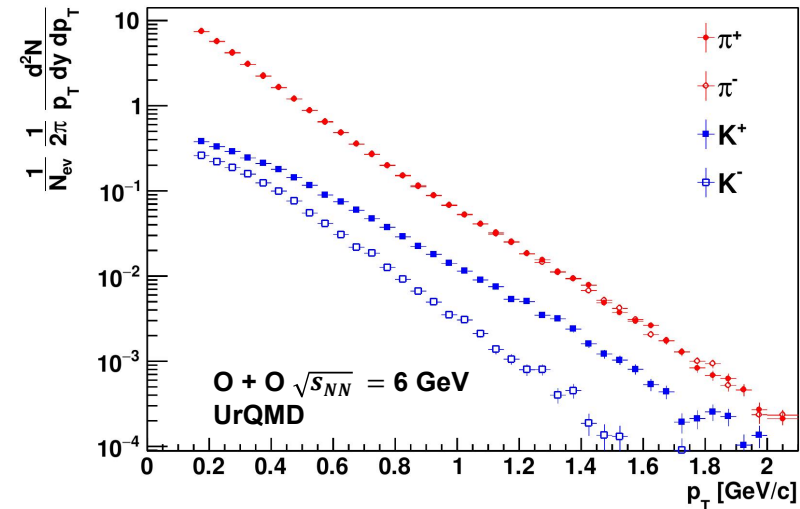
p_T spectra for centrality 0-5%



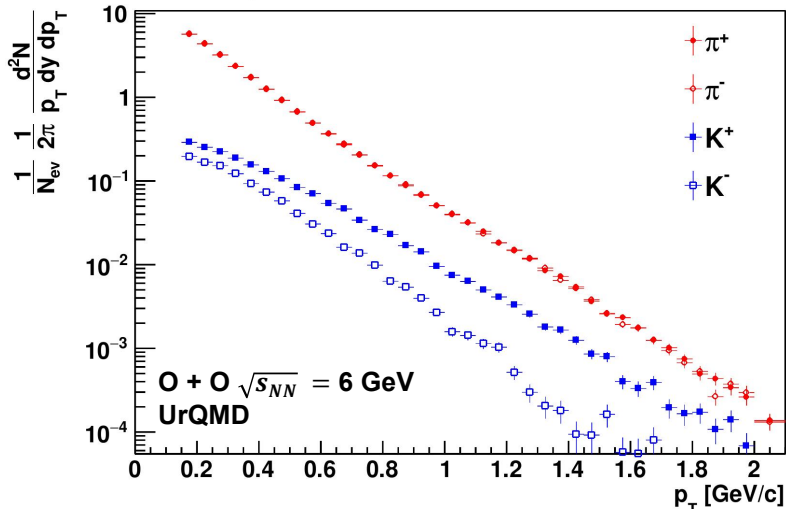
p_T spectra for centrality 5-10%



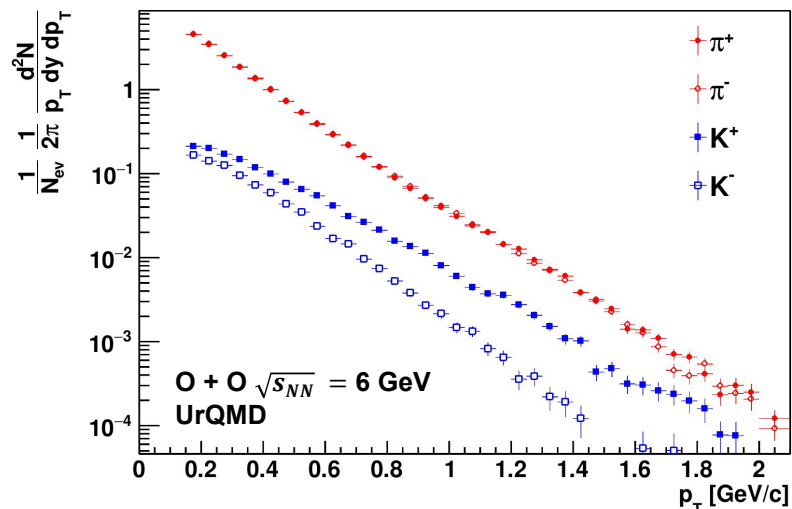
p_T spectra for centrality 10-20%



p_T spectra for centrality 20-30%



p_T spectra for centrality 30-40%



p_T spectra for centrality 40-50%

